B·S·A
Perfect in every part bicycle.
Price reduced to Rs. 267 nett.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
BOMBAY & POONA.

# The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
Popular Gents Roadster cycle complete.
Price reduced to Rs. 162 nett.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
BOMBAY & POONA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1918.

VOL. XII NO. 93 BOMBAY FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1924. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

| Date | Steamer | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 19th Apr. | DONGOLA | MALOJA x | 20,700 |
| 26th „ | MACEDONIA | | 11,082 |
| 3rd May | DELTA .. | CHINA * | 7,952 |
| 10th „ | MANTUA.. | | 10,902 |
| 17th „ | DONGOLA | MONGOLIA x | 16,388 |
| 24th „ | CALEDONIA .. | | 7,622 |
| 31st „ | DELTA .. | NARKUNDA x | 16,227 |
| 7th June | KAISAR-I-HIND .. | | 11,430 |
| 14th „ | DONGOLA | KHIVA * | 9,097 |
| 21st „ | NALDERA | | 15,993 |
| 28th „ | DELTA .. | MOLDAVIA x .. | 16,277 |
| 5th July | MACEDONIA | | 11,089 |
| 12th „ | CHINA .. | MOREA * | 10,911 |
| 19th „ | DELTA .. | | 8,097 |
| 26th „ | CALEDONIA.. | MOOLTAN x | 20,847 |

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
X Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS,
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

| Date about | Steamer. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| 7nd May | DOMALA .. .. | 8,441 |
| 23rd „ | MASHOBRA .. | 8,324 |
| 13th June | DURENDA * .. | 7,241 |
| 11th July | MERKARA .. .. | 8,285 |
| 25th „ | MODASA .. .. | 8,986 |

* Cargo vessel only, will not convey passengers.

P. AND O. SAILINGS BOMBAY
TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 19th April | ALIPORE† | .. | 5,273 |
| 29th „ | SICILIA‡ | .. | 6,813 |
| 30th „ | KIDDERPORE* | .. | 5,334 |
| 10th May | PERIM* | .. | 7,648 |
| 26th „ | SOUDAN§ | .. .. | 6,696 |
| 7th July | SICILIA § | .. .. | 6,813 |
| 28th „ | SOUDAN§ | .. .. | 6,696 |

§ Proceeds as far as Shanghai only.
* Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers.
† Calls at Shanghai.
‡ Connects at Colombo with MOLDAVIA to Australia.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS,
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

| Date about | Steamers. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|
| 19th April | VASNA .. | Busreh viaK'chi. 8 a m. |
| 19th „ | CHAKLA .. | Karachi via K'war 9-30 a. m. |
| 21st „ | VITA .. | Karachi via K'war |
| 23rd „ | BANDRA .. | Busreh via K'chi & P. Gulf Ports |
| 30th „ | KARAGOLA | East & S. Africa. |

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 122

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE LIMITED
AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA,
P. O. Box 168.
Telephone No. 1220.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE
TO JAPAN VIA
SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| Steamer | Commander | Tons | Arrival | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| * Tamba Maru | N. Wada | 5845 | 16thApr. | 24th April. |
| Genoa Maru | N. Egawa. | 6735 | 15th „ | 29th „ |
| *Sado Maru | L. Nirei | 5898 | 28th „ | 12th May. |
| Malacca Maru | M. Tani. | 5874 | 13th May | 1st June. |
| Nagato Maru | | 5901 | 28th „ | 11th „ |

* Passenger Steamer.
REVISED PASSAGE FARES.

| For:—Class | 1st Class | 2nd Class | European Steerage | 3rd Class with food | 3rd Class without food |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Singapore | 300 | 210 | 153 | 105 | 84 |
| Hongkong | 490 | 270 | 203 | 135 | 108 |
| Shanghai | 540 | 360 | 240 | 160 | 128 |
| Kobe | 615 | 380 | 285 | 190 | 152 |

For revised Passage tariff apply to:—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 20279 Telegrams "YUSEN."

THE
SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD
FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN:—
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi via., Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via coast ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta according to demand.
For freights and other particulars apply to:
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

THE EAST & WEST INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
ATTRACTIVE SCHEMES WITH GUARANTEED BONUS.
Moderate Premia.
SPEEDY SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.
AGENTS WANTED.
For particulars apply to the
SECRETARIES.
65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.,
Total Assets exceed Rs. 2,10,00,000
Annual Income exceeds Rs. 39,00,000
New Business exceeds Rs. 71,00,000
Low Premiums. Liberal Conditions
Worldwide Policies.
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.
*Managers.*

INSURANCE.

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY.
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA

Growing by Millions
1923

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| New Business - | 156 | Millions |
| Business in Force | 788 | „ |
| Income - - - | 36 | „ |
| Assets - - - | 141 | „ |

The amount set aside for the payment of Dividends to Policyholders in 1924 is the largest in the history of the Company.

Write for a copy of Annual Report.
Universal Building;
COWASJI PATEL STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
M. KANJI & Co.,
GENERAL AGENTS.

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY,
DO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
(Head Office:) 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.)
A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN MANAGED BY INDIANS.
Apply for particulars to:—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Telephone No. 1220.

THE VENUS PROVIDENT INSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.,
DELHI.
Advances Loan from Rs. 500 and upwards to Share Holders. Every holder of 5 shares of Rs. 10 each gets Rs. 500 without interest. Repayable by monthly instalment of Rs. 10 only. Scheme will operate after 500 members have joined which are pouring every day. For Rules and agency apply with one anne stamp to the Managing Agents (Loan Department).

The Bengal Insurance And Real Property Co., Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE :—12, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.
BOMBAY OFFICE :—46, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
C. I. OFFICE:—17, Sikh Mohalla, INDORE, C. I.
A PROGRESSIVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The only Company to provide houses for its policy-holders under its Housing Scheme.
ALL UP-TO-DATE LIFE INSURANCE PLANS.
GUARANTEED BONUS.
AUTOMATIC
NON-FOR FEITURE.
PERSONAL DISABILITY ADVANTAGES.
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.
Investment Bonds a speciality.
WANTED.— AGENTS for every district head-quarter in Bombay Presidency or C. I. and Rajputana. Good terms offered to really capable men.
*APPLY TO RESPECTIVE BRANCH OFFICES.*

OUTFITS FOR EUROPE

We have nearly 50 years' experience in preparing Outfits.

OUR STOCK
is bought to suit the purse of the POOR STUDENT or the wants of a WEALTHY PRINCE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Dress Suits .. .. .. | From | Rs. | 125 |
| Blue Serge Suits .. .. | „ | Rs. | 75 |
| Grey Saxony Suits .. .. | „ | Rs. | 75 |
| Good Warm Cheviot Suits .. | „ | Rs. | 65 |
| Overcoats Warm .. .. | „ | Rs. | 125 |
| Smart Zephyr Shirts 6 .. .. | For | Rs. | 35 |
| Soft Dress Shirts 6 .. .. | „ | Rs. | 45 |
| Warm Wool Socks 6 .. .. | „ | Rs. | 18 |
| Warm Dressing Gowns .. .. | From | Rs. | 30 |

Warm Vests, Drawers, Rugs, also Trunks, Suit Cases, etc., at moderate prices.

HOAR & Co.,
TRAVELLERS' OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

C. P. CEMENT

"SWASTIKA" Brand
is the
Finest Cement made in India

This Cement is Manufactured at the LARGEST and MOST-UP-TO-DATE FACTORY in INDIA.
It is now being used by the Calcutta Port Commissioners for the construction of King George's Dock.

TRIAL SOLICITED
for Government Tests and other particulars

*Apply to*
Messrs. SHAPOORJI PALLONJI & Co.,
70, Medows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Messrs. BAKUBHAI AMBALAL & Co.,
Motilal Hirabhai's Market, Opposite Railway Station,
AHMEDABAD.

BANKING.

## THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane, Fort—BOMBAY.

Branches:—Girgaum and Poona City.

Assets exceed Rs. 40,00,000/-

**SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.**

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.

DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
*Managing Director.*

## THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 74,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Batavia | Kobe | San Francisco |
| Bombay | London | Seattle |
| Buenos Aires | Los Angelos | Samarang |
| Calcutta | Lyons | Shanghai |
| Canton | Manila | Singapore |
| Changchun | Nagasaki | Shimonoseki |
| Darien | Newchwang | Sourabaya |
| Fengtien | New York | Sydney |
| Hamburg | Nagoya | Tientsin |
| Hankow | Osaka | Tokyo |
| Harbin | Peking | Tsinan |
| Hongkong | Rangoon | Tsingtau |
| Honolulu | Rio de Janeiro | Vladivostok |
| Kai Yuan | Saigon | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

H. YAMAZAKI,
Manager,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

Post Box No. 907.

## THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital ... Rs. 1,19,70,000
Paid-up Capital ... Rs. 59,85,000
(30-9-23).

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—
Interest allowed at
3 per cent per annum from January to June.
2½ per cent per annum from July to December.

FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking Business Transacted.

Managing Agents:—

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

## THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Capital | Authorised | 1,00,00,000 |
| Capital | Issued | 50,00,000 |
| Capital | Subscribed | 50,00,000 |
| Capital | Paid up to 31/12/23 | 27,40,325 |
| Reserve Fund | | 21,50,000 |

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar | Hafizabad | Multan City |
| Amballa City | Hoshiarpur | Montgomery |
| Amballa Cant. | Hyderabad (Sind) | Okara (Dist. Montgomery) |
| Bombay | Jullundur | Peshawar City |
| Cawnpore | Jammu | Patiala |
| Calcutta | Jhelum City | Quetta |
| Delhi | Karachi | Rawalpindi |
| D. I. Khan | Kasur | Sargodha |
| Ferozepore | Lahore City | Sialkot |
| Gujranwalla | Lyallpur | Srinagar |
| [illegible] | Ludhiana | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

## THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

## THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E. C., 3.

BRANCHES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Amara | Colombo |
| Baghdad | Hillah |
| Bahrein | Karachi |
| Basrah | Madras |
| Bombay | Mosul |
| Calcutta | |

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorised Capital ..... | £2,000,000 |
| Paid-up Capital ..... | £1,000,000 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | £ 900,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... | £1,000,000 |

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

## HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

| | |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... | $50,000,000 |
| ISSUED AND FULLY PAID-UP ... | $20,000,000 |
| RESERVE FUND STERLING ..... | £ 4,500,000 |
| SILVER ..... | $25,500,000 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ..... | $20,000,000 |

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE:
8, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
40, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Hongkong | Rangoon |
| Bangkok | Ipoh | Sangon |
| Batavia | Johore | San Francisco |
| Calcutta | Kobe | Shanghai |
| Canton | Kuala Lumpur | Singapore |
| Chefoo | Lyons | Sourabaya |
| Colombo | Malacca | Sungei Patani |
| Dairen | Manila | Tientsin |
| Foochow | Nagasaki | Tsingtau |
| Haiphong | New York | Vladivostock |
| Hamburg | Peking | Yloilo |
| Harbin | Penang | Yokohama |
| Hankow | | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED and BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the world.

GENERAL BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

E. E. HYND,
Agent.

BANKING.

## ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
(Affiliated with the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.)

| | |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... | Rs. 40,00,000 |
| CAPITAL CALLED UP ..... | Rs. 25,50,000 |
| RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ..... | Rs. 33,50,000 |
| CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividends, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments, etc. ..... | Rs. 6,00,000 |

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.
BRANCHES:
Allahabad, Bombay, Bareilly, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lahore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussooree, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna and Rangoon.
SUB-AGENCIES:
Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park, Lucknow, Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chaudausi, Fyzabad, Hapur, Hathras, Lucknow City Office, Lyallpur, Moradabad, Muttra, Rae Bareli, Sitapur and Shajahanpur.
CORRESPONDENTS.—In all the principal Towns throughout India.
LONDON BANKERS.—The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent, allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for long or short period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Small sums received. Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government paper and other securities purchased and sold, the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash credits granted.
Currency Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundis are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.

Bombay Branch:
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

## THE ZENITH LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Managing Agents:—
H. M. MEHTA & CO.

Various Schemes to meet all requirements of Life Assurance.
ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
PROTECTION AGAINST FORFEITURE.
Deposit made with the Government of India for the Special Security of Policy holders.
RATES OF PREMIUMS VERY LOW.
For Prospectus, etc.,
Please apply to:—

D. B. CHOKSI,
Secretary,
123, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Influential and Energetic AGENTS WANTED on liberal terms.

## LIFE ASSURANCE

IS A NECESSITY AND

## COSTS NOTHING

All your money comes back to you on maturity with liberal Bonus additions.

*Write to:—*

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LD
67, Apollo St., Fort.

## DO YOU WANT TO SAVE YOUR INCOME TAX?

YOU CAN SAVE IF YOU CONSULT

## Parekh & Company

Incorporated Certified Accountants, Public Accountants and Auditors, Income Tax Experts
*OFFICES:—*
(1) M. P. Baria Building, Pydhony.
(2) Victoria Buildings, Parsee Bazaar, Fort, Bombay. (Opp. Income Tax Office.)

## THE BEST HOUSE IN BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

for Swadeshi-made Confectionery such as Acid drops, Lemon drops, Raspberry drops, Sugared Almonds and Almond Rock. Packed in 7lb. tins and glass jars at wholesale rates.

DR. D. WRITER & CO.,
Brand-tablet Manufacturers of Quinine—Bs. Purgative and Confectioner
CORNER GRANT ROAD—BOMBAY No 7

## DR. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR.

The WELL-KNOWN DIABETES SPECIALIST, who has been doing immense good to the suffering public after his return from Native country where he had gone for change of climate, has resumed his practice at his former residence. Patients awaiting and requiring his treatment for the complete and perfect cure of the dire disease, "Diabetes" may not lose this rare opportunity, as his stay will be limited.

Of the numerous certificates, the following are a few of the testimonials:—

Mr. N. K. OKA, Headmaster Mun. A. V. School, Dongri, Bombay, writes on 29th November:—"I have much pleasure in writing that I am completely cured of my diabetes by Dr. Iyengar's treatment. I had been suffering from Diabetes since last four years and tried many medicines and also milk diet without any effect. I then tried Dr. Iyengar's treatment, which as every week passed, brought on gradually reduction in sugar and also the specific gravity, which at the commencement of the treatment were nearly 6 per cent. and 1039 respectively. After the complete course, sugar was reduced to nil and sp.gr. 1020. I should like to recommend the suffering public Dr. Iyengar's infallible cure of Diabetes, which I am sure will give relief to any diabetic patients."

Consultation hours:—8 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

Address:—GHIA BUILDING, Khetwady Main Road, opp. Post Office, Girgaum, Bombay. (4)

## NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.

BANKERS.
NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-MAATSCHAPPY.
Incorporated in Holland.
ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1824.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Fully paid up Capital ... | F80,000,000 | £6,666,666 |
| Reserve Funds ..... | 42,429,181 | £3,535,765 |

HEAD OFFICE AT AMSTERDAM (Holland).
Agencies at ROTTERDAM and THE HAGUE
HEAD AGENCY AT BATAVIA.
BRANCHES.
DUTCH EAST INDIES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Semarang | Djember | Pekalongan |
| Sourabaya | Djocja | Pontianak |
| Modan | Kota Radja | Solo |
| Bandjermasin | Macassar | Tegal |
| Bandoeng | Padang | Tjilatjap |
| Cheribon | Palembang | Weltevredon |

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—Singapore, Penang.
BRITISH INDIA.—Calcutta, Bombay, Rangoon.
JAPAN:—Kobe.
CHINA:—Shanghai, Hongkong.
LONDON BANKERS.—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance up to Rs. 1,00,000.—If the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT DRAFTS issued on the above Agencies, the Principal Continental places, South Africa, America and Australia.
Every description of Banking, Exchange and Bullion business transacted.
BOMBAY OFFICE—82, ESPLANADE ROAD.

L. J. S. VAN LEEUWEN,
Agent.

## AMICHAND GOVANJI.

THE OLDEST AND MOST POPULAR CONFECTIONER'S DEPOT IN INDIA.
ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY AGO.
Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 670.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificates:—
Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street E. C.
We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.
(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

LADWAS (sweet balls) of various description and sizes.
SUTTERFENNY (a fluid of threadlike round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
HALWAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva or (Viv), (b) Saffron Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Venila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.
All orders executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.
No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot, bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.
No V. P. P. will receive our attention.
The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

## BE MAN

PHYSICALLY.....of Stability
INTELLECTUALLY .....of Veracity
MORALLY.....of Activity
SOCIALLY.....of Humility
SPIRITUALLY.....of Integrity

But

nothing is possible, when Mind and Body together are in a deteriorated Condition Ask us for a Free Booklet and it will make a man of you

VAIDY SHASTRI
MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI.

## Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,

Kalbadevi Road,
BOMBAY.

## "HOW TO BECOME A QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT."

Being indispensable to Accountancy Students and others desirous to know the requirements of Accountancy Profession of India you should own a copy at once. Pages 200.

Price Re. 1-14-0 net. By V. P. P.
1 Copy Rs. 2-3-0. 2 copies Rs. 4-2-0
Six copies Rs. 9-12-0.

Apply S. A. SHARANGDHAR.
79 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

DON'T BE PUZZLED.
INSIST ON HAVING ONLY
S. C. CEAL'S

## INK TABLETS

which are brilliant and non-corrosive, cheap and best. Free samples to school-masters and merchants. Blue, Black, Violet and Green with fancy tin box. Each kind 15 annas per gross. Red Rs. 1-6 per gross.

AGENTS WANTED.

SARAT CHANDRA SEAL.
15-3, Lakshmi Datt's Lane.

Art is Admired Everywhere.

## ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.

MERCHANT TAILORS,
(Princess Street, BOMBAY.)
Have elevated their Tailoring to an Art.

PRICES REDUCED.

All kinds of stove Price have been reduced and Selling Primus No. 100 (folding) Stove complete for Rs. 9 only. Postage extra

D. R. WAGLE, STOVE SPECIALIST
Tram Terminus, Girgaum.

THE FAMOUS GOLD WRIST "LIGA" WATCHES

KEEP TIME TO THE VERY MINUTE
SOLD UNDER VALUE REFUND GUARANTEE

At Prices unobtainable elsewhere
Illustrated Catalogue sent on request

## CADER & Co. Ltd.

York House, Fort, Colombo.

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

The Ideal Cooker for the house: Apply for free catalogue.

Annapurna Cooker Co.
No. B/01, P. O. Thalakwadi, Belgaum.
Bombay agents: G. S. Ranade and Co. Girgaum Tram Road, opp. Govt. Stables.

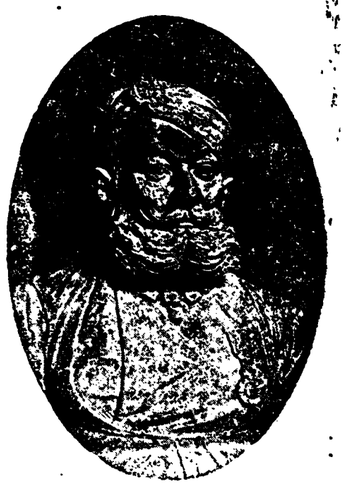
HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.

ELECTRIC

FANS
FIXTURES
ACCESSORIES
KETTLES, IRONS, ETC.

THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

# Mhatre's Art Studio.



Photograph of the Memorial bust of the late
RAI PANNALALJI MEHTA.
C. I. E., Dewan of Udaipur State.

(by G. K. Mhatre.)

Works in Marble and Bronze Statues both Ideal and Memorial as well as Portraits, Designs, etc. executed to order.

Proprietor:—
G. K. MHATRE,
Sculptor.
Sandhurst Bridge, Chowpaty.
BOMBAY 7.

By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR-GENERAL of PORTUGUESE INDIA.

## J. DIAS & BROS.

PROFESSIONAL CIVIL, MILITARY and NAVAL TAILORS.
and
GENTS. COMPLETE OUTFITTERS.
173, Princess Street, BOMBAY.

Offer during the H. S. SEASON to those who follow the trend of Fashion the following:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Superior Corded Silk Suit 3 for Rs 125/. | 60-0-0 |
| Superior Tussore Suit 3 for Rs. 65/8. | 24-8-0 |
| White Office Suit 3 for Rs. 37/8. | 12-8-0 |
| Superior Cambric Shirt 6 for Rs. 30/. | 7-8-0 |
| White Office Trouser 6 for Rs. 25/. | 4-8-0 |

Suit tailored in any of the latest London, Continental or American Styles. CUT, MAKE AND TRIM GUARANTEED.

Just for COST PRICE a limited stock of Beautiful

## AMRUTANJAN

EXERCISE NOTE BOOKS.
(10 lb. Glazed Paper)
Ruled and Unruled—40, 64, 80, pages
40 p. 1 Gross 6-12 0, 64 P. 1 Gross 10-8-0
80 P. 1 Gross 13-8-0.
Bound Note Book—Ruled and Unruled 1, 1½ & 2 quires.
1 Quire Bound Doz. 3-6-0. 1½ Quire Doz. 4-8-0, 2 Quires Doz. 5-10-0.
N. B.—Only wholesale Stationers may apply.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOT:
7, Thumbu Chetty Street, MADRAS.

## CURE YOUR EYE

Diseases any kind, Cataract, Glaucoma Iritis Stye, Watery eye, Corneal, Ulcer, Redness, etc., (without knife) by our LOTUS HONEY. SAFE remedy of nature, 1dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4, Postage extra. Ask for free particulars to:—NEW FORMULA CO. Kandi, Bengal, India (Dep. 5.).

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

# CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

FIRST 20 WORDS ONE RUPEE.

Every additional word—ONE ANNA.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number The words "apply Box No.....Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A competent ACCOUNTANT for the Khilafat Press. Apply Mr. OSMAN SOBANI c/o this Paper.
A

WANTED—A COMMERCIAL TEACHER for a High School in Punjab, salary according to qualifications, apply sharp, to THE MANAGER, ORIENTAL SERVICE BUREAU, DELHI.
A R10223

WANTED—A HINDU CLERK with knowledge of Shorthand and Typewriting. Salary Rs. 50 or according to qualifications. Apply to: THE POPULAR PHARMACY, Grant Road.
A R10279

WANTED—Influential and respectable AGENTS, all over the districts of the presidency to represent the Unique Assurance Company, Ltd., Calcutta, on liberal terms. For particulars apply to:—G. K. SUBBIAH, Chief Agent, Shroff Buildings, Parel, Bombay 12.
A 19360

WANTED. One MECHANIC, knowing electric work and one mine expert, experienced men accustomed to States preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating salary required to FINANCE MINISTER, Jaora State.
A 19463

WANTED.—Qualified ASSISTANT SURGEON of any recognised University, D.P.H. preferred as Health Officer on one year's probation and pay Rs. 200—10—300. Apply up to 22nd April, 1924 to SECRETARY, Municipal Committee, Jubbulpore, stating age, present and past services and Sanitary training.
A 19391

WANTED—A MANAGER, who has a thorough knowledge of piece-goods and sundries wholesale and retail for the Stores. Salary according to qualifications. The application will be received by the undersigned upto 30th April, 1924. Secretary, the Swadeshi Stores Ltd., Burma, 15, Barr Street, Rangoon.
A 19412

B. B. AND C.I. RAILWAY—WANTED on temporary establishment, three TRACERS, having good experience in Railway Engineering Offices. Pay from Rs. 45 to 80 according to qualifications plus 15 per cent Bombay Allowance. Apply in writing to the SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, Construction, B.B. and C.I. Railway, Church Gate, Bombay.
A 19423

SPECIAL REDUCTION for a short time only in Typewriting and Shorthand Fees. Unique advantage to those desirous of learning Pitman's Phonetic Shorthand and Touch Typewriting. Do investigate. General Speed Practice Class every morning. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 259-261, Hornby Road, Opp. Messrs. Cox & Co., Fort, Bombay.
A WS

MONEY! GOOD MONEY!—Is the one study and aim in life of the generality of mankind. Earn it. Become rich. Our Correspondence Course in SOAP-MAKING in your hands, can be made to yield thousands of rupees. Sensational, wonderful new processes. No business can be started so easily and with so little a capital, and grow so rapidly. Huge profits. Hundreds of testimonials. Generous terms. Enclose -/3/- stamp. HAWAID COLLEGE, S. M., 2, Rawalpindi. A

WANTED by a well-established Indian Insurance Company, CHIEF AGENT for Deccan and also for Central Provinces. Apply to Box No. 500, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A

WANTED:—SECRETARIES for new Branch offices of an established Insurance Company, (started in 1908) to be opened at Poona, Surat and Goa. Decent remuneration for decent and capable persons. Security of one to two thousand rupees, in cash or in the shares of the Company essential. Those who are in a position to form, at these stations, a local Board of Directors of respectable people would be given preference. Lady canvassers also required. Good terms. Apply to Box No. 154, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10126

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A BILL CLERK in an Attorney's office. Apply stating salary and qualifications to Box No. 192, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle."
A R10269

WANTED—Influential Local Brokers to sell shares of a well managed electric concern on commission basis. Apply to Box No. 181, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10245

WANTED—An experienced ACCOUNTANT for a Moussil Mill. Apply with copies of certificates to Box No. 201, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R10231

SHORTHAND TYPIST, must be really efficient wanted immediately. Temporary appointment only. Apply SECRETARY, Retrenchment Inquiry Municipal Offices, between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. (ST.).
A 19476

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL REPRESENTATIVES for the Nagpur Pioneer Insurance Co., Ltd., Head Office, Nagpur, on salary or commission, or both.—Apply to the MANAGING AGENTS.
A 18736

WANTED—An ENGRAVER to engrave dies and punches for metal stamping presses. Applicant should see personally, Messrs. C. M. MITHA AND SONS, 504, Kansara Chawl, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
A R10268

WANTED—Energetic Canvassers FOR SALE of shares in a profitable and safe business dealing in Printing and Publishing of books of Mahomedan interest. For terms apply to the SUFI PRINTING AND PUBLISHING CO., LTD., Pindi Bahaud Din, Punjab.
A R10263

WANTED—One competent MECHANICAL third class or second class ENGINEER, who can control labour and manage the whole Factory He must combine in himself the duties of an Engineer as well as Manager. He must be a good Machinist and also be able to bring new labour whenever required. Salary Rs. 60-10-100. Only men with the above qualifications need apply with copies of testimonials to THE GUJARAT ISLAM MATCH MFG., CO., LTD., Ahmedabad.
A 19470

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A POST of a BILL COLLECTOR, moderate pay and best references. Write Pandit 9, 1st Parelwada, Post No. 4.
B 10255

## HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO BE LET—At New Nagpada, 2nd Peer Khan Street, Mistry Building, separate BLOCKS on 3 years' lease terms. Apply SAYED MAHOMED MISTRY, Nesbatpura road, Bombay No. 9.
C R10110

TO LET and FOR SALE—Splendid Houses and Lands at Lanowla and Khandala. Apply KHASSIEV DEVMAN MEHTAJI, Lanowla.
C R10217

TO LET—12 sets of furnished quarters, well ventilated, comfortable and commodious. Apply sharp to Messrs. RAIRAM CHHAGANRAM, Contractors, Mount Abu.
C R10146

TO LET—Fort, corner of Cawasji Patel Street, in Lakhani Building and also Lakhani Terrace near Hongkong Bank. Rooms suitable for offices and Residence. Rent Rs. 25/- to 75/-.
C R10270

OPPOSITE MARINE LINES STATION, a very large BLOCK is TO BE LET for high Class Hindus.
C R10173

TO LET—Fort, Apollo Street, British Hotel Lane, No 46 D, near Duke & Sons, in Lakhani Mansions, under construction, ROOMS, suitable for Offices, Godowns, Printing Presses, necessary conveniences or alterations made to meet tenants' requirements.
C R10241

TO LET—MATHERAN "Umrigar Lodge", well furnished six large bedrooms, Drawing-Dining 33" by 23" with outhouses, Rs. 1,200 Apply DOSSABHOY UMRIGAR, Phone 20273.
C R10280

TO LET.—A beautiful house with garden, water laid on, next to the Salsagarhs Railway Station and Cart Road, four miles from Solon Hill. It is a place for those who love Quiet and Solitude. For terms: Apply to:—RAI BAHADUR, L. PANNA LAL, Amballa City.
C 19389

TO BE LET—At 51, Naigaum Road, Dadar, a commodious first floor of Allbless Bungalow, newly white-washed in fancy colours, airy and open on all sides—consisting Drawing, Dining, Dressing, 3 Bed-rooms, cook and bath rooms and a large front verandah. For rent, etc., apply on the premises.
C 19214

TO LET IMMEDIATELY at Hughes Road, an extensive and up-to-date SHOWROOM with basement, best suited for large motor, dress-making and other business requiring first class display, plenty of space for office, conveniences for workshop, if necessary, very moderate rent, immediate occupation. Particulars could be had from T.R. PRATT (Bombay) Ltd. Hughes Road, Bombay.
C 19249

## MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

FOR SALE—One LANCASHIRE BOILER of 30' by 7½' of 160 lbs. pressure of THOMAS BEELEY; and one STEAM ENGINE of HICKS make, of corlish valves with condenser. 20 in. cylinder—48 in. stroke. Apply to Box No. 189, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R10250

## MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—One SULPHUR COLOUR JIGGER 63 to 65" wide in perfect condition. Apply Box No. 197 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N R10273

## HOTELS.

### CALCUTTA HOTEL.

MIRZAPUR SQUARE, NORTH CALCUTTA.

IDEAL HOTEL for Indian Ladies and Gentlemen. Charges Rs. 6, Rs. 4 and Rs. 2-8 per diem.

Telegram: "CALHOTEL."

### ALLAHABAD.

CENTRAL HOTEL—Allahabad.

DOUBLE STORIED FIRST CLASS HOTEL under European Supervision, near Railway, Bright, Airy Rooms, every comfort, excellent cuisine, Electric lights and fans. Reasonable charges

Phone 228.

### ST. MORITZ.

SWITZERLAND. THE BELVEDERE.

HIGH-CLASS English Family Hotel Sheet absolutely free, and sunniest situation. Inclusive terms from 12 to 20.

### GRAND HOTEL DE NOAILLE & METROPOLE

MARSEILLE (FRANCE).

The most popular and High class Hotel of Marseilles.

### MONTE CARLO HOTEL WINDSOR

FIRST CLASS ENGLISH HOTEL

CENTRAL HEATING.

Hot and Cold Running Water in every Room.

GAILLARD & PAU.

### HOTEL LOTTI

AN ARISTOCRATIC HOTEL

PARIS—Rue de Castiglione

PARIS

*Adresse Telegraphique:* OTELOTI

HIMALYA HOTEL—Talli-Tal, Naini-Tal just above the Mall or Terminus, overlooking the Lake. A first class hotel on cosmopolitan line. Comfortably furnished rooms. Electric lights and pipe water. Excellent cuisine to suit all tastes. For terms etc., please apply to the MANAGER, Mr. W. N. GANGULEE, M.C.A. (London).
H R10276

## MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—GRAND TABLE PIANO, HAJI EBRAHIM CHAWL, near David Mill, Carroll Rd. Parel, P.O. 13, Address ISRARL.
N R10259

## MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE.—Secondhand English 3 seater FORD, 20 H.P. perfect running order. With accessories. Apply Box No. 198, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA R10274

## PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Complete CENEMATOGRAPH PLANT, one excellent Blackstone Engine with necessary tank and stores; a 5.5 K.W. Dynamo and a 4 H. P. Electric Motor and a brand new Cameragraph for immediate sale. Excellent opportunity for intending Cinema investors and theatre owners. For particulars please apply T. R. BODHANKER, Merchant and Commission Agent, Amaraoti, (Berar.)
G R10218

MAHATMA GANDHI'S CONVALESCENCE at Juhu is sure certificate for sanitation, also Pandit Motilal Nehru staying at Juhu expresses his satisfaction with the coolness of the place, which is owing to the shady palm groves and gently rolling ocean in front. A very desirable plot of 6,500 yards at Juhu, facing the sea and suitable for sanitarium is for sale. Apply Box No. 206, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R10278

## PHOTOGRAPHY.

JAIPUR ART STUDIO, Kalbadevi, Bombay, Photographers and Enlargement Specialists, expert supervision, solicit trial, guarantee satisfaction. Photos taken day and night.
19209

## PROFESSION.

### LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

10,000 PACKETS FREE.

I have arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of my cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission.

LEPROSY AND ITS TREATMENT.

A close study of this treatise will enable even a lay reader to treat cases of leprosy and all forms of skin disease with success without the assistance of a medical man.

Price Rs. 2. V. P. charges As. 5.

Correspondence in Hindi, Urdu, Bengali or English.

PANDIT KRIPARAM,
Nadibagan Lane, Salkia, CALCUTTA.

## EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898.—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects: Book-keeping and Accountancy Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes and all other commercial subjects. Special arrangement for Ladies. Managing Proprietor: GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street, corner Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

REMEMBER that those who DO waste their resources such as time, knowledge, savings, youth strength and character soon become subservient to those who DO NOT. Make up your mind NOW to UTILISE all your ability to the BEST advantage—Here's your Opportunity SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING (New Era Method 2 months' Course) Rs. 6/- per month Accountancy, Law Banking Secretarial Practice, Income Tax Law and Practice, auditing, etc., taught rapidly and perfectly SERVICE GUARANTEED. THE CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED SECRETARIES, Ltd. Examination will be held in June. For full particulars apply by post The PRINCIPAL, LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 283, Hornby Road.
M R10263

## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

### THE STORY OF COCOGEM.

Four Well Printed and Illustrated Books.

Vol. 1.—"Raw Material, Manufacture and Packing."

Vol. 2.—"Advantages and Use".

Vol. 3.—"Cook Book." 90 New Recipes.

Vol. 4.—"As told by Satisfied Customers."

Sent free on request.

Address:—

COCOGEM BOX H, TATAPURAM P.O.
COCHIN STATE.
T 19453

### THE GWALIOR SUN BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

THE GWALIOR CEMENT CO., LTD.,
Navsari Buildings, Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 1989.

Agents for Punjab, Delhi, U.P. and N.W.F. Provinces,

Messrs. BHANAMAL GULZARIMAL,
Chaori Bazaar, Delhi.

ARE YOU DOWN WITH

**Malarial Fever**

EVERY NOW and AGAIN?
There is a mighty good way open RIGHT NOW to be rid of the disease.

**"Neocuro"**

is the reliable GERMAN REMEDY for you.
BURNHAM MACKAY & CO.,
118, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.
AGENTS FOR BOMBAY.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITERS BARGAINS:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Corona Folding New Improved, Latest | 207 |
| Remington Visible | 148 |
| Underwood 3, Rs. 150, Oliver 3 | 75 |
| Oliver No. 5 Rs. 110, No. 9 latest | 175 |
| Empire No. 1 Rs. 90. No. 2 latest | 140 |
| Royal No. 10 latest like New | 165 |
| Rex Visible latest 110. L. C. Smith | 140 |
| Hammond Multiplex Portable like New | 185 |

Ribbons, Carbon Papers. Repairs to All makes.

GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.,
24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
S

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Corona Folding, New Improved Model, ... | 207 |
| Corona Folding No. 3, Rs. 110, 120, 130, 140, | 175 |
| Remington 7, Rs. 75, 2 Cols. 85, 8, 2 Cols, | 75 |
| Oliver 3, Rs. 75, 90, 9, 175, 10, Brief ... | 200 |
| Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, Rs. 190, No. 9 | 225 |
| Multiplex Hammond, 150, Yost 20, New Types ... ... ... | 185 |
| Empire 1, Rs. 90, Mercedes, German Make, | 190 |
| L. C. Smith 2, Rs. 110, 5, 125, 8, 150, ... | 200 |
| Remington 10, 150, 225, Brief, 150, 225, ... | 250 |
| Remington 11, 175, 225, Underwood 5, 150, | 175 |
| Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new, ... | 270 |
| Mahrati Remington 9, 125, Monarch Visible, | 200 |
| Gujerati Remington 9, 160, Monarch Visible | 200 |
| Brand New Yost 20, Latest, any size, ... | 250 |

NICOLLS & COMPANY.
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 21223. S

TENDERS ARE INVITED for laying and Equipment of a Light Railway. Apply for particulars. Capitalists desiring to become partner may also communicate to Box No. 199, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T 19464

IS HEALTH WEALTH?—In advanced middle age how to become free from diseases and youthful without medicine. Apply to G. A. MIRKAR, Mahim, Bombay.
R10282

KASHMIR SUPPLIES—Hand-picked fresh Saffron Rs. 3 per tola; Silk embroidered Vanity Bag Rs. 2-8-0. Pure hive collected Lotus Honey Re. 1 per tola. Real Kashmir embroidered Silk Blouse-piece Rs. 10. Best Donegal Tweeds of soft natural Wool Suit Length Rs. 12, Coat Length Rs. 9. KASHMIR SUPPLIES SYNDICATE, Srinagar.
T R10169

TYPEWRITER PRICES SPECIALLY REDUCED.—Super Grade Factory Rebuilt (like new) Remington Visible Typewriters and Secondhand Remingtons, Underwoods, Olivers, Coronas, and Vernacular Typewriters. A visit will convince you. Also spare parts, Ribbons, Carbons, etc., etc. Repairs a Speciality. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 259-261, Hornby Road, Opp. Messrs. COX & CO., Fort, Bombay.
T S

## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

### PLANTA CASTOR OIL

Manufactured from decorticated seed, odourless and tasteless. No eructation. No hiccup, no griping, no nausea. Price As. 5 for 2½ oz. bottle and Re. 1 for 16 oz. bottle. Sold by all well-known Chemists, etc., V.P.P. sent.

Write PLANTA DRUG MFG. CO., near Parsi Statue, Byculla, Bombay.
T

### HENNA (MENHDHI)

WE are real cultivators of purest HENNA (MENHDHI) and supply leaves and powder at very moderate rates. The ORIENTAL AND OCCIDENTAL CO., Fatehpuri, DELHI.
I 19199

### NEW ARRIVALS.

HAND MADE CRYSTAL GLASS, TABLEWARE BEAUTIFULLY CUT COMPLETE SETS OF 96 PIECES FROM RS. 550.

JEWELLERS, LTD.
Treasure House,
Churchgate St., BOMBAY.

### DWARKA.

"TEMPLE" BRAND

PORTLAND CEMENT

IF you want BEST CEMENT, buy always the above. Superior to all other Indian Brands and Imported Cement Government Tests show marvellous superiority of this Cement. Present this advertisement at our Office for a current year's calender. Apply for further particulars and booklet to

THE DWARKA CEMENT CO., LTD.,
2, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

### TELEPHONES-SECONDHAND.

A large number of second-hand Ericsson magneto telephones for disposal, tested and equal to new. Rs. 40 each.

Apply:
BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LTD.
Telephone Buildings, BOMBAY.
C18798

### NOTIFICATION OF SALE.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD pursuant to the decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction made in Suit No. 400 of 1922, (wherein Hari Sing Nehal Chand is the Plaintiff and Raja Bahadur Raghuji Rao Bhonsle is the Defendant) and bearing date the 30th day of November, 1923, by the Registrar of the said Court in his Sale Room in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of April, 1924, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon the undermentioned Jewelleries namely:—

LOT 1.—An image of SREE RAM CHANDRAJI and Sita carved out of an exceptionally fine quality emerald in one piece on a gold stand. Total weight 332 Rattees.

LOT 2.—An image of SREE LAKSHMANJI carved out of a good quality emerald set in gold. Total weight 320 Rattees.

LOT 3.—An image of SREE BHARATJI carved out of one piece emerald with stand set in gold. Total weight 90 Rattees.

LOT 4.—An image of SREE SATRUGHANJI carved out of one piece emerald with stand set in gold. Total weight 88 Rattees.

LOT 5.—One emerald SHIVA-LINGA set on an engraved emerald stand (Jalahari). Total weight 60 Rattees.

LOT 6.—One diamond SHIVA-LINGA set on a carved emerald stand (Jalahari). Total weight 95 Rattees.

LOT 7.—One two-row NECKLACE nicely matched of 44 exceptionally fine diamond Tabeez and 51 round emerald beads.

The Conditions of Sale may be seen at the office of Messrs. Pugh and Co., the Plaintiff's Attorneys at 10, Old Post Office Street during usual office hours or at the office of the Registrar on any day before the Sale and will be produced at the time of the sale.

PUGH & CO.
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
High Court, O. S.
Calcutta, the 12th March, 1924.

M. RENFRY.
Registrar.

ADVERTISEMENT.

These rare and antique articles of jewellery form a portion of the family collection of the Bhonsle Rulers of Nagpur. They go back to the time of the Peshwas and even earlier and are of very great Historic Value apart from their artistic interest which is inestimable. They are among the finest specimens of the Gem-Cutter's Art in any country, and are unique in Indian Art. Some of the stones are of very fine quality and themselves possess an intrinsic value apart from their workmanship.

GIRIN SEN
Defendant's Attorney.
C 19260

### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Osaka Shosen Kaisha's steamer "Atlas Maru" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 17th of April from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo and are requested to send their Bills of Lading to this office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge and for cargo in bags within three days after discharge. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunny. Messrs. Ericson and Richards Company's Surveyors will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. The Bills for claims are requested to send to this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### NOTICE.

CONTRACT for electric lights more 309 lamps in the Dohad Municipal area will be given by public auction on 1st May, 1924, at 3 p.m. in the Municipal Office. Contractors should present themselves on the day when the conditions will be read.

PRESIDENT,
Dohad Municipality.
C18429

### NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for public information that the five Shares Nos. 3674 to 5658 of the Morvi Bank, Ltd., standing in my name are LOST. Anyone dealing with these is personally responsible.

HARIDAS NAGJI VORA.
Bhuleshwar.
Cathedral Street, No. 41/43.
19239

### NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the public that under Section 319 of the Municipal Act Wadi Bunder Road from Mazagon Road to Frere Road will be wholly CLOSED to traffic from 22nd April, 1924, till the completion of the work of reconstruction of the road.

By Order,
T. K. RODDAN,
Executive Engineer.
19468

## LEGAL NOTICES.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABBASBHAI ABDULALLY NOORBHAI, of Bombay, inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client Bai ASHMABAI, wife of Abdul Kayum Mahomedally.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office No. 21-33, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Elphinstone Road in the Town and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement according to the prior title-deeds 216 square yards or thereabouts and now stated by the Purchaser's Engineer to be (257) square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Survey No. 3/2633 and bounded on the North by Municipal drain, on or towards the South by public passage, on or towards the East by the property of Bapuji Daruwala and on or towards the West by the property of Karimbhoy, the said premises are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 2509 (3) and Street No. 21B.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1924.

MANGALDAS D. KHANDVALE.
Vakil for Bai Ashmabai
wife of Abdul Kayum Mahomedally.
19471

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that EBRAHIM MAHOMEDALLY, of Bombay, Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said properties or any of them by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon and known as the "BACK BAY VIEW" portion of which piece containing 567.81 square yards is of freehold tenure not subject to payment of any ground rent or tax to Government and the remaining portion, containing 357.19 square yards is of Pension and Tax tenure situate, lying and being on the North side of Queen's Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement (925) nine hundred and twenty-five square yards or thereabouts and Registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 290, 104, 33 and 38, New No. A/16882, Old Survey Nos. 148, 115 and 144 New Survey No. 346007 and Cadastral Survey No. 17 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 1213 (4) and Street No. 7, Charni Road and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by a Private Road, on or towards the West by the said Queen's Road, on or towards the North by a Private Road and on or towards the South by the property of Mahomedally Datoobhoy.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground being a portion of the land registered by the Collector of Bombay under No. 16342 and New Survey No. 3650 and Cadastral Survey No. 574 situate, lying and being at Byculla, Parel Road, in Ashian Terrace, without Fort and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 714-719 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Fazandar under No. 3 and by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 7437 (1A) and 7437 (1D) Street Nos. 25A and 25D, and bounded on the East by a private passage common to the premises now being described and the property formerly of Mr. Jamsedji Nusserwanji Tata and now of Gamaji Nalvali, on the West by the aforesaid Parel Road on the North by the property of Omer Peer Mahomed and on the South by the private passage common to the property now being described and the property of Jamsedji Nusserwanji Tata together with the front building consisting of a ground floor and two floors and the rear building consisting of a ground floor and one upper floor and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Mortgagor.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1924.

AMARCHAND AND MANGALDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C19466

## LEGAL NOTICES.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GOSWAMI SHRI GOCULNATHJI, of Bombay has contracted to sell to our client GOSWAMI SHRI GHANSHAMLALJI MAHARAJ, of Porbundar the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand to, in or upon the said property by way of sale, gift, trust, mortgage, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Bombay and the Collector of Assessment, Municipality, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed after the expiration of the said period without regard to any such claim which will thereafter be considered as having been waived and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground formerly of the pension and Tax tenure but since redeemed from payment of Pension and Tax to Government together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Fofulwadi near Bhuleshwar, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirteen square yards or thereabouts and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 536, New No. 2615, Old Survey No. 60 and New Survey No. 2/525 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property now or late of Vithaldas Moti, on or towards the West by the property now or late of Pranjiwandas Shriprasad and on or towards the South by the property of the Vendor and on or towards the North by the Fofulwadi Street aforesaid and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 5280 and Street No. 17 and were formerly and now in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1924.

TYABJI DAYABHAI AND CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.

C 19479

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NARANDAS PURSHOTTAM KAPADIA has contracted with our client Mr. KILLACHAND DEWCHAND for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and encumbrances of the under-mentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground belonging to the Bombay Improvement Trust being Plot No. 14 of the Board's Princess Street Estate, together with messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at Princess Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 776 square yards or thereabouts and forming a portion of premises bearing New Survey No. 8238 and bounded, on the North-West by a service Passage, on the South-East by Princess Street, on the East by Plot No. 15 leased to Dr. John A. Turner and on the West by Plot No. 13 agreed to be leased to Sheriff Devji Kanji and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "C" Ward Nos. 3356 and 3358 and Street Nos. 14-16 and 19 and which said premises are now in the occupation or possession of the Vendor's tenants.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1924.

RANCHHODLAL C. MEHTA,
For Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga & Girdharlal,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

C 19475

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of DURGADAS RADHARAM, Hindu Bania inhabitant of the Punjab carrying on business in Bombay and Japan as Importer and Exporter residing at 131 Yamashita-cho-Yokohama ..... Deceased.

THANDIRAM RADHARAM, Hindu Bania Inhabitant of the Punjab brother of the abovenamed deceased a Commission Agent residing at Amritsar and presently residing at Princess Street, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Tenth day of April in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-four and in the Fourteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) F. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

R. B. PATEL.

The 10th day of April, 1924.

Messrs. DAPHTARY FERREIRA AND DIVAN,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

19474

### WONDERFUL DELINEATION WITH AMAZING ACCURACY.

Professor PUNDIT MOTILAL, F.B.I.M.S. (London). Scientific Astrologer and Palmist, Secretary British Institute of Mental Science, (Incorporated by Act of Parliament) Central India Branch Mhow, C.I. Examines Horoscopes, undertakes all Astrological works delineates Palms, Questions answered. Advice on health, business, betterment, Marriage, Friends, Courtship, etc., at reasonable fees Charges for one year in detail Rs. 3. Brief reading of your life Rs. 5. Full character reading Re. 1. Send time, date, month and year of birth or time of writing letter to above address. Trial solicited, Testimonials highest from Civil and Military officers.

## AUCTION SALE.

### BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE BUNGALOW AT MAHABLESHWAR KNOWN AS "NIRA LODGE."

Suit No. 4887 of 1921.

Charandas Chaturbhuj and anr....Plaintiffs
Versus
Morarji Mulraj and ors.....Defendants.

Under instructions of Mr. N.H. Moos, Receiver appointed in this suit and pursuant to the Order of the High Court passed on the 2nd day of May, 1923, authorising the said Receiver to sell the immoveable properties belonging to the estate of Mr. Anandji Nanji, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., Auctioneers will on FRIDAY, the 16th proximo sell by Public Auction at Mahableshwar on the premises at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned property belonging to the estate of the deceased Anandji Nanji and known as "Nira Lodge."

All that piece of land situate at Mahableshwar in the District of Satara, containing by admeasurement about 4 acres and 2½ gunthas and described and particularly noted as a property No. 103 portion of Survey No. 54/2 acres and 11 gunthas and portion of Survey No. 53, 1 acre and 10 gunthas and portion of Survey No. 121, 1 acre and 6 gunthas in a certain map or plan of the said village deposited in the office of the Collector of Satara and is bounded on the East by Survey No. 121 and Leeson Lodge compound on the West by road Mount Boughlas and Sassoon Point and Jameson Lodge compound on the North by Survey No. 53, and Leeson Lodge compound and on the South by Survey No 121 and Jameson Lodge compound was formerly occupied by Mrs. Mozalla Nissim of Bombay.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT MALABAR HILL ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga and Girdharlal Attorneys for Tikayet Shri 108 Shri Goverdhanlalji Girdharji Maharaj of Nathwara the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Karsondas Kalidas Jutha the Mortgagor pursuant to the power of sale vested in the mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated 27th June 1921 and made between the Mortgagor of the first part, Kasturbai widow of Kalidas Jutha of the second part and the Mortgagee of the third part. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 4th June next sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground (containing by admeasurement 1914 square yards or thereabouts) a portion whereof admeasuring 1278 square yards is redeemed Pension and Tax, and another portion admeasuring 636 square yards or thereabouts is leased together with the messuages tenements or building standing thereon situate on the Eastern side of the Malabar Hill Road. The Pension and Tax portion whereof which is now redeemed is registered by the Collector under Pension and Tax No. 156, New No. 4 and 5/7282 and the leasehold portion whereof is registered under New Survey Nos. 1 and 2/7281 and 6 and 7/7282 and of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2980 and Street No. 73 and bounded on the East by the Government ground and the private Road leading to the Government House, on the West by the Malabar Hill or Walkeshwar Road, on the North by the property of Chunilal Sankalchand and on the South by the property of Chaturbhuj Shivji and which said premises are now in the occupation or possession of the Mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal, Solicitors or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT SARANG STREET

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Abdulhusen Gulamhussin Badukwalla and Esufali Gulamhussen Bandukwalla, the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Mortgagors Kulsamabai widow of Husonali Thaverahoy and others, and under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 16th March, 1921 Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 14th proximo sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land of the Fazandari tenure situate at Sarang Street in the City of Bombay together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon containing by admeasurement 87 square yards or thereabouts and situate within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered in the Books of the Fazandar under No. 18 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 145 Street No. 186-188, and registered in the books of the Collector under New Survey No. 2085 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Mahomed Jekha or on or towards the South by the property of Haji Sulleman Haji Khamisa on or towards the West by the Sweepers passage and on or towards the East by the Sarang Street and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the borrowers.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay fronting on the West side of Balco Sarang Street or Khokha Bazar in the Registration and District of Bombay registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey no. 2085 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 146 and Street Nos. 190-194 containing by admeasurement 21 feet in breadth and 85 feet in length be the same a little more or less and bounded as follows that is to say on the East by the said Balco Sarang Street on the West by a Sweepers' Passage on the North by the house formerly of Shakji Coray Kara and now of Gulamhussen Noorbhoy on the South by the house formerly of Shekji Rangari but now of Hassonally Dawoodbhoy and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the said borrowers and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne & Co., Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

Bombay, 18th April, 1924.

### SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 2736.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms the following:—

By order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. V. M. Varma:
20 Bales Straw Boards.

By order of the Bank and party concerned
8 Cases French Polish, 10 Drums Black Acid, 1 Case Stationery, and Fancy Goods, 6 Cases Envelopes, 1 Case Dry Ink, 7 Bags Sealing Wax, 1 Persian Kasham Carpet.

Miscellaneous:—Butter Making Machine, Large Side Board, Office Writing Table, Typewriters, German Wall Clocks, and a lot of cabin and flooring carpets, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th April, 1924.

## AUCTION SALE.

### CRAWFORD & CO

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
122, Apollo Street, Fort
Telephone No. 20221.

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO CINEMA OWNERS AND MONEY-INVESTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF VENUS CINEMA WITH THE CINEMA MACHINERY, FIXTURES, FURNITURE, ETC., AT CHINCHPOGLY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Merwanji Kola and Co. Attorneys for Rustomji Cawasji Mehta and Aimai Cawasji Mehta, the mortgagees under a power reserved to them under the Indenture of mortgage dated the 3rd day of March, 1921, and expressed to be made between Francesco Battistessa and others and Rustomji Cawasji Mehta and another and on account and at the risk of the said Francesco Battistessa and others, the mortgagors, Messrs. CRAWFORD AND CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd day of April, 1924, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following property.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

FIRST.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenements chawls, godowns and bungalows including the buildings known as Venus Cinema standing thereon, situate lying and being on the east side of Parel Road at Chinchpogly without the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 10,000 (ten thousand) square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's old No. 143, New No. 1A/1313 and New Survey No. 1B/362 and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward Nos. 7485 (1 and 2) and 7487 (1, 1a, 1b, 2-3-4) and Street Nos. 1-2-85 and 87 and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation or possession of the mortgagors and their tenants.

SECONDLY.—1 One Brush Motor generating set.
2. Electric brackets (two and three lights), with electric chandeliers, electric, ceiling, exhaust and table fans.
3. Electric wires, casings, flexible wire blocks, cleats, nails, screws, etc.
4. Ceiling rose and cut outs.
5. One complete cinema outfit with switch board motor starter, arc lamp, spools, buses, etc.
6. Furniture on spot including benches, chairs, fire extinguishers garden pots, plants, statues, picture frames.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Merwanji Kola and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagees at their office in Humam Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th April, 1924.

### J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
Apollo Street.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS TO INVEST IN LANDED PROPERTY. AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT GIRGAON OPPOSITE THE PORTUGUESE CHURCH.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla Attorneys for Mr. Pirojshaw Framji Pavri and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 19th March, 1919, and made between Santaram Balkrishna and Anandram Santaram of the one part and Dadabhai Baria and others of the other part and in the Indenture of mortgage dated the 3rd February, 1920, and made between the said Santaram Balkrishna and Anandram Sitaram of the one part and Framroz Hormusji Pavri and his wife Pirojbai of the other part and in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 19th August 1920, and made between the said Santaram Balkrishna and Anandram Santaram of the one part and Maganlal Bholabhoy of the other part and the three Indentures of Transfer of Mortgage all bearing date 15th May, 1923, and executed between the said Dadabhai Dajibhai Baria and others the said Framroz Hormusji Pavri and his wife Pirojbai and the said Moganlal Bholabhoy of the one part and Mr. Pirojshaw Framji Pavri of the other part, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the risk and on account of the Mortgagors the said Santaram Balkrishna and Anandram Santanam the undermentioned property at the premises on WEDNESDAY the 23rd day of April, 1924 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension Tax tenure situate at Girgaum Road without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 351 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 31-146 New Nos. C/229 to 222, 1332, 1333, 1335, 1336, 1338 and A/1338, Old Survey Nos. 149/150 and New Survey No. 1/B/8028, Cadestral Survey Nos. 1483 Girgaon division together with the dwelling house and all buildings thereon and structures standing thereon assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward No. 181 Street No. 586 and all buildings thereon and bounded on or towards the North by the Girgaum Road, on or towards the South by the property of Shivshanker Balkrishna, on or towards the East by the common passage and beyond that by the property of Vasantrao Balkrishna and on or towards the West by a passage and beyond that by the property of Damsey Padamsey.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for Mr. Pirojshaw Framji Pavri at their office at Gresham Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay or to the Undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th April, 1924.

### FIRST CLASS CENTRAL PROVINCES TEAK.

The Imperial Gazetteer, Hoshangabad District (page 179.) says "The Teak of Rajaborari and Bori is the best in the Central Provinces." We own the Rajaborari Estate and are contractors for the Bori Range. The best teak of Central Provinces can therefore be had from us only. Logs and scantlings of all sizes available at moderate prices.

One inch planks, 3in. to 6in. wide, in stock lengths, about 2000 cubic feet available at a reduced rate of Rs. 3 to Rs 3/12/0 per cubic foot according to width. F.O.R. Timarni G.I.P. Railway.

For detailed particulars, write to:—
The MANAGER
Rajaborari Estate Timber Depot.,
Timarni, G.I.P. Railway.

## AUCTION SALES.

### MISTRY & CO.

Auctioneers.
Telephone 23152.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE OPEN CARVED AND PLAIN SPECIALLY MADE TO ORDER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE BY ROBERT WIMBRIDGE, M. BRESSLOW AND OTHERS GERMAN MAKE, BRINSMEAD COTTAGE PIANO ITS PLAYER CHURCH ORGAN GRAMOPHONE, OLD BRASSWARE PARIAN FIGURES, OLD CHINA VASES, CARPETS, JECOBIAN SIDEBOARD RICH GLASS CROCKERY, CUTLERY, PLATEDWARE, GARDEN FLOWER POT ETC.

Auction Sale to-morrow at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) in School of Art Bungalow in the compound of School of Art, Hornby Road, made to order carved and plain very valuable household furniture made by Robert, M. Bresslow, Wimbridge and other makers, such as sliding dining table, chairs, sideboard, dinner wagon, dumbwaiter, leather lined Chesterfield suites of sofas and chairs, drawing room mahoganised Cabinets by Bresslow and Robert table lamp tapestry lined silver show cases, English cash box, rich pictures, carpets, Parisian figures and old brasswares, very valuable drawing room suite in 10 pieces, writing table, book case revolving chairs, sweet-toned cottage piano by Brinsmead, its player church organ, brass and iron beds, reclining sofa, full sized mirror and panel door almyrahs, clothes and gown press, dressing chest of drawers, washing table hatstand, meatsafe, rich glass, crockery, cutlery, platedware, cooking utensils, garden flower pots etc.

Property of Earnest R. Fern, Supt. Sir J. J. School of Arts, Bombay and others.

Catalogues are published and property is on view.

MISTRY AND CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th April, 1924.

### 1001

Low-Priced Accessories On Show.

ONLY PRICES ARE LOW— BUT QUALITIES ARE HIGH!

THE
Advance Motor Co.
7, Lamington Road, BOMBAY.
Telegrams: "Automotive."

### DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING COMPANY.

THE PREMIER FIRM IN THE LAUNDRY AND CLEANING TRADE IN INDIA.

Head Office—Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
Branch I.—Thakordwar, Bombay.
Branch II.—Shaik Memon Street, Bombay.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### Yashvanth Sangith Mandali

"EASTER WEEK" Entertainment at
Bombay Theatre, Grant Road.
FRIDAY 18th APRIL 1924
at 3 30. P. M. (S. T.)
"Manapaman".
SATURDAY 19th APRIL 1924.
at 3 30 P. M. (S. T.)
"Sowbhadra".
SUNDAY 20th APRIL 1924.
at 3 30. p. m. (S. T.)
"Chalti Dhoonya".
MONDAY 21st APRIL 1924.
at 3 30. p. m. (S. T.)
"Sharadha".
Booking at the Theatre.

### In The New Hall

BATTERY STREET, FORT
OFF APOLLO PIER ROAD
EVANGELIST HARE
WILL CONTINUE HIS
LECTURES
COMMENCED FROM SUNDAY, APRIL 6th
and
CONTINUING EACH SUNDAY NIGHT
LECTURES ARE HELD AT 6-30 P.M.
ALL ARE WELCOME. COME.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### WEST-END CINEMA

SUPERB GOLDWYN DRAMA
"THE OLD NEST"
*Rupert Hughes' Heart-Gripping Story of Home*
in 8 Reels—To-night and This Week.
Featuring the pretty Star
MARY ALDEN
with an all-star cast ever assembled in a picture.
The Programme includes the International News.
To-Day 5-30; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 P.M. (S. T.)

### WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

UNIVERSAL SUPER-JEWEL DRAMA
CRASH!
The most spectacular love drama ever filmed? Gripping and pulsating! A glamorous love story unfolded amid the awe-inspiring furies of crashing storms and devastating tidal wave! It will hold you entranced and give you the thrill of your life! Don't miss it!
THUNDERING DAWN
Featuring
J. WARREN KERRIGAN
ANNA Q. NILSSON and TOM SANTSCHI
and a Tremendous Cast
A Harry Garson Production — Universal Super Jewel
COMMENCING TO-MORROW-SATURDAY
at the
West-End Cinema
(New Churney Road.)

### EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

TO-DAY AT 6-30 and 10 p. m.
LAURETTE TAYLOR
In
"PEG O' MY HEART"

### EMPIRE THEATRE.

TO-DAY AT 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
REX BEACH'S ROMANCE
"FAIR LADY"

### EMPRESS THEATRE.

TO-DAY AT 3-30, 6-30, and 9-30 p. m.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
In his Masterpiece
"ROBIN HOOD".

### EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY
AT 6-30 and 10 P. M.
NORMA TALMADGE
In the Greatest Picture of all
"SMILIN' THROUGH"

### EMPIRE THEATRE.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY
AT 4-30, 6-30, 8-15, and 10 P. M.
"SATURDAY NIGHT"

### EMPRESS THEATRE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY
AT 3-30, 6-30, and 9-30 P. M.
"ROBIN HOOD"
Featuring Douglas Fairbanks.

The Premier, Palatial & Popular
**Novelty**
CINEMA Presents TO-NIGHT
For the Last Time.
at 3-30, 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
The Successful Film
'SAMUDRA-MANTHAN'
In Six Splendid Reels.
TO-MORROW PLEASE!
Our Easter Programme
Malati-Madhav
One of the most Romantic Plays.

*THE MEMBERS OF THE SUBODHA SANGEETHA SABHA*
WILL ENACT
SITA'S WEDDING
(IN TAMIL)
Written by M.R.Ry. T BHAKTAVATCHALAM PILLAI, Avl. B. A.
*On Sunday, 20th April* 1924
(At 9-30 p. m. S. T.)
AT
Baliwalla Grand Theatre,
BOMBAY.
Tickets. Rs. 5, 3, 2, 1 & As. 8.
Tickets can be had at the Sabha Premises, Bandukwalla Buildings No. 2, Mount Road, Mazgaon, Bombay, and at the Theatre, on performance day, after 6 p. m.

Hindoostan Co.'s
First Gigantic picture
SHIWAJI'S ESCAPE FROM AGRA
Produced personally by
Mr. PHALKE
A Picture representation of the Most Famous incident of Shivaji's life.
PRODUCED IN REAL HISTORICAL ATMOSPHERE AND GORGEOUSNESS.
SEE IT AT
Cinema Majestic
GIRGAUM.

IMPERIAL
TO-NIGHT—AND—THIS WEEK
Presents
Special Ramnavami Programme.
"SATI-SITA"
Daily:—5-15, 7, 8-45, & 10-30 p. m.
Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays
Extra Show at 3-30 p. m.
PRICE AS USUAL
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

# COCOGEM

IS COCOGEM HAND MADE.

No! Absolutely No! Most certainly Not!

We guarantee COCOGEM is untouched by hand.

But why our violence?

Did you ever see bazar ghee made by hand?

Given a ghee-walla's cooly, a few filthy earthen-ware pots, a tub of mutton suet or smelly beef fat, a little ghee and the operations begin. Insects buzz in, road dust settles, and the arm up to the elbow stirs the mixture and behold hand-made bazaar ghee. Contamination is a mild word.

Protect yourself from contamination by buying guaranteed COCOGEM in hermetically sealed tins.

COCOGEM Crusade Crushes Contamination.

Sole Distributors for Bombay (excluding Sindh)

NOWROJI HORMASJI & CO.

227, Frere Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

29

These dye clothes fast in Pink, Green, Red, Violet, Yellow, Blue, Salmon, Black, and Lavender. Instructions and samples **FREE**. Ten tablets by V.P. of Rs.1-5.



THE WORLD'S GREAT ASTROLOGER.

OR the great Indian Astrologer is the daily future revealer written in simple English. It enables everybody to have daily predictions for any length of time. It gives dasa and anterdasa results for any length of time. Character reading and the description of personal appearance can be known by this book a unique work, information in this book worth its value in gold, a copy dispenses all astrologers. Price Re. 1-8. Apply to S. P. Tata's Indian Science Institute, Vizianagram City, S. N. Railway.

1949



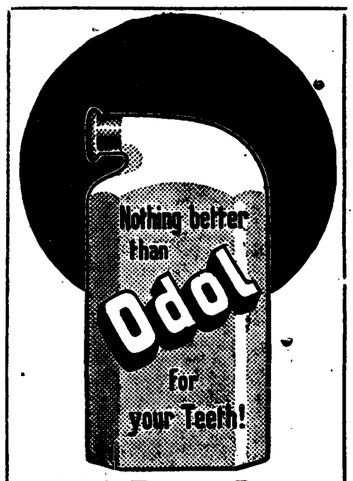
# RONUK

"Q.P." BOOT POLISH

Quick Polish is the Quality Polish. Cleans, preserves and polishes. Brown Q.P. removes old stains in a wonderful way.

*Obtainable at leading Stores and Bazars.*

*RONUK, Ltd., Portslade, Sussex, England.*




Odol Tooth Paste & Liquid

SOLD EVERYWHERE.



## Bombay-Poona Reliability Trials, 1924

*"The Times of India"* Tuesday, March 4th: "One Motor Cyclist arrived at Poona half-an-hour in advance of schedule time, and thereby lost a whole handful of marks, and others lost a few marks because their Watches had proved unequal to the occasion." This goes to prove that the Watches used on this Trial were not "Meridian" and we (G. A. Charpie and Co.) advise all Motorists to have as part of their Equipment a reliable "Meridian" Time-keeper, used extensively during the "Great War" by the British Forces—Navy, Army and Royal Air Force.

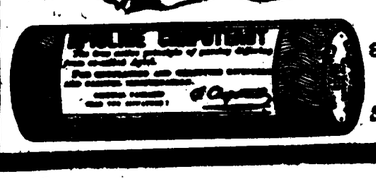
*Send for our Catalogue or call on us for our advice.*

RAVELIN STREET, (Nr. Excelsior Theatre). BOMBAY.



APIOLINE
CHAPOTEAUT

LADIES SAFE REMEDY for functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.



WHOLESALE: 8, Rue Vivienne PARIS—FRANCE

Sold by all Ch...


# SHIPPING.

## ARRIVALS.

April 17.

Silgan, Paulsson, Calcutta.
Atlas Maru, Neshemura, Kobe.

## DEPARTURE.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Penang Maru, Goto, Kobe.
British Holly, Rogers, Mahomerah.
Gantoise, Anderson, Genoa.
Tangistan, Blaney, Jeddah.
Vasna, Gulliver, Busreh.
Dongola, Griffin, Aden.
Matiana, Langlands, Antwerp.
Jalaveera, Roy, Rangoon.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Crisfield for New York.
Steamer Varela, for Persian Gulf.
Steamer British Fern for Mahomerah.
Steamer Borderer for Antwerp.

## VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(THURSDAY April 17.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Shed.
1 Tamba Maru 3553, Kobe, 24/4 N Y Kaisha.
2 Macedonia 5650, London 26/4 M M & Co.
4 Inkula, 3380 Karachi 21/4, L Edwards Ld.
7 Domala, 5134 Karachi 23/4 M M & Co.
7 Matiana 5454, Antwerp, 18/4 M M & Co.
11 Dongola 4742, Aden 19/4 M M & Co.
12 Sagoland 3290, Gothenburg, 27/4 L Edwards.
15 Piave, 4662, Barcelona, N F Graham and Co.
16 Polcevera 6014, New York, N F Graham.
17 Izabaran 2661 Marseilles 22/4, Graham and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Jalajyoti 2696, Akyab, N F, S S N Co.
3 Bandra, 1877, Busrah, 23/4, M M and Co.
5 Gantoise 2924, Genoa, 18/4, T M & Co.
7 Vitellia 2681, Karachi 23/4 S S N Co.
8 Alipore 3241, Kobe 22/4 M M & Co.
10 & 11 Scindia 3247, Liverpool 24/4 Graham

PRINCE'S DOCK.

C & R Penang Maru, 3215, Japan, 17/4, N Y Kaisha.
D & E Jalanihar, 3381, N F, N F, S S N Co.
6 Suttania, 2758, NF, NF, A S Shuttary
N Genoa Maru 5001, Kobe N F, N Y Kaisha.
P Kathlamba, 4104, Rangoon 29/4, B M & Co.

## EXPORTS

April 17.

S. S. Scindia for Philadelphia:—50 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co, 1435 casks goat skin, Biskey and Co.

For Salonika:—12 bales cotton grey yarn, Swadeshi Mills Co.

For Marseilles:—55 bales cotton fly, C Peraj and Co, 31 cwts Gum olibanum, G Hakubally, 245 cwts Gum olibanum, Ebrahim and Co, 112 cwts Gum Arabic, Ebrahim and Co, 200 cwts Turmeric, Ebrahim and Co.

For Constantinople:—43 bales cotton yarn, J David and Co.

For Liverpool:—50 bales Hemp, C Peraj and Co, 50 bales wool, S Nanji, 140 bales wool F P, F F Campbell and Co, 250 bales cotton, Lyon, Lord and Co, 2000 cwts myrabolam, F F Campbell and Co, 50 bales Hemp F P, F F Campbell and Co, 67 bales wool, L Abercrombie and Co, 41 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co, 20 bales grey cotton yarn, Swadeshi Mills Co, 30 bales wool, A Alimoomagi, 72 bales wool, Bombay Co, 25 bales wool, G Gunnamal, 124 bales wool, C Ramsarup, 44 bales wool, R Veerchand, 128 bales wool D Kundanmal, 45 bales wool, D Sundarji, 58 bales wool, C Chaganmal, 20 bales wool, C Kuhilal, 28 bales wool, K Rakhabdeo, 100 bales cotton, L Naranji, 110 bales cotton F P, F F Campbell and Co, 10 bales wool, H Balkisondas, 40 bales wool, M Nissim, 31 bales wool, R Ramgopal, 55 bales wool, B Shriwalal, 21 bales wool, Birla Bros, 9 bales wool, S Gambhirchand, 20 bales woollen Numdas, Ponmull Bros, 52 bales wool, K Esmail, 25 bales wool, Anglo-Saxon Corporation Ltd.

For Glasgow:—90 bales Hemp F P, F F Campbell and Co.

For Piraeus:—10 bales grey cotton yarn, Swadeshi Mills Co.

S. S. Crisfield for Philadelphia:—2000 tons manganese ore, James Finlay and Co.

For New York:—4000 cwts myrabolam, Kalyandas Bros.

S. S. Polcevera for New York:—30 casks aniline dyes dry, Killick Nixon and Co. 4000 cwts myrabolam, B Damji and Co, 124 cwts Nigerseed, J and F Moosa.

S. S. Polcevera for Philadelphia:—2440 cwts Bone meal, Raili Bros, 94 casks goat skin, Decetn T Co, 150 bales cotton waste, J A F and Moosa.

S. S. Macedonia for London:—26 bales cow hides, C Rauimtulla, 4000 cwts Linseed, M B Kaisha, 250 cwts condiment, D D Framji and Co, 4000 cwts Linseed, Volkart Bros, 31 cwts Cardmom's Husk, G Suchidina, 150 cases sandalwood oil, Thos Cook and Son, 75 bales Hemp F P, F F Campbell and Co, 200 cwts myrabolam, F F Campbell and Co, 300 cwts Turmeric, Abraham and Co, 200 cwts Fennelseed, Abraham and Co, 26 bdles Lamb skin H N Faizmomed, 27 bdles cow hides, L Tharia and Sons, 2 bdles cotton carpets, D Chelaram, 13 cases Cardamoms, N Mulji, 5 bales woollen carpet, Thos Cook and Son, 105 cwts Indian chutney, Framji Nowroji.

For Middlesborough:—750 tons manganese ore, W and A Granam and Co.

S. S. Border for Hull:—95 bales Hemp, S Lalji.

S. S. Cracovia for Trieste:—10,000 cwts Rapeseed, Ralli Bros, 450 cwts Gum olibanum, G Nakuballi, 100 cwts Turmeric, Volkart Bros, 200 cwts Fennelseed, Volkart Bros, 3000 cwts Rapeseed, Volkart Brost, 5000 cwts Rapeseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co, 350 bales cotton, A Visram and Co, 330 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co, 110 bales cotton, M Amarsey, 500 bales cotton F P, F F Campbell and Co, 760 bales cotton, K M Nathoo, 990 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

For Venice:—1000 cwts Rapeseed, Ralli Bros, 1000 cwts Castorseed, Raili Bros, 2000 cwts Rapeseed, Volkart Bros, 520 bales cotton, Gorio Ltd, 136 bales cotton, Altalindia Cotton Co, 220 bales cotton, M Amarsey, 330 bales cotton F P, F F Campbell and Co, 330 bales cotton, Volkart Bros, 210 bales cotton, K M Nathoo.

S. S. Piave for Antwerp:—50 bales cotton fly, C Peraj and Co. 50 bales Hemp, C Peraj and Co, 110 bales cotton fly, K Thacker and Co.

For Ghent:—50 bales cotton fly, K Thacker and Co, 112 bales cotton, N Fatteley.

For Barcelona:—100 bales cotton, R D Tata and Co, 185 bales cotton, Chachaty Cotton Export, 50 bales cotton, Lagley and Co.

S. S. Clearway for Leith:—4000 cwts Linseed, Strauss and Co.

S. S. Sagoland for Hamburg:—1500 cwts myrabollam, F F Campbell and Co, 330 bales cotton, K Visram and Co, 385 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co, 440 bales cotton, Volkart Bros, 1000 cwts Linseed, Ralli Bros, 1000 cwts Castorseed, Ralli Bros.

For Bremen:—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

For Ghent:—220 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co.

For Rotterdam:—55 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co, 290 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

S. S. Matiana for Antwerp:—50 bales Hemp F P, F F Campbell and Co.

For Constantinople:—60 bales cotton grey twist, The Apollo Mills Ltd.

S. S. Isabraw for Trieste:—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

S. S. Domala for Hamburg:—14 cases cardmoms, Kewalram and Co, 2000 cwts Groundnut oil cake, Alliance T Co, 2000 cwts Linseed, Volkart Bros, 50 bales Hemp, T Dawoodbhoy, 2000 cwts Groundnut oil cake, N V Valmohmad.

For Antwerp:—50 bales cotton fly, E Ebrahimji.

S. S. Inkula for Hamburg:—105 cwts Gum Arabic, N Mulji and Co, 55 cwts Gum Ghatti, N Mulji and Co.

For Rotterdam:—11 casks goat skin, B M Rahmon.

S. S. Penang Maru for Hongkong:—50 cwts Kismiss, Hoosseinbhoy and Co.

S. S. Tamba Maru for Hongkong:—100 cwts Shark fins, H A Mahmad and Co, 58 cwts Fishmaws, B B Balikaka, 39 cwts Shark fins, B B Balikaka.

For Shanghai:—500 bales cotton, Y K Kaisha.

For Kobe:—475 bales cotton, Y K Kaisha.

For Nagasaki:—200 bales cotton, H Rambhagat and Co.

S. S. Sicilia for Hongkong:—500 bales cotton G M Twist, Sassoon J David and Co, 480 cwts Gum Arabic, N H Dehdasti, 60 cwts Gum olibanum, N H Dehdasti.

For Shanghai:—600 bales cotton, C Bomonji.

S. S. Alipore for Osaka:—80 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co.

## IMPORTS.

April 17.

S. S. Jalaveera from Rangoon, Agents, Scindia N C Ld:—46,890 bags rice, 15 bdles old gunnies, 301 bdles Teak scantlings, 4259 Pcs Teak scantlings, 146 bags gokal cholla, 150 bags cholla, 113 bags nillet, 100 bags white beans, 24 cases cutch, 14 bales gunnies 75 cases enamelledware.

From Colombo:—69 bdles old empty gunnies 26 chests Tea.

From Cochin:—150 kollins Hooka shell, 100 bags cocoanut.

From Calicut:—198 bdles Tanning Bark, 200 bags dry cocoanut.

From Cannanore:—29 bags soap nut. 16 bags Light pepper.

## LIABILITY OF THE OWNER OF A CART

(Suit No. 17745 of 1923 in The Court of Small Causes at Bombay.)

Chimanlal Jivanlal and Co., filed a suit against Devji Lakhamsey to recover 8 bags of sugar which were entrusted to the defendant's cart-driver for carrying and being delivered at their factory which the cart-driver failed to do or to make good the value of the said bags. The plaintiff's case was that the said bags were entrusted to a driver of the defendant's cart who gave his name as Sukhanandan, that at the time when the bags were entrusted they saw the buckle and plate of the cart bearing the number of the defendant's cart the licensed owner thereof. That the said bags were not carried over and delivered at their factory by the said driver and thau as the defendant was the licensed owner it was contended that he was liable for the acts of his agent relying on the case reported in The Indian Law Report (50) at page 258.

The defendant's case was that he had hired his cart only at annas 10 per day to one Shankar who was not a licensed driver, that Shankar who was ill on the day of the transaction, got the cart plied by another man who also had no license and who must have misappropriated the goods and that they did not stand in the position of principal and agent. The learned Fourth Judge Mr. Dadachanji after duly considering the judgment in Suit No. 5639 of 1922 but relying on the judgments in Suits bearing numbers 1998 of 1919 and 16639 of 1912 dismissed the Suit as the owner could not be held liable for the fraud committed by a person who was not authorized by him to drive the cart. The plaintiffs thereafter applied to the Full Court but the Full Court Bench consisting of the learned Chief Judge and the learned Third Judge Mr. Chitre confirmed the judgment of the trial court.

Mr. Lakhamsey appeared for the Plaintiffs Messrs. Suntoke and Hirjibhai appeared for the Defendant.

## WANT OF REGISTRATION OF A COMPANY.

(Suit No. 1682 of 1923 in the Court of Small Causes at Bombay.)

The Gujrat Glass Works Ltd. filed the above-mentioned suit on 19th January against Vithal Dhondu to recover Rs. 865-5-0, it being the amount with interest alleged to be due by the defendant to the plaintiffs for the first and second calls on 25 shares of the plaintiff's Company subscribed by the defendant.

The defendant *inter alia* contended that the suit was not maintainable, that the Indian Company's Act was not applicable to the plaintiff's Company and denied the legality of the formation of the same. The plaintiff's Company was alleged to be registered in Baroda.

The case was heard by the learned Fourth Judge Mr. Dadachanji who dismissed the suit.

The plaitiffs thereupon applied to the Full Court to reverse the aforesaid order. However the Full Court Bench consisting of the learned Chief Judge and the learned Third Judge Mr. Chitre disagreeing with the plaintiffs' contentions confirmed the judgment of the trial court.

His honour the learned Chief Judge in the course of the judgment said that in order to allow a foreign corporation to sue a defendant in a British Court it must be shown that the corporation was duly registered according to the law prevalent in the foreign country and that the plaintiffs in this case failed to prove the same.

His honour further said that the plaintiffs wanted further to rely on a receipt evincing a payment of fees to the Registrar Joint Stock Company Bombay; but that it was only a receipt and not a certificate of registration and even apart from it, it was dated after the date of the institution of the suit and that as in this case the defendant did not recognise the plaintiff Company as a creditor the judgment of the trial court was correct.

His honour the learned Third Judge concurring with the aforesaid findings expressed a doubt whether even a subsequent registration of the plaintiff corporation could allow them to receive the benefit of section 435 of the Civil Procedure Code and found as facts that the plaintiffs failed to prove that the defendant applied for the shares, that the plaintiff corporation did pass resolutions for the calls and that therefore the plaintiffs could not rely on the articles of Association.


The Best of Lubrication With a Service Reputation

KEYSTONE GREASE

The Master Lubricant Since 1884.

*Agents:—*

Symington Cox and Co., Ltd.

58, Forbes, Street.



SIEMENS SCHUCKERT'S ALTERNATING CURRENT

# CEILING FANS

WITH

MAKER'S FULL GUARANTEE

Ivory Color Body, Three Natural Color Aluminium Blades

56 and 48 inches Sweep

Three Speed Regulator with Off Position, Canopy, Shackle & Down Rod.

THE

Eastern Electric Light & Power Co.,

Empire Buildings. Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

Telephones: 23771—20595—21072

Telegrams: EASTLIGHT BOMBAY.



BURGOYNE'S UNIVERSAL FRUIT SALINE

Is the Most Refreshing Drink in the Morning.

A Glass Daily will keep you Cool. Even In the Most Trying Weather.

Is indeed a tried and approved Family Friend. No Home should be without it, especially in hot Climates.

Be sure it is "BURGOYNE'S," The House with over 180 years' reputation.

Of all Chemists and Bazaars throughout India.

Mr. WALTER WHITE, BOMBAY AGENT FOR Messrs BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & Co. Ltd. EAST HAM, LONDON, E.



MALARIA AND OTHER FEVERS

Are promptly relieved by Phenalgin. Headache ceases, muscular pain is removed and a gentle perspiration produced which quickly leads to a steady decline of the fever

PHENALGIN

Produces a feeling of tranquility, restlessness ceases and instead of sleepless nights, calm refreshing slumber ensues.

Supplied in bottles containing 36 × 5 gr. tablets, with full directions, by all chemists.

*Sole Agents:—*

E. T. PEARSON & Co. Ltd.

Manufacturing Chemists, Mitcham, Eng.



THE CHILDREN LIKE THEM.

Medicine-giving and medicine-taking gives trouble to nobody when Baby's Own Tablets are used, for the Tablets crush to a tasteless powder or can be eaten as a lozenge, and children like them. The action of

Baby's Own Tablets

is thorough yet gentle. They supersede all other remedies in the prompt relief of infantile indigestion, colic, constipation, diarrhoea, vomiting, 'wind', colds and croup; expel worms; quickly bring ease and natural peaceful sleep to little sufferers from teething troubles.

Composed of absolutely pure and harmless ingredients Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, can be given with perfect safety even to the youngest infant. Of chemists, at 1/4 ans. per vial. Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Singapore.

Bombay Distributors:—Narotam Girdhar & Co., A. M. Thakkar, Vishram Ramji and Co., etc.

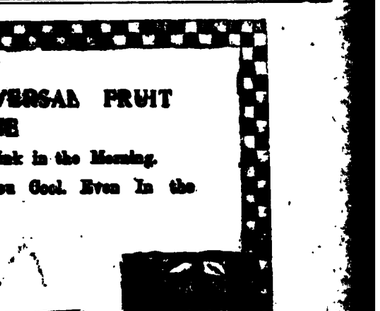
(3)



THE WORLD-RENOWNED

AGFA

PLATES, FILMS, CHEMICALS, DEVELOPERS. FLASH LIGHTS ETC.



THE WONDERFUL

"IHAGEE" REFLEX CAMERAS.

The cheapest on the market.

"BYK" Photo-Papers of all grades.

CONTINENTAL PHOTO STORES, *Proprietors.*

Dalal Trading Co.,

73, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.



FREE

GUIDE TO HEALTH

WITH 3 COLOURS NICE BEGUM'S PHOTO

APPLY TO HAKIM MASIHAR RAHMAN

Post Box 6709. CALCUTTA.

# COMMERCIAL.

## MONEY MARKET.

### EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, April 17.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/4 3/4
Bank's selling D. D. 1/4 25/32.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/4 25/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/4 13/16.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/5 1/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/4 27/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/4 7/8.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 450.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 500.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 490.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 134.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 128¼

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 170.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 233.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 168.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 330.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.34-7/8
London—Paris Frcs. 69/40.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 24.70.
London—Brussels Frcs. 80/70.
London—Rome Liras 97.70.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—Steady market.

| | London, April 16 |
|---|---|
| Telegraph Transfers | 1/4 13/16 Steady |
| Bar Gold | £ 4-11-11 Quiet |
| Bar Silver Spot | 33 1/4 Quiet |

### LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

| | Bombay, April 17. Market Rates. |
|---|---|
| Bank Telegraphic | 1/4 25/32 |
| Bank Demand | 1/4 13/16 |
| Doc. Acceptance 3m/s | 1/5 1/16 |
| Fcs. Demand | 450 |
| American Dollars | 330 |
| Hongkong Dollars | 170 |
| Shanghai | 233 |
| Japan | 134 1/2 |
| Singapore | 168 |

Market Steady.

### EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

| | London, April 16 |
|---|---|
| Stockholm | 16.50 |
| Christiania | 31.50 |
| Amsterdam | 11.70 |
| Switzerland | 24.76 |
| | Yesterdays |
| Belgium | 51.12 |
| Athens | 242.50 |

| | London, April 16 |
|---|---|
| Exchange on London in Paris | 69.90 |
| " " " Germany | 18.300.000.000.000 |
| " " " Italy | 97.90 |
| | New York, April 16. |
| Demand Bills | 4.32.62 |

| | London, April 16. |
|---|---|
| Consols 2 1/2 per cent. | |
| Exchange on London at Paris Fcs | 54 1/2 |
| Bar Silver Spot | 33 1/4 |
| " 2 months hence | 33 1/4 |
| Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet China bought and Sold | |
| Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 per cent since 5th July, 1923. | |
| Interest day to day loans | 1 7/8 |
| Interest 7 days Market loans | 2 1/2 |

### WAR LOANS ETC

| | London, April 16. |
|---|---|
| Funding Loan 4% 1960/90 | £ 87 5/8—1/4 |
| Victory Bonds 4% | £ 92 7/8—1/4 |
| War Loan 5% 1929/47 | 104 7/16 unchgd |
| Consols 2 1/2% | 56 3/4 |
| Rupee Paper 3 1/2 % | 46+1 |
| Indian Stock 3 1/2 % | 6—1/4 |
| (Sterling Loan) | |
| Govt. Securities 3 % | 56 |

| | London, April 16. |
|---|---|
| Conversion Loan | £ 74 7/16 |
| 5 1/2 per cent. Indian Loan | " 101 1/2 |
| 7 per cent. Indian Loan. | " 110 1/2 |

### DISCOUNTS.

| | London, April 16. |
|---|---|
| DISCOUNT Bank Bills 3 m/st | 3 |
| " Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st | 3 5/16 |
| " Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st | 4 1/4 |
| " " " " 6 | 4 3/8 |
| " 5 per cent Rentes | 25 5/8 |

### BULLION.

BOMBAY, April 17.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 16/4/6.
Sovereigns forward Rs. 16/4/6.
Bar gold ready Rs. 20//11/6.
Bar gold forward Rs. 20/11/9
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 25/12/6
Bar silver ready Rs. 80/7.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 80/7.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 80/12.

LONDON, April 16.

Bar gold ready s. 94-11.
Silver ready d. 33/4.
Silver forward d. 33/4.

TONE OF SILVER—
Steady, China Banks bought and sold.

## BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

### GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BOMBAY, April 17.

2½ per cent Government paper Rs. 67/9.
4 per cent Conversion Loan 84/12.
5 per cent War Loan 94/4.
5 per cent Loan due 1933 97/9
5 per cent Loan due 1945-55 98/10
5½ per cent. Bonds due 1925 102/14.
5½ per cent Bonds due 1928 104/2.
6 per cent Bonds due 1927 101/10.
6 per cent Bonds due 1930 Rs. 103-2-0
6 per cent Bonds due 1932 104/2.
5½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due

## BOMBAY MARKETS.

### COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

April 17.

A further advance of 9 to 34 points in old crops and 9 to 12 points in new crops in New York futures has been reported to-day. The market eased early on long liquidation but advanced at the close on short covering of near positions. Liverpool has been reported 4 to 25 points down. The market declined on long liquidation.

The Liverpool market will be closed on 18th, 19th and 21st instant and New York market will be closed on 18th and 19th instant only for Easter holidays.

To-day the American markets show practically a little change in values owing to the approach of the Easter Holidays. The undertone of the local market has been good and the bearish feeling recently in evidence has now disappeared, sentiment now being generally in favour of higher prices. Absence of Broach tenders naturally causes prices to harden.

In response to the moderate advance in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened this morning steady at Rs. 582½ i.e. Rs. 3½ higher than yesterday's closing rate for F G Broach April/May. Going down by a rupee the prices advanced to Rs. 583½ on prominent Shroffs and Offices buying. On jobbers and general selling the market dropped to Rs. 579 and closed at the same rate at 4 p.m. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 578, declined to Rs. 576, on jobbers selling and closed steady at Rs. 578 on scattered buying.

Fine Oomra May opened at Rs. 571½ and advanced to Rs. 573½ on buying by Exporting Houses, and closed at Rs. 570 easier on general selling. Whilst July opened at Rs. 572½ and advancing to Rs. 574½ on Commission Houses buying closed at Rs. 571 on one Japan House selling. F G Bengal May and July were nominally quoted at Rs. 538 and Rs. 540 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton was closed yesterday.

Cotton markets are closed during Easter Holidays, and we will not issue reports.

### COTTON GREEN—CLOSING QUOTATION.

| | Bombay, Apr. 17. 6—30 P. M. |
|---|---|
| Fully Good Broach ..April/May | 578 |
| Fully Good Bengal ..May | 535 |
| Fully Good Bengal ..July | 539 |
| Fine Oomra ..May | 568 1/2 |
| Fine Oomra ..July | 569 1/2 |

### SPOT QUOTATIONS

| Description, | Super-Fine, | Fine | F. Good | Good, |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| M. G. Bengal and Sindh Punjab | 569 | 554 | 539 | 524 |
| M. G. Oomra No. 3 | 593 | 593 | 568 | |
| M. G. Central Provinces No. 1 | 623 | 613 | 598 | |
| M. G. Central Provinces No. 2 | 608 | 598 | 583 | |
| M. G. Broach | 609 | 599 | 589 | 579 |
| M. G. Mathia | 573 | 563 | 548 | |
| M. G. Khandesh | 583 | 573 | 558 | |

### E. I. COTTON ASSOCIATION.

| | Bombay, Apr 17 |
|---|---|
| Fully Good Broach April/May | 579 |
| " " Bengal May | 534 |
| " " July | 538 |
| Fine Oomra " May | 569 |
| " " July | 570 |
| Good Southerns May/June | 594 |

## NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

### MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT

BOMBAY, April 17.

New York Market 16th April 1924.

| Previous Close. | Delivery | Opening Prices. | Last known prices in Liverpool | Closing Prices. | Since previous Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30.13 | May | 30.20+07 | 29.88—25 | 30.47+34 | |
| 28.80 | July | | 28.48—32 | 28.89+09 | |
| 25.12 | Oct. | | | 25.24+12 | |
| 24.53 | Dec. | | | 24.62+09 | |

Telegraphic market advices: May highest 30.68, lowest 29.85, range .83 points. Market eased on long liquidation; advanced later on short covering of near positions.

Liverpool Market 16th April 1924.

| Previous Close. | Delivery | Opening Prices | Prices at 11 a. m. | Closing Prices. | Since Previous close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17 91 | May | 17.88—03 | 17.67—24 | 17.66—25 | |
| 17.25 | July | 17.22—03 | 17.07—18 | 17.07—18 | |
| 14 85 | Oct. | 14.80—05 | | 14.80—05 | |
| 14 21 | Jan. | | | 14.17—04 | |
| 14.07 | Mar. | | | 14.04—03 | |
| | Egyptian | | | | |
| 21 25 | May | | | 21.10—15 | |
| 19 05 | Nov. | | | 18.90—15 | |

Telegraphic market advices: (1) New York sales futures on Tuesday last estimated at 500,000. Light rains on the Carolina Coast. Holiday market.—Some May liquidation. Spot sales 7,000.

(2) American cross rate 435. May highest 17.88, lowest 17.64, range .24 points.

(3) Considerable long liquidation of May position. Poor re-

1935 108/4.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 77/8
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930 101/8.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 77
6 per cent Municipal due 1929 49 161/8.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974, Rs. 77.

### SHARES.

BOMBAY, April 17.

The share market remained closed to-day.

| | London, April 16 |
|---|---|
| Chartered Bank | £ 19 1/8 |
| Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp | 4 135 |
| National Bank | £ 43 1/2 |
| Eastern " | £ 5 1/2 |
| P. & O. Banking Corp. | 12 1/2 |

port from New York. Reports weather is unfavourable.

(4) Weekly Government weather report slightly unfavourable. Planting has begun in portions of North Carolina, Oklahoma, Tenesse and Arkansas. Weather is too cold. Best germination early planted only, fair in Texas.

(5) Liverpool market closing 4.30 p.m. Thursday, until 11 a.m. 22nd April. American markets closed on 18th and 19th April.

| | Liverpool, April. 16. Sales. |
|---|---|
| Total Day's Sales at Liverpool | 7,000 |
| " " Sales on Spec & for Exp | 2000 |
| " " Sales of East Indian | 200 |

EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES—

| | |
|---|---|
| Mid. Americans Spot fair demand | 18.69 |
| Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels | 22.30 |
| New York 11 a.m. May | 30.23 |
| (As known in Liverpool July | 28.85 |
| at closing time.) | 25.16 |
| New Orleans 9 19 a m. May | 30.16 |
| July | 28.59 |

### OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

| Months. | Liverpool April 16. To-day's price. |
|---|---|
| April | |
| May | 17.78—13 |
| June | |
| July | 17.15—10 |
| Aug. | |
| Sept. | |
| Oct. | 14.79—06 |
| Nov. | |
| December | |
| January | |
| Feb. | |
| Mar. | |
| April | |
| Egyptians—July | 20.95 |

### CLOSING PRICES.

| Months | Liverpool, April 16. To-day's Price |
|---|---|
| April | 17.90—25 |
| May | 17.66—25 |
| June | 17.46—27 |
| July | 17.07—18 |
| August | 16.21—22 |
| September | 15.44—13 |
| October | 14.80—05 |
| November | 14.47—05 |
| December | 14.34—04 |
| January | 14.17—04 |
| Feb | 14.10—04 |
| Mar | 14.04—03 |
| Apl | 13.99—03 |

Tone:—Barely Steady.

| | Liverpool, April. 16. To-day's prices. |
|---|---|
| Cotton Del. M.U.G.O.C. May | 17.64 |
| Liverpool July | 17.07 |
| Oct. | 14.80 |
| Jan. | 14.17 |

### FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

| Months | Liverpool April, 17. To-day's price. |
|---|---|
| April | |
| May. | 17.90+.24 |
| June. | |
| July. | 17.29—.22 |
| Aug. | |
| Sept. | |
| Oct. | 14.95+.15 |
| Nov. | |
| December | |
| January. | |
| Feb. | |
| Mar. | |
| April. | |
| Egyptains—July | 21.20 |

### COTTON ADDITIONL UOTATIONS.

| | London, April 16 |
|---|---|
| M. G. Bengal Good | 12 20 |
| " " Fully Good | 12 60 |
| " " Fine | 13 00 |
| No. 1 Oomra Good | 12 85 |
| " " Fully Good | 13.25 |
| " " Fine | 13.75 |
| M. G. Broach, Good | 14.50 |
| " " Fully Good | 14.90 |
| " " Fine | 15.30 |
| M. G. Scinde, Good | 12.10 |
| " " Fully Good | 12.50 |
| " " Fine | 12.90 |

### EGYPTIAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES

| Months. | Liverpool, April. 16 To-days price. |
|---|---|
| April | 21.15—15 |
| May | 21.10—15 |
| June | 21.00—05 |
| July | 20.90+85 |
| Aug. | 20.57—15 |
| Sept. | 20.00—15 |
| Oct. | 19.25—15 |
| Nov | 18.90—15 |
| December | 18.85—15 |
| January | 18.85—15 |
| Feb | 18.85—15 |
| Mar | 18.85—15 |
| Apl | 18.85—15 |

### AMERICAN MARKETS.

| | New York, April 16. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports | 22,000 |
| " Exports to Continent | 15000 |
| Futures at New York | |
| " " " May | 30.47+.32 |
| " " " July | 28.89+09 |
| " " " October | 25.24+.12 |
| " " " Dec. | 24.59+.06 |
| Spot Cotton at New York | 30.60+.25 |
| Spot Cotton at New Orleans | 30.75+.47 |
| Futures " " May | 30.46+.30 |
| " " " July | 28.63+.04 |
| Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) | 15 3/8 |
| Silver foreign mined | 64 1/2 |

### AMERICAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES.

| | New York, April, 16. To-day's Prices. |
|---|---|
| May | 30.47 |
| Futures at New York. July | 28.89 |
| Oct | 25.24 |
| Dec. | 24.59 |

### WHEAT.

London, April 16.

ROZARIO SANTA FE—64 lbs.
A/M Sellers 43/9
BARLETTA RUSSO—63 1/2 lbs.
A/M Sellers 43
AUSTRALIAN A/M sellers 46/3
KARACHI BARLEY M/J Paid 31/3
Tone—Quiet.
WHEAT Choice White Karachi.
M/J Value firm 44/6

Wheat soft Red Karachi 44/3 May Value Wheat, Cargo, Barletta Russo 64 lbs. 43/6 shipped to Italy and New South Wales and 47 3/8 paid for March shipment to United Kingdom.

### LINSEED.

London, April. 16.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags
April/May Buyers £ 19 1/8
April/May Sellerspoor demand " 19 1/4
RAW LINSEED Oil Naked spot net
April/Dune £ 36 3/8
May/Aug Buyers £ 36 3/8

### JAVA SUGAR.

London, April 16.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta
April/May Sellers 26/6
July Sellers 24/3
July-Sept Sellers 23/9
Fine White Java C & F Bombay
July-Sept Sellers 24/1
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi
July-Sept. Sellers 24/1
Tone—Holders are firmer.—Demand is Very ow.

### SUGAR MARKET.

April 17.

We have to report a quiet market during the week with fair demand and easier advices from Java and prices both for ready and forward positions have been reduced by 3d. to 3d. per cwt. all round. There was no keen enquiery to buy and small lots changed hands amongst dealers and speculators in April shipment c 2//9s. to 2/11s. and July, Sept. -2/4 to 2/5s. Free Bombay Harbour.

Karachi and Calcutta reported quieter markets with lower rates and no business. Java reported very quiet market specially Old Crop with free sellers. America declined heavily during the week with depressing effect on all other markets. The chief reason of decline is large sowing in Europe of Beet Sugar.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks :—

T M O Rs. 26 eq. 27/10s. F. B. Harbour stocks 15,000 Bags.
T M O March/April eq. 27s. F B Harbour stocks 15,000 Bags.
T M O June/July eq. 24/8s. F. B. Harbour stocks 15,000 Bags.
T M O July/Sept. eq. 23/4s. F B. Harbour stocks 15,000 Bags.
Beet ready Rs. 20/10 to 25/12 F. B. Harbour stocks 50,000 Bags.
S.S. 'Brenta' arrived from Europe with 8,000 Bags of Beet Sugar.

### (THROUGH MESSRS. HUSEIN ABDUL REHMAN AND CO.)

BOMBAY, April 17.

The market to-day opened with a little more decline than the closing levels in our yesterday's report. In sympathy with improvement in foreign markets, there has been some reaction and consequently forward positions have seen a rise of 2 to 3d. per cwt. all round. One Liver importing house has resorted to covering in April shipment. Ready prices remain unchanged and the market, on the whole, has presented a steady tone through out with a fair amount of business passing.

To-day's offtake for the local consumptions has been on a very good scale, amounting to 3,000 bags.

The following are the closing quotations ruling are bazar to-day :—

Fine White Java Sugar Ready Rs. 25/10 per cwt.
Fine White shipment March Sh 27/5 per cwt. F.B.H.
Fine White Shipment April Sh 27 per cwt. F.B.H.
Fine White Shipment June/July Sh 24/4 per cwt. F.B.H.
Fine White Shipment July/September Sh 23/5 per cwt. F.B.H.
Conmental B.N.B. Beep Sugar :—Ready Rs. 25/6 per cwt.

| | London April. 15. |
|---|---|
| Cuban Sugar April | 23/6 |

### METALS.

| | London, April. 16. |
|---|---|
| English best Selected Copper | 65 3/4 |
| Standard Copper G.M.B. | 64 5/8 |
| Copper Braziers | 85 |
| Yellow Meta' | 8 |
| Hard Spelter | 29 3/4 |
| Corrugated Sheets | £ 17 3/4 |
| TIN BLOCK | 251. |

### RUBBER

ara Rubber Fine Hard Cure May/June 11 1/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe April
PPaid 12 1/4
Tone—Easy tendency

### RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Apr. 17.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on April 16, 1924.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton | 14272 Bales |
| Wheat | 10342 Cwts |
| Linseed | 19040 " |
| Rapeseed etc | 10145 " |
| Gingellyseed | 383 " |
| Poppyseed | 268 " |
| Groundnuts | 3086 " |
| Castorseed | 8540 " |
| Rice | 5635 " |
| Myrabollams | 10820 " |
| Cottonseed | 3380 " |
| Mowraseed | Nil |
| Gram | 2962 " |
| Juwar | 4688 " |
| Masur | Nil |
| Barley | Nil |
| Bajri | 2085 " |
| Coal | 2200 Tons |

### LONDON, April 16.

Linseed La Plata Argentine closed with poor demand at £17 9/16 sellers for April/May and £17½ paid for May/June.

Cottonseed, Bombay closed inactive at £10 sellers for April/May.

Castorseed Bombay £24 7/8 April/May.

Business was done to-day in Linseed La Plata Argentine at £17 5/8 for April shipment to Hull and at £17½ for May/June shipment. In Barley at 31/6 afloat.

Feature of the market was a large turn over in Linseed oil for September December delivery around 36 shillings.

Linseed :—Easier. Cottonseed :—Quiet. Linseed oil :—Easier. Wheat :—Quiet. Rice :—Firm.

LONDON, April 16.

There has been steady movement in foreign exchanges since reparations Experts' reports, which has enhanced to-day by German acceptance thereof.

Sterling Exchange reached dollars 4.35 1/8. French Francs. 69.40½ and Belgian 80.87.

### IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank, as on 11th April, 1924:—

| Liabilities. | | |
|---|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital | | 11,25 00 000 |
| Capital Paid up | | 5,62 50 000 |
| Reserve | | 4,45 00 000 |
| Public Deposits | | 22,02 94 000 |
| Other Deposits | | 72,37 18 000 |
| Loans from the Governments of of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act, 1923 against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra | | 10,00 00 000 |
| Sundries | | 1,52 70 000 |
| | Rupees | 1,16,00 32 000 |

| Assets. | | |
|---|---|---|
| Government Securities | | 10,53 14 000 |
| Other authorized securities under the Act | | 1,21 84 000 |
| Loans | | 27,00 47 000 |
| Cash Credits | | 43,63 96 000 |
| Inland bills discounted and purchased | | 13,97 90 000 |
| Foreign bills discounted and purchased | | 35 67 00 |
| Dead Stock | | 2,52 43 000 |
| Sundries | | 52 31 000 |
| Balances with other Banks | | 1,80 63 000 |
| | | 1,01,58 35 000 |
| Cash | | 14,41 97 000 |
| | Rupees | 1,16,00 32 000 |

### YARN MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, 17th April 1924.

There is not much change to report since our last, and the general position of the Yarn Trade remains almost unchanged. In certain kinds of Yarns scarcity is occasionally experienced, as the Mills are holding off and the sales have been very few, but in the absence of any brisk demand from the consuming centres even now when the cotton is very steady, dealers think it risky to effect any large purchases at the present level of prices. The daily offtake is only 200 bales average from the local market, and this is very disappointing. Some of the consuming centres report plague and others are also not active. All this produces loss of confidence, and transactions therefore are much restricted.

English Yarns show no life. Ready goods have been selling in small quantities and forward business is almost at a standstill owing to unworkable prices from Manchester, and absence of any such improvement on this side.

Japanese Yarns move quite freely and satisfactorily. Due to favourable exchange the Japanese Import Houses have been able to sell at suitable rates inspite of the rise in Cotton, and this week they have done business to the extent of about 400 packages. They are still inclined to sell at attractive rates but the dealers are very cautious and wait further developments.

Indian Yarns show practically no change. Business has been on a much restricted scale, and offtake is also very poor. Genuine business is still not satisfactory as the continued absence of demand causes much anxiety amongst the Trade. China pours down inquiries but the prices offered are lower. Most of the consuming centres are quiet.

The general tone is steady, and so long as Cotton keeps firm we do not expect any decline in prices. In the absence of demand however, any rise in prices will also be shortlived.

### MILL STORES.

April 17.

The market continues very dull, and there is still Holiday feeling in the Market. Demand is very low and large stocks are lying idle awaiting sale. Mills are buying only from hand to mouth, and the prices, therefore are very cut prices. Healds are sold retail at Rs. 1/12/6, and indents are booked at prices varying between 24 and 25d. c.i.f.c. Bombay. Reeds have declared and are quoted at Rs. 0/3/7, indenting value being 3d. or slightly less. Woollen goods and Bobbins have no special inquiry. Market is closed during Holidays.

The quotations are :—
Healds—15/40s Rs. 1/12/6
Reeds Rs. 0/3/7.
Roller Cloth 16 oz. Ken Rs. 8/4/0
Scroll Bandings Rs. 1/6/0
Tubular Bandings Rs. 2/4/0.
Ropes Rs. 2/4/0
Card cans steel Rs. 3/12/0
Sizing flannel-twill-62 Rs. 3/12/0
Slubbing tubes Japan Rs. 25/-
Pirns Universal Japan Rs. 7/-
Pirns Weft Japan Rs. 6/12/0
Ring Rabbeth 5" Enamel Wilson Rs. 18/12/0
Warper Bobbins English Rs. 70/-
Dobby Harnes Rs. 24/-

### CHEMICALS.

April 17.

Bleaching Powder has witnessed a sudden scarcity, the price quoted is purely nominal, as no business is transacted in absence of avilable stock. Last stocks changed hands at Rs. 14/- but to-day the quotation largely fluctuates between Rs. 25/- and Rs. 40/- Tension will continue so long as further consignments do not arrive in the harbour. Znic Chloride, Magnesium Chloride and Epsom salt are fairly inquired for, the prices are maintained steady and firm.

Quotations are :—
Epsom salt Rs. 4/4/0
Antimony salt Rs. 0/8/6
Bleaching powder Rs. 25/50
Potassium Chlorate Rs. 0/3/9
Caustic soda 98 per cent. Rs. 22/-
Magnesium Chloride Rs. 4/2/0
Aniline salt Rs. 0/11/0
Glauber salt Rs. 4/0/0
Acetate lead Brown Rs. 39/-
Bichromate potash Rs. 44/0/0
Zinc Chlorido Rs. 24/4/0
Hydrosulphide soda Rs. 1/6/0
Farina Rs. 17/8/0.

## THE HINDUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION.

### QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

Bombay, April 17,

| | Rs. | A. | P |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khadi | | | |
| Textile | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| E. D. Sassoon | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Elphinstone | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Long Cloth (Full weight) 34/40 inches | | | |
| Standard per lb. | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Century per lb. | 1 | 8 | 0 |
| Hindustan per lb. | 1 | 9 | 3 |
| Fazalbhai per lb. | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Phoenix per lb. | 1 | 8 | 3 |
| Pearl per lb. | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Manekji (Gaw Mukh) per lb | 1 | 7 | 0 |
| Jacob (Four Minar) per lb. | 1 | 8 | 6 |

## CO-OPERATIVE SELLING OF RUBBER.

### SCHEME OF RUBBERGROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, April 16.

The Rubber-growers' Association is circularising rubber products companies in the United Kingdom, asking them whether, in principle, they favour co-operative selling of rubber under the auspices of the Association and urging members to support the proposed scheme whole-heartedly in view of the advantage a limited number of buyers at present have over the multitude of sellers and Hoover's recent letter recommending action with a view to permitting American purchasers of rubber and other raw materials to establish joint buying agencies.

The Association expresses its willingness to establish a strong committee for the purpose of working out details, and opines that in view of the control of exports in Malaya and Ceylon, co-operative selling presents no serious difficulties. It says that it is anticipated that, if necessary, the inclusion of France can easily be obtained if an adequately supported scheme is adopted.—Reuter.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGES

LONDON, April 16.

There has been a steady improvement in foreign exchanges since the Reparations Experts' Reports which was enhanced to-day by the German acceptance thereof.

Sterling exchange reached dollars 4/35 one eighth; French francs 69-47½ Belgian 80/87.—Reuter.

## WEATHER REPORT.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, April 17.

Southerly winds are blowing into the north-east India from the Bay and rainfall has been nearly general in the south-east Bengal and local in Assam. A few thunderstorms occurred also in Tenasserim and south-east Madras. Chief amounts are:—Victoria Point, one inch: Tejpur, Chittagong, Barisal, Khulna, a half; Cox's Bazar Narayanganj, Noakhali, three quarters.

Forecast:—Extension in Bengal and South Madras.

### GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay 16th April 1924.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 am., 2. p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr | 29.715 in |
| Temperature of Air | 83.7 degrees. |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer | 76.9 " |
| Dew Point | 73.7 " |
| Relative humidity of Air | 73.% " |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) | 1.6 " |
| Maximum temperature of Air | 91.1 " |
| Minimum | 76.6 " |
| General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight | ENE,NNE,N, WNW. WSW |
| Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight | 12.9 miles |

### SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

| Day of Week. | Day of Month. | HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time | Depth on Gauge Still. | LOW WATER. Day of Month. | Bombay Mean Time | Depth on Still. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Apr. | h. m. | ft. in. | Apr. | h. m. | ft in |
| Th. | 11 | 9 10 | 9 | 11 | 8 26 | 15 |
| | | 12 34 | 19 | | 20 24 | 11 |
| F. | 12 | 2 17 | 17 17 | 12 | 8 36 | 76 |
| | | 14 44 | 19 11 | | 5 58 | 83 |
| Sat. | 20 | 11 53 | 20 7 | 20 | 17 30 | 19 |
| | | 23 58 | 28 10 | | 6 55 | 18 |
| S. | 21 | 12 39 | 29 10 | 21 | 18 11 | 14 0 |
| | | | | | | 17 0 |
| M. | 15 | 3 5 | 19 1 | 15 | 18 56 | |
| | | 16 18 | 21 5 | | 2 19 | 5 |
| Tu. | 22 | 0 41 | 28 6 | 22 | 6 52 | 14 2 |
| | | 13 25 | 29 7 | | 19 32 | 17 8 |
| W. | 23 | 1 26 | 27 10 | 23 | 7 31 | 14 3 |
| | | 14 16 | 29 0 | | 20 27 | 18 5 |

A Madras message says, His Excellency the Governor accompanied by Lt. Portal paid a visit to the ophthalmic hospital on Wednesday morning, when he was received by Lt. Col. Symons (Surgeon General), Major E. E. Wright, Superintendent and Major Craggas, Residente Medical Officer and was shown round.—A. P.

# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

## ENGAGEMENTS

### TO-DAY.

Good Friday: Bank and Postal Holiday.

Pandit Motilal Nehru's lecture on "Deadlock and its solution", Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6-30 p.m., Mr. V. J. Patel to preside.

Gurukula Maha Vidyalaya, anniversary celebration, opposite Andheri Railway Station, 1-30 to 7-30 p.m. (B. T.).

### SATURDAY, April 19.

Easter Eve: Bank Holiday.

S.S. "Delta" with English mails due to arrive 6 a.m.

S.S. Dongola with the English Mails leaves at 1 p.m.

### SUNDAY, April 20.

Easter Day.

The staging of "Sita's Wedding" in Tamil at the Baliwalla Grand Theatre, 9-30 p.m.

Pandit Motilal Nehru's lecture on "Deadlock and its solution", Chowpatty Sands, Mr. V. J. Patel to preside

## SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Apl 18 (Fri) Sunrise 6h 20m Sunset 6h. 57m.
Apl 19 (Sat) Sunrise 6h 19m. Sunset 6h. 57m.
Apl 20 (Sun) Sunrise 6h 19m Sunset 6h. 57m.
Apl 21 (Mon) Sunrise 6h 18m Sunset 6h 57m
Apl 22 (Tue.) Sunrise 6h 17m. Sunset 6h 58m.
Apl 23 (Wed.) Sunrise 6h 16m., Sunset 6h. 58m.
April 24 (Thu) Sunrise 6h 15m: Sunset 6h 58m.

## RAILWAY TIMING.

### B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The principal Mail and Express Trains arrive at and depart from Colaba station at the following hours daily:—

| | Bombay (Colaba). Arr. H M | Dept. H M |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay Peshawar Mail ... | x11.15 | *16.0 |
| Gujarat Mail ..... | 8.42 | 20.45 |
| Delhi Express ..... | 6.30 | 21.0 |
| Kathiawar Express ..... | 7.40 | 21.30 |
| Express ..... | §20.25 | 7 5 |

*A portion of the Down Bombay Peshawar Mail will leave Ballard Pier at 15.30 on Monday that the Mail arrives from England provided the ship reaches the Pier before mid-day.

This portion will contain limited accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers, their servants and luggage.

x A portion of the Up Bombay Peshawar Mail will run to Ballard Pier station on Saturdays arriving there at 11.10.

Both the Up and Down Bombay Peshawar Mail Trains will stop at Grant Road.

§This Express will terminate at Churchgate and passengers for Colaba will not be booked by this train.

### G. I. P. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY

The following will be the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at, and from Victoria Terminus on and from 1st March, 1924.

| | Arr. H. M. | Dep. H. M. |
|---|---|---|
| Punjab Mail ..... | 17. 0 | 19-30 |
| Calcutta Mail (via Jubbl ..... | 18- 0 | 21. 0 |
| Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) | 7- 0 | 15-45 |
| Madras Mail ..... | 6-30 | 22-45 |
| Poona Mail ..... | 11-30 | 15. 0 |
| Later (1) Poona Express ... | 12-20 | 14-15 |
| Poona Express ..... | 19-55 | 7-45 |
| Delhi & Lucknow Express ... | 9- 0 | 21-30 |
| Madras Fast Passenger ..... | 21-30 | 5. 0 |

## BOMBAY PROV. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The office of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be closed from Friday the 18th to Monday the 21st instant both days inclusive.

## "DEADLOCK AND ITS SOLUTION."

Under the auspices of the Bombay Swarajya Party, Pandit Motilal Nehru, the leader of the Swarajya Party in the Assembly will address two public meetings one at the Marwari Vidyalaya to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) and the other on Sunday (the 20th inst) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) on the Chowpatty Sands. Mr. V. J. Patel will preside. The subject of the lectures will be "The Deadlock and its Solution." All are cordially invited to attend.

## KHADI STALLS AT JAIN TEMPLE.

Under the joint auspices of the Rashtriya Stree Sabha, Parsi Rajkeya Sabha, Girgaum and Bhuleshwar Congress Committees, there will be Khadi Stalls at the Byculla Jain Temple to-morrow (Saturday from morning to evening.

## AN ANNUAL CELEBRATION

The annual celebration of the Hanuman Jayanti of Sarvajanic Vayamshala, Girgaum will take place to-morrow (Saturday). All the present and past members and well-wishers are cordially invited. The programme is as follows:—6 to 6-30 a.m. Prewachan of Joshi Shatriyi: 6-30 to 7-30—Address by Prof. L. G. Khare; 7-30 to 9—Singing by Prof. Deodhar and then Pansupari and athletic sports.

## BANDRA VILLAGE CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

### BANDRA'S RECEPTION TO PANDIT MOTILAL NEHRU.

Pt. Motilal Nehru, visits Bandra to-morrow (Saturday) at 7-30 p.m. (S. T.). A public reception in his honour has been arranged by the Bandra Village Congress Committee on this occasion at the New Rangari Chawl, Corner of Khar and Tank Roads, Bandra, Mr. V. J. Patel will preside over the function. All are cordially invited to attend. Seats will be reserved for ladies.

The Committee expects the Bandra and Suburban Public to make this reception fitting to the great patriot.

## ANNIVERSARY OF GURUKULA MAHA VIDYALAYA.

The 13th anniversary of the "Gurukula Maha Vidyalaya", the award of certificates to the successful Brahmcharies and the admission of New Brahmcharies will take place at Andheri, to-day (Friday) and Saturday and Sunday, the 18th, 19th and 20th instant, in a special mandap on the open space by the side of the station (East) on Sunday morning from 7 to 10-30 a.m. (B. T.) and every noon and evening from 1-30 to 7-30 p.m. (B. T.) when prominent Sanyasis, Educationists and Pandits, will deliver suitable speeches; Bhajanic Dorelai of All India fame and Prof. Baldeo will entertain all with music and songs; Brahmcharies will give recitations, songs and dialogues, in Sanskrit, Gujarati and English, and under the guidance of Professor Gadadhar and Prof. Harishchandra will demonstrate their physical strength by various amazing feats and exercises.

## NATIONAL VOLUNTEER CORPS.

The Captain of the Swarajya Sabha Volunteer Corps requests the National Volunteer Corps to be present to-day (Friday evening at the Murwari Vidyalaya Hall at 5 p.m. (S. T.) and on Sunday the 20th instant on the Chowpatty Sands at 5 p.m. (S. T.) precisely for public meetings. Volunteers are requested to attend in full uniform.

## 'G' WARD DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The meeting of the Executive committee will be held on Sunday next at 1 P. M. in the Congress office.

The meeting of the Council of Management will be held on the same day at 2 p.m. in the Congress office.

# BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE.

Thursday, April 17.

Mr. John S. Anderson to be in charge of the Consular Agency for Italy at Karachi, during the absence of Major Alan Dugard.

Mr. William B. Douglass, Junior, as Vice-Consul for the United States of America at Karachi, and to be in charge of the American Consulate at that place during the absence of Mr. A. M. Warren on leave.

Mr. Rahamiya Wahad Imamsaheb to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Belgaum vice Mr. Appalal Khanneersaheb Chakoli, deceased.

Captain W. F. Charter, M.C., 5th Battalion, 14th Punjab Regiment, to be Cantonment Magistrate at Ahmedabad, in addition to his other duties vice Major M. G. Lee.

Mr. S. A. Naik, Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Satara, to be Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Dhulia.

Major H. P. Putt and Captain F. R. Bailey, whose services are being placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, to be Cantonment Magistrates of Poona and of Kirkee, respectively, relieving Khan Bahadur M. H. Dastur and Captain C. W. S. Rayner, respectively.

Mr. D. A. Idgunji, on return from leave, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Dharwar.

Mr. B.V.V. Bapat, Acting First Class Subordinate Judge, Dharwar, to be Acting Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum and Dharwar.

Mr. V. G. Sane, Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum and Dharwar, to be Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Thana.

Mr. S. A. Gupte, Acting Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Thana, to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Sinnar.

Mr. A. Montgomerie, C.I.E., I.C.S., to be Judge and Sessions Judge with effect from the 4th September 1923, vice Mr. W. T. W. Baker, I.C.S., transferred permanently to the Central Provinces and to remain seconded.

Mr. A. F. Kindersley, I.C.S., to be Judge and Sessions Judge vice Mr. A. Montgomerie, C.I.E., I.C.S., seconded.

Mr. L. Graham, I.C.S., to be Judge and Sessions Judge with effect from the 28th October 1923, vice Mr. G. D. French, I.C.S., retired.

Mr. D R. Norman, I.C.S., to act as District and Session-Judge, Satara, vice Mr. E. Clements I.C.S. pending further orders.

Mr. R. Lindsay, Secretary and Treasurer of the Imperial Bank of India, to be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Town of Bombay.

Mr. Krishnaji Gururao Gunjikar, City Magistrate, Bandra, is granted leave on average pay for one month and a half with effect from the 22nd April, 1924.

Mr. V. M. Ferres, I.C.S. Sessions Judge, Dharwar, is appointed, in addition to his own duties, an Additional Sessions Judge in the Belgaum Sessions Division.

Mr. Harshadram Karpurram Mehta, a Second Class Subordinate Judge, has been granted leave with effect from the 23rd December 1923, up to the 22nd June 1924 (inclusive).

Mr. Appaji Krishna Deshpande to act as Huzur Deputy Collector, Poona, vice, Mr. S.A. Leao proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. J. M. Sladen, I.C.S., Assistant Collector Hyderabad, is granted with effect from 29th March 1924, or subsequent date from which he may be relieved, leave on half average pay for seven months.

Mr. S. A. Leao, Huzur Deputy Collector, Poona, is granted, with effect from 25th March 1924, leave on average pay for eight months on medical certificate.

Dr. H. H. Mann is to be Director of Agriculture from the date of retirement of Mr. G. F. Keatinge, I.C.S.

Mr. G. C. Rowe, F.S.I., is appointed Land Acquisition Officer for the City of Bombay for two years up to the 31st December 1925.

The Reverend W. A. Sawtell on return from leave to be Garrison Chaplain, Bombay, vice the Reverend A. J. Seaman.

The Reverend J. C. Hall to be Chaplain of Mahableshwar and Satara, vice the Reverend C. B. G. Collier, Chaplain of St. Mary's, Poona.

Mr. Gulammabi Dinmahomed Kazi, Deputy Educational Inspector for Mulla Schools Larkana Division, to be Head Master of the Naoshahro Madressah and High School.

Mr. Abdul Ghani Faiz Mahomed Kazi, Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector for Mulla Schools, Larkana Division, and Acting Principal, Naoshahro Madressah, to be Officiating Deputy Educational Inspector for Mulla Schools, Larkana Division.

Mr. H. E. Hamely to officiate as Principal, Secondary Training College, Bombay, for a period of six months with effect from 1st May, 1924, vice Mr. H. A. Sadarangani.

Mr. Mahomed Valibhai Merchant, Junior Assistant Secretary to Government, General, Educational, Marine and Ecclesiastical Departments, on return from leave, to act as Senior Assistant Secretary to Government, General, Educational, Marine and Ecclesiastical Departments, vice Khan Bahadur Edalji Jamshedji Unvala.

Mr. R. F. Gorvala to act as Junior Assistant Secretary to Government, General, Educational, Marine and Ecclesiastical Departments, vice Mr. Mahomed Valibhai Merchant.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. H. Melhuish, I.M.S., Acting Director of Public Health, has been granted leave on half average pay for six months with effect from the 30th March 1924.

Mr. A. Gordon, B.Sc., (Eng.), Glas., Executive Engineer, to act as Superintending Engineer, Rohri Canal Circle, vice Mr. S. C. Mould Superintending Engineer, proceeding on leave, or until further orders.

Rao Saheb Chandumal Parlomal Dodaja, Assistant Engineer of the Bombay Engineering Service, to act as Executive Engineer, Mithrao Remodelling Division, vice Mr. W. Kirkpatrick, B. E., proceeding on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. Jhurmal Tarachand Shahani, Assistant Engineer, is granted privilge leave for one month and sixteen days combined with furlough on half average salary for one year, ten months and fourteen days with effect from the 5th July 1924. He is permitted to retire from the service at the end of the leave.

On return from leave Mr. W. R. Philpot-Brookes, A.M.Inst.C.E., A.K.C., is appointed Executive Engineer, Persian Gulf District.

The leave on average pay for six weeks granted to Mr. B. S. Vyas, B.E., Acting Executive Engineer, in Government Notification No. 90/1, dated the 20th February 1924, is extended by six Weeks' leave of the same kind.

# AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

The following is the General summary of the season reports of the Presidency for the week ending 15th April:—

There was slight rain in parts of Sind, Deccan, Karnatak and Kolhapur. Garden and irrigated crops are generlly in fair to good condition. Harvesting of rabi crops continues. Picking of cotton is in some districts in progress. Supply of water for drinking was generally sufficient except in parts of Kaira, Sholapur, Satara, Karnatak, Baroda, Cutch and Southern Maratha States. Water for irrigation was adequate except in parts of Gujarat, Deccan and Karnatak. Supply of fodder was generally adequate except in parts of Thar Parkarr, Nawafshah, Broach, West Khandesh, Poona, Satara, Karnatak, Kathiawar, Baroda, Palanpur, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country States. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition. Prices of food grains were almost stationary.

## FIRE AT NAL BAZAR.

A fire broke out on Thursday at 4-45 a.m. in a corrugated iron shed situated in Khoja Street Cross Lane near Nul Bazar. The shed was occupied by Yoosufali Dosaji, a hardware merchant, Valimohmed Haji and Hussein Mohdin who had divided it in three parts for the use of shops of cutlery, and hardware, etc. The fire was put out by fire engines from Babula Tank, Byculla, Bhuleshwar and Gowalia Tank in about fifteen minutes. The cause of fire is not known. The damage is estimated at Rs. 1,200.

# BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

## CONVICTED OF RASH DRIVING.

Baboorao Krishnaji driver of taxi car No. 4353 was placed before Mr. Khairaz on the charge of rash and negligent driving. Mr. Barodia, the Police Prosecutor conducted the prosecution.

The facts of the case are that on the 2nd March at about 3 p.m. the accused was driving from Chinch Bunder Road to Sandhurst Road and although he was warned by police constable No.126/B that he was going on the wrong side he kept on his career and when near Dongri Bazaar knocked down a boy named Rajaram Govind with the result that the boy received serious injuries specially in his right leg. On the accused paying Rs. 120 as compensation the Magistrate convicted the driver to pay a fine of Rs. 75/-.

## FINED FOR NEGLIGENT DRIVING.

Tafazzul Hussein was next charged for a similar offence. The facts are that the accused was giving a trial run to his master who had recently purchased a second hand Chevrolet Car and while driving near Bajipala Street he lost control of the car with the result that he ran into one Askmuddin (10) who was standing near a Panwalla's shop close to the foot-path, with the result that the boy received injuries and was detained for seven days in the hospital The defence of the accused was that the paddle brake of the car came up from the foot board and hence he had to take a turn to the right. The Magistrate in disbelieving the defence remarked that the Chevrolet Cars were easy to control and convicted the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 35/- and Rs. 30/- as compensation to the boy.

## ACQUITTED OF KEEPING GAMING HOUSE.

Before Mr. P. L. Thakar at the Mazagaon Police Court, Yussofally Goolamally was charged with assisting in keeping a common gaming house at Falkland Road in room No. 8 in the occupation of one Nanbhai. The evidence showed that Sub-Inspector B. D. Savant of the Nagpada Police Station armed with a warrant signed by the Deputy Commission of Police dated the 28th December 1923 raided the premises on the 15th March 1924, at about 9-30 p.m. and arrested the accused and one Sorabji who were seated in the room. The accused was seated at a table without his coat, and a number of 'satta' chits, and American Cotton reports were found in the room. The police also found the sum of Rs. 62/10 in the drawers of the table and Rs. 30 odd in the pockets of two coats hanging in the room.

Mr. D. K. Billimoria appeared for the accused and urged that the warrant was defective; it was dated so far back as 28th December 1923 and executed on the 15th March 1924; the body of the warrant was apparently written in two inks and that the prosecution had failed to prove the case against the accused in saying that he was managing or assisting in the management of a common gaming house

The Magistrate held that the warrant was valid but that the prosecution had failed to prove that the accused was managing or assisting in the management of a common gaming house and acquitted the accused.

## SEQUEL TO LOVE AFFAIR STABBING.

Daniel Hiwale, was placed before Mr. G. Khairaz at the Mazagaon Police Court for stabbing Gajjanan Rathode, last Friday which resulted in his death.

Police Prosecutor Barodia applied for postponement of the case as the report of the Analyst was not received.

His Worship granted the request and adjourned the hearing to the 1st May.

Mr. E. Biem, pleader, appeared for the witness Miss Tarabai, while the accused was undefended

# CORONER'S COURT.

## VICTIM TO OPIUM POISONING.

On Wednesday morning Rama Bala (26), a servant in the shop of a mill store supplier at Kumbharwada complained of pain in the chest for the last three days. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he appeared to be suffering from the effects of opium poisoning and died on the same night.

At the Coroner's inquest the jury returned a verdict of death from poisoning by opium, apparently self administered.

## MOTOR FATALITY.

On Wednesday night one more motor fatality occurred at Queen's Road when a taxi car driven by one Sarang Nasrudin knocked down a labourer named Gangadhar Dadu and rendered him unconscious. He was removed to G. T. Hospital where he died on Thursday morning.

Babu Muktaji, a labourer said that at 9-0 p.m. on Wednesday the deceased was with him and two others. They were looking for the deceased's brother whom they expected to find at the stationmaster's quarters at Marine Lane Station. They began to cross the road. One Govind was first and the deceased was next to him. Witness was still on the footpath. The deceased was about five paces from the footpath and was walking when a motor car came from the direction of Churchgate, very fast, and knocked him down. The horn was not sounded. A tyre of the car burst after the deceased was knocked down. The deceased was picked up unconscious and removed to the hospital.

After some further evidence was recorded the jury returned a verdict that the death was due to fracture of the skull resulting from his having been knocked down by taxi car No. 7144 which was driven by Sarang without due caution.

## FAMILY ALLOWANCES IN FRANCE.

The system of the application of the principle of "equal pay for equal work", states Professor Roger Picard in an article in the International Labour Review is liable to favour certain categories of workers, but to place others at a disadvantage. If the worker's wages are proportionate to the quantity and quality of his work, and if no allowance is made for his responsibilities, the consequence will be that a married man with children will earn the same wages as an unmarried man doing similar work: the one will have an ample income, while the other does not receive sufficient to provide proper support for his wife and children. The inequality which thus arises has become more and more clear in consequence of the steady rise in the cost of living which has taken place in recent years.

In France and in certain other countries a system is now in operation whereby supplementary grants, generally known as family allowances, are given to married workers with children in addition to their ordinary wages. The article in the International Labour Review, "Family Allowances in French Industry" gives an account of the system as it has recently rapidly developed in France.

Since 1916 a constantly increasing number of industrial undertakings have paid family allowances to their workers. In order to equalise the expenditure thus involved they have formed compensation funds, to which they pay contributions in proportion to their staff or wages bill: the family allowances are then paid by the compensation funds.

The rate of the allowance differs in different districts. Some funds have a regressive scale under which the worker gets less for the second child than for the first and less for the third than for the second. But most of the funds aim at promoting an increased birthrate and have a progressive scale which increases the amount payable per child with the number of children and some pay a uniform rate for all children. Some funds, finally pay various bonuses in addition to the ordinary allowances, such as maternity and nursing bonuses, and sometimes even a bonus to a workman's wife who is solely occupied in taking care of the family.

# BOMBAY COUNCIL.

## MR. JAFFERBHOY A LALJI'S ELECTION DECLARED VOID.

A Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary announces:—"His Excellency the Governor orders in accordance with the report of the Commissioners appointed for the trial of Mr. Mahomedally Allabux's election petition, that the election of Mr. Jafferbhoy Abdullabhoy Lalji by the Bombay City Muhammadan Urban Constituency on the 5th November 1923 is void."

The grounds on which the petitioner Mr. Mahomedally Allabux called in question the election of Mr. Jafferbhoy A. Lalji were that he was guilty of the corrupt practices of personation with connivance within the meaning of clause 3, part 1, of schedule 4 (as originally numbered) of the Election rules and of hiring or using public conveyances within the meaning of clause 5 of the same Schedule. The parties adduced evidences before the Commissioners in support of their respective contention. The Commissioners in course of their report remarked, "It is impossible for us to avoid the conclusion that many more than 600 voters were carried by taxi cars in the interest of the 1st respondent (Mr. Lalji)".

"We must however record that in our opinion it has been established that about 50 hired taxis were in fact used for promoting the election of the 1st respondent and that the result of the election has thereby been materially affected.

Under Rule 43 we report that the 1st respondent (i.e. Mr. Lalji) has not been duly elected."

# "SWARAJIST'S PROMISE"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Please allow me to support the statement of "A press representative at the Delhi special session," that Mr. Das had declared at Delhi that "he would ask the Swarajists to withdraw if they found themselves in a minority in the Council," published in the "Chronicle of 15/4/24. I was present in the Pandal of the Congress when Mr. Das had given an answer to this effect and his voice was clearly heard and, therefore, I can without any hesitation assure you that the "Representative's" statement is quite true If the Swarajist papers and their leaders are declaring something against this, it is only to deceive the public.—Yours, etc.,

I.A.

# BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

The Conference meets to-day at Santa Cruz under the distinguished presidency of Rai Gopaldas Desai. The public are requested to attend the Conference in large numbers and make it a thorough success.

# PATHAN TERRORISM AT GOREGAON

Mr. P. P. Mhatre in the course of a letter to the Collector, Bombay Suburban District, Bombay, writes:—

On 23rd ultimo some twelve Pathans committed a dacoity on the Ghodbunder Road at 10-30 p.m. They entered the house of a Marwadi by name Gulab Chand Magniram, belaboured his Maistri and two servants and severely wounded the Marwadi and the Maistri Pedro in several places. The Marwadi was, however, so severely wounded that for about 15 days he was in bed and it is only recently he is able to move about, although the wounds have not completely healed up. Another man, a son-in-law of a shop-keeper by name Bhai, who had came forward to rescue the Marwadi, was so badly hit by the dacoits that his eye has been wounded, and he has received a very severe blow on his neck by a heavy stick. I have personally seen all the wounded persons. It was the opinion of Doctors Vaz and Elchidana of Andheri, that had the knife penetrated a little deeper, the spleen of the above-named Marwadi would have ruptured and he would have died.

Next day, i.e., 24th ultimo the dacoits turned their attention to the bungalow of one Mr. Ishwarlal. On the 25th at 9-30 p.m. my servant was attacked, but he ran to my bungalow chased by five Pathans. What happened I need not mention as reports have already appeared in the local newspapers a few days back.

I understand that some three of the gang were arrested at Andheri with clasp-knives on their person.

Another was arrested in the Crawford Co.'s workshop at Andheri with a five-chambered revolver and about 90 cartridges.

Due cognizance will, of course, be taken of the offences committed. But what I particularly want to bring to your notice is the utter helplessness of the residents at Goregaon in particular and of the residents in the suburbs in general in respect of want of Police protection.

There are more than five hundred people residing at Goregaon scattered about here and there and there is not a single policeman. About two years ago, i.e., in 1922, there was some trouble from the Pathans and some arrangement was then made. Now again there is recrudescence of Pathan terrorism. I understand that these Pathans have got a meeting-place in Aramjungle and that they mature their plans there. It is also reported that even the Warlis and Kolis living in huts in the jungle have not escaped from the persecutions and robberies by these ruffians. Whatever small belongings they have they are robbed of them.

It is also reported by the Railway subordinate officials on stations that many Pathans are seen travelling to and from between Grant Road and Borivli at late hours at night. It is very difficult to understand what on earth these Pathans have got to do at night except committing dacoities in the suburbs and returning to Bombay.

An Amritsar, message of April 17th says: The local district board has decided to present a farewell address to the Punjab Governor.

# "COTTON EXCISE DUTY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I read in your to-day's issue a para under the head of "Cotton Excise Duty" where you say that you are informed that a deputation of the Mill-Owners' Association consisting of Mr. Saklatvala—the Chairman—Mr. J. B. Petit and myself waited on Pandit Motilal Nehru the leader of the Swaraj Party—on Tuesday in connection with the Cotton Excise Duty.

I may mention here that we never waited upon Panditji as members of any deputation on behalf of the Mill-Owners' Association. We only discussed with Panditji the question of Excise Duty in our personal capacity and placed our views regarding the removal of Excise Duty.—Yours, etc.,

LALJI NARANJI.

Bombay, April 17.

II

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir.—With regard to the paragraph appearing in your issue of to-day's date, under the heading of "Cotton Excise Duty," I beg to inform you that the Mill-Owners' Association sent no deputation to Mr. Nehru, but the gentlemen named by you met Mr. Nehru in their individual capacity only. I shall thank you to make the necessary correction.—Yours, etc.,

S. D. SAKLATVALA.

Chairman, Bombay Mill-Owners' Association.

April 17.

## VANITA VISRAM BOMBAY.

The following are the extracts from the latest annual report of the Vanita Vishram, Bombay:—

The primary object of founding this institution is to alleviate the condition of Hindu widows by giving them literary, moral and religious education, inculcating in them a spirit of service and sacrifice and thus making them useful and important members of the society. Along with this primary object it is also the object of the Institution to educate married women and unmarried girls and teach them the duties of wives and mothers according to their respective stations in life. The achieve these objects the Institution intends (I) to establish free Ashrams or Homes for poor and destitute Gujrati Hindu widows and Orphan girls, married women and unmarried girls in a position to pay being admitted to the same on payment of reasonable charges for their lodging, boarding and education; (II) to open free Model schools on modern lines for the members of the Ashram and outside ladies and girls for imparting secular, domestic and industrial educatiin, calculttd to render them self-reliant and useful to society (III) to open libraries etc. with a view to provide wholesome literature within the reach of the members and with a view to educate public opinion in favour of institutions similar to those of the Vanita Vishram; (IV) to publish literature and to arrange lectures, calculated to advance the view and object mentioned in it, to give pecuniary or other help to non-resident, poor and destitute widows and orphan girls and to other similar institutions; (VI) to do all other things as are incidental or conducive to or likely to promote the aforesaid objects.

With those objects in view, we have been able to achieve so far the following:—

Three Homes at the following places have been opened, viz. at Surat, Bombay and Rajkot. At these different Houses, widows and orphan girls are lodged, fed and educated free of any charge while such married women and unmarried girls as are in a position to pay are charged nominal fees of rupees twelve and ten in Bombay and rupees ten and eight at other places.

In the death of the Hon. Sir Vithaldas D. Thakersy the Institution suffered an irreparable financial loss as it was this gentleman who was their tower of strength, but in Sheth Madhavji D. Thakersy who filled his brother's place they were confident that the Institution was safe.

SURAT ASHRAM.

*Surat Home.*—This was the first to be launched in the year 1907 by the Founder Trustees, Behan Shivagauri K. Gajjar and Behen Bajigauri D. Munshi at the sacrifice of every thing belonging to them including their Streedhan and assisted by the family members and other beneficent persons.

*Building.*—This Home has a building of its own erected at a cost of Rs. 1,20,000 on an extensive area of land measuring 50 acres, just outside the city near Athva-gate and has accommodation for about 200 inmates. There are at present 79 inmates, 17 whom are widows, 14 married women and the rest unmarried girls.

BOMBAY ASHRAM.

*History of the Building.*—The Bombay Home owes its birth to the magnificent donation of Rs. 50,000 by Shrimati Zaverbai Bhagvandas Narotamdas for the purpose of erecting a building to be named after her. The corner stone of the said building was laid in 1913 and it has cost in all Rs. 1,25,000, the extra amount of Rs. 75,000 being collected by public subscription. It is situated in a good and healthy locality and has accommodation for 75 boarders.

BAI NATHIBAI BOARDING HOUSE.

This owes its birth to the princely donation of Rs. 1,00,000 by the late Sir Vithaldas Damodardas Thakersy for the purpose of establishing a Boarding House at Bombay in memory of his revered mother Shrimati Nathibai. Last year 63 boarders took advantage of this Boarding House, 28 of whom were widows, 2 married ladies and 33 unmarried girls. There are at present therein 67 inmates, 30 widows, 3 married ladies and 34 unmarried girls. We hope the members of the Bhatia community will take advantage of this Boarding House in larger numbers than now.

RAJKOT ASHRAM.

*Rajkot Home*:—This Home was opened in 1921 with a view to give the benefit of such an Institution to the widows and helpless women and girls of Kathiawar. It owes its birth to the generous monthly subscription of Rs. 500 kindly given by Lady Premlila Vithaldas Damodardas Thakersey.

*Building.*—This home has no building of its own and this is a great inconvenience. It usee at present a rented building near the Alfred High School but the rent causes a great strain on the limited resource of the Ashram. In order to have a building of our own on the said plot we require a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 and we trust that the princes and philanthropic gentlemen of Kathiawar would respond to our request and subscribe their mite towards this Fund.

FINANCIAL CONDITION.

This Home has so far no permanent fund and it has to depend solely on public subscriptions. A monthly Subscription of Rs. 500 is being paid from the beginning of this Institute till now by Lady Premlila Vithaldas Thakersey but owing to an increase in number the expenditure has gone up to about Rs. 700 per month. Much of the programme has been given up for paucity of fund and we take this opportunity to appeal to the benevolent princes and other kind gentlemen of Kathiawar to provide us with a permanent endowment fund of an adequate nature and thus to relieve us from our daily anxieties and to free us from begging; so that we may attend minutely to the details of organisation, etc.

BHAVNAGAR INSTITUTE.

*Bhavnagar.*—A similar Institute has been opened in Bhavnagar recently under altogether separate organisation with the help of Rs. 50,000 donation by Sheth Mangaldas Jerhinghbai and Rs. 25,000 by the Bhavnagar State. Expenses of this Ashram are met from the interest of the above endowments and a building for the Institute has been kindly provided for by the state. There are at present 21 boarders there and the founder-trustees with the help of trained Ashram volunteers have been looking after the Institute. This Institute owes its birth to the benevolent donation of the above gentleman and also to the efforts of Sir Prabhashanker Pattani and Lady Ramabai.

The monthly expenses of all the three branches come to about Rs. 6,000 and the Institution therefore is badly in need of a permanent fund of Rs. 12,00,000 to meet the above expenses from its interest. It has at present a permanent fund of Rs. 3,50,000 only and it therefore finds it very hard to meet the expenses as it has to make up for the deficit by public subscriptions. And we appeal to the wealthy members of our Hindu Society to give this Institution the help it so sorely needs. The Institution will welcome not only funds but workers and sympathisers.

# SPORTING NEWS.

## AGA KHAN HOCKEY.

### GYMKHANA COLLAPSE.

B. B. R. F. A. ..... 5 goals.
(D. Lynn 2, Ford 2, H. Kelly 1.)
BOMBAY GYMKHANA ..... 1 goal.
(Cummings 1.)

The replay between Bombay Gymkhana and the B. B. R. F. A. in the second round of the tournament resulted in an easy win for the Brigade men by five goals to one on Thursday. The Gymkhana were unaccountably slow in attack and disconcerted while their defence seemed to fall to pieces in the latter half. D. Lynn put through the first goal in the first two minutes of the game. The R. F. A. team to a man played very well. H. Kelly and Ford being prominent in attack. Hale's bad leg obliged him to change place with Cooper. Turton, the left winger of the Gymkhana was hopelessly off colour while Cummings lost his patience and took several flying shots at the goal. Most of them he missed, giving sticks. The left was being overfed by the half line but the right extreme was the only decent channel of attack. The shifting of Abbott to left extreme has had some effect on the R. F. A. attack which severely tested the Gymkhana defence where King played a cool game. Lynn shot the second goal from an apparently off-side position running back to receive a pass from the right.

The R. F. A. were two goals up at half time and took charge of the ball on resumption. H. Kelly on the right got through the defence several times and sent beautiful passes. The best goal of the evening was scored by H. Kelly who successfully dodged James and Lucas and beat Ireland with a well-placed shot. Before the second moiety was ten minutes old Ford ran through and scored two goals in quick succession. The Gymkhana attack was now aided by James who moved up and sent some passes to the right. Birtwistle got one of these and worked his way down the line and his centre resulted in Cummings shooting the only goal for the Gymkhana. The Waudby Road players made feeble efforts, their half line falling back. Ransford was in rare fettle and staved off some dangerous attacks. The strenuous efforts of the Gymkhana did not materialise as C. Kelly and Cowper put up a stout defence.

The teams were:—

B. B. R. F. A.:—Hale; Cowper and C. Kelly; Rogers, V. Kelly and Banks; H. Kelly, Ford, D. Lynn, Allan and Abbott.

Bombay Gymkhana:—Ireland; King and James; Ransford, Lucas and Moss; Birtwistle, Reade, Micol, Cummings and Turton.

Referees:—Messrs. Kapadia and C. D'Souza.

To-day being Good Friday, there will be no match.

SATURDAY AT 5-30.

Ajmere v. Young Muslims.

## BEIGHTON HOCKEY TOURNMENT

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, April 16.

The surprise of to-day's matches in the first round of the Beighton Hockey Tournament was the defeat of Greer, one of the top teams on the League table this year, by a bottom team E. I. Railway Apprentices by 2 goals to 1 after extra time.

Other results to-day's matches are:—Customs beat the Mahomedan Sporting by 4 goals to 1, B. N. Railway Regiment beat E. B. Railway by 2 goals to 1, E. F. Rifles, Dacca, beat the Town by one goal to nil.

CALCUTTA, April 17.

The first round of the Beighton Hockey Tournament was completed to-day when Telegraph beat Rangers rather unexpectedly by 3 goals to nil. The winners predominated all through.

## DERBY BETTING

LONDON, April 16.

The Derby betting is as follows:—

Ten to one BRIGHT KNIGHT and DONZELON (taken and offered).

Ten to one TOM PINCH (offered).

Hundred to six SANSOVINO.

Twenty to one HURSTWOOD (taken and offered.)

Twenty to one KNIGHT OF GARTER (offered and twenty-five to one taken).

## A. G. I. P. RAILWAY INNOVATION.

### REFRESHMENT COMPARTMENTS FOR THIRD CLASS PASSENGERS.

The G. I. P. have just turned out from their workshop an experimental car to supply refreshments to third class passengers, which is to work on the Delhi Express to and from Bombay and Delhi. The car is fitted with all the conveniences required to supply the eatables usually in demand by Indian passengers, and the refreshment compartment is connected with the carriages on the train by vestibule and corridor, so that the third class Indian passenger may obtain his requirements throughout the journey. Only one such train is to be run for the present, and this will do the journey to and from Bombay twice a week.

The refreshment compartment is located on the train in a position to allow it to be reached from the female compartment on one side, and on the other from the ordinary third class carriages.

The refreshment compartment will supply:—Burfee, Pedha, Jilebi, Halwa, Puri or Kachoree with vegetables, Cakes, Currant and Cheese, Biscuits, Tea, Coffee Milk, Oranges, Sweet Limes, Apples, Plantains, Cigarettes, Bidies, Matches and betel nuts and leaves at popular prices and price list will be displayed above the serving windows.

The attendants will be in uniform, and the service continuous throughout the journey. If the innovation obtains sufficient patronage and is otherwise satisfactory, the other rakes on this service will be similarly equipped.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**
TO
ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.
**RAWLPLUGS**

In view of the widespread demand we have the pleasure to announce that Special Jumping Bits for boring TRAP ROCK are now being supplied by our Principals The Rawlplug Co., Ltd., London.

Besides the usual small sizes Rawlplugs are now also made in super sizes, the largest 2" x 3/4" being capable of withstanding a pull of nearly 4 tons.

With Rawlplugs wall fixtures of any sort can be fixed neatly yet firmly without damage to the wall, and moreover with enormous saving of time and labour. In use all over India.

Literature and price list can be obtained from the Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency and the Punjab:—
H. I. DIXON & CO., LTD.
17/18, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
Telegrams: "NOXID" Telephone No. 20786

**STEEL BEAMS**
**GEO. SERVICE & CO**
**BOMBAY.**

**TILES & MARBLE**
Our Quality Defeats Competition
**SAJAN & Co.,**
No. 12, Green Street, near Imperial Bank, Fort, Bombay.

**NO FIRM HAS TO PAY INCOME TAX OR SUPER TAX**
when each partner pays on his income at his rate. Apply sharp
**Nagindas & Maneklal**
30, Hanuman Building,
Homji Street, Circle, Fort, Bombay.
Tax: No. 22560.

**INDIAN . . MOTOR . . CYCLES . .**
Indian Super-chief has arrived.
**Immediate delivery from stock.**
*SOLE AGENTS*
**Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency, Ltd.,**
16, NEW QUEEN'S ROAD,
**BOMBAY.**
Telegrams "CYCLOSTERS", BOMBAY.
'Phone: 20483.

**LEADING MANUFACTURER**
of embroidered Allovers and Flouncings in St. Gall, Switzerland, seeks direct connection with large reliable importers. Would furnish exclusively to one house if large turnover guaranteed. Payment against documents through Swiss or London Bank. References furnished and required. Apply to Cipher K. 1079 G. PUBLICITAS Ltd., ST. GALL. (Switzerland).

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL IN 1912.
**MOHANLAL & CO., JEWELLERS.**
Telephone No. 21796.
Ghia Mansion, Shaikh Memon Street,
BOMBAY.

**ORIENTAL**
**GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.**
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

| Established | Jubilee Year |
|---|---|
| 1874 | 1924 |

THE LARGEST AND STRONGEST INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Claims Paid Nearly ..... | Rs. 5,00,00,000 |
| Assets Exceed ..... | Rs. 6,00,00,000 |
| Annual Income Exceeds ... | Rs. 1,00,00,000 |
| Policy Holders Number Over | 80,000 |

OFFICES IN

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad, | Delhi, | Nagpur, |
| Ajmer, | Karachi, | Poona, |
| Allahabad, | Kuala Lumpur, | Rangoon, |
| Bangalore, | Lahore, | Rawalpindi, |
| Bombay, | Madras, | Singapore, |
| Calcutta | Mandalay, | Trivandrum, |
| Colombo, | Mangalore, | |

ALL WHO INTEND ASSURING ARE URGED TO DO SO WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY TO REAP THE BENEFIT OF PARTICIPATION IN PROFITS WHICH ARE EXPECTED TO PROVE EXTREMELY SATISFACTORY.

The "Oriental" offers some exceedingly attractive special schemes of Assurance which are proving very popular.

ASK FOR PARTICULARS OF THE COMPANY'S TRIPLE BENEFIT POLICY AND SPECIAL POLICIES FOR CHILDREN.

H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A., Manager.

GODREJ MAKES THREE THINGS
SAFES, SOAPS AND BOILED OIL.
SAFES:—372 Safes were supplied to the Postal Dept. in 1913 for Savings Banks and the order for them was placed with Godrej after a competitive test by fire held in Calcutta by the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.
*FOR SAFES write to*
GODREJ & BOYCE MFG. Co,
PAREL, BOMBAY.
SOAPS:—"Having made a careful and complete analysis of a cake of Toilet Soap sent to me by Mr. A. B. Godrej, I am of opinion that it is a high-grade article which satisfies to the full, all tests applied to it."—Major Dickinson, Chemical Analyser to Government.
BOILED OIL:—Godrej's Boiled Oil is equal in covering and drying properties to best imported oils and is cheaper by 20 per cent.
*FOR SOAPS AND BOILED OIL write to*
GODREJ OIL AND SOAP Co,
SURTI MOHOLLA
DUNCAN ROAD BOMBAY.

A SOUND
INVESTMENT
AN
**Accident**
AND
**Sickness Policy**
THE
NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
ESPLANADE ROAD FORT,
BOMBAY.

**MYSORE PIG IRON**
PIG IRON made at Bhadravati (Mysore State) is the purest and strongest iron yet made in India, because charcoal is used as fuel. Apply MYSORE IRON WORKS, 4th floor, Navsari Building, Fort, Bombay.

**BOYCOTT BRITISH GOODS.**
I offer ELECTRIC MOTORS, Rectifiers, Portable instruments, Dynamos, Ice cream Freezer and Coffee Grinders etc., all AMERICAN at cost price. Goods worth Rs. 35,000. Over 350 motors working in this country.
BABAN GOKHALAY
Opera House, Tram Terminus, Bombay, 4.

"A Remarkable Book"
Is the verdict of the "Servant" of Calcutta and the 'Kaiser-i-Hind" of Bombay about
**The Struggle for Power in India.**
By BERNARD HOUGHTON, I.C.S., (Retired).
Price Re. 1/8 only. V. P. P. 4 As.
Sunshine Publishing House.
Engineer Building, Princess Street, BOMBAY.


## NOTICE.

*To-day being Good Friday the office of "The Chronicle" will be closed. There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper to-morrow.*


# The Bombay Chronicle.

*FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1924.*


## RATIFIED.

The ratification of the Treaty of Peace between England and Turkey is at last complete, and so the "state of war" which has so long arbitrarily divided the Islamic world upon the lines of Europe's crime is at an end. The Ottoman Empire went into the great war, still struggling in the throes of revolution and already bleeding from a thousand wounds received in previous wars; yet the Ottoman Empire came out of the war far from destroyed. When the armistice was arranged, its flag was flying at the gate of Aden and on the holy city of Medina; its influence was still supreme in more than half Arabia, a remnant of its power existed still in Mesopotamia and Syria. Turkey was quite untouched and in the East the armies of the Empire were victorious. They had reconquered many provinces from Russia and had reached the Caspian Sea. The Ottoman Empire could and would have carried on the fight much longer if its rulers had despaired of reasonable treatment from the enemy. But its peoples were suffering extremely, peace seemed worth almost any sacrifice, and the Englishmen who made the armistice appeared to hold out every hope of honourable treatment. England could then have saved the Ottoman Empire. France was willing to do so and Czarist Russia, which alone had stood for the destruction of that Empire was no more. England could have preserved an old imperial structure cognate to her own, of which she understood the nature and the influence. She—or rather a small group of men who wielded all her power at the moment—preferred deliberately to destroy that structure for reasons which, as stated, seem of pure fanaticism. The fair treatment promised at the armistice and previous to the armistice, was never given. As soon as Turkey had disarmed in accordance with the terms of the armistice, the armistice was broken and the Turks received the foulest treatment, we believe, that any modern nation ever gave another. England destroyed the Ottoman Empire. Not only that; she tried to extirpate the Turkish manhood by the hands of the unspeakable, half-savage Greeks. She destroyed the Ottoman Khilafat by holding up the treason of Wahid-ud-din before the horror-stricken eyes of the martyred Turkish people. We say England, but we should rather say the Lloyd-George gang, with the obtuse connivance of the English people, did all this. These statesmen sought—it was quite clearly stated upon more than one occasion—to gratify the "Christian" public by that spectacle of Muslim martyrdom; they wished the Greeks to finish off the splendid Turkish peasantry of Anatolia, who have been the backbone of the Muslim armies for so many centuries. They had calculated all the human chances and had made their preparations to a nicety. But one important factor of the situation was omitted altogether from their calculations, and that was the existence of Almighty God.

To-day those men have all been hurled from power. The Greeks are in a pitiable state, while a victorious Turkey has been able to make peace with the Allies on equal terms. Allahu Akbar! "God is Greater." Instead of the Ottoman Empire which was well-known and well-disposed to England, whose existence was a comfort—and perhaps a stultifying influence—to the Islamic world, England is now faced with a young, efficient and progressive Turkish Republic, and must reckon with progressive, independent movements of Islamic peoples. There is no effective Khilafat for the present, but there will presently arise a new Khilafat, expressing the new spirit in Islam. British diplomacy is not to be congratulated on this wonderful result of all its efforts; but the East may well congratulate itself; and England has no reason for misgiving, much less fear, if she will take to heart the lesson of the *fait accompli* and will realise that the day is past when the East could be bullied or cajoled and cozened into servitude; the day has come for speech as man to man, in all sincerity.

Let us not, in bitterness over the Khilafat muddle, forget the mighty service which the Turks have rendered to Islam. They have restored the frontier against Europe. The enemy are behind them, it is true, but as in a trap. The independence of the Arabs is maintainable as a proposition of practical politics to-day only as a result of the Turkish war of independence. If the Treaty of Sevres had been carried out and the power of Turkey totally destroyed, the British in Egypt, in Palestine and Mesopotamia, and the French in Syria, would have been much more the masters of Arabia than they are to-day. For help the Arabs would have had to look to Russia only, which, from the British point of view, would vastly have increased the "danger" of the situation. We may all thank God that the iniquitous plan of partition of the property of free peoples originally imposed on the Allies by Czarist Russia, and eventually embodied with the necessary modifications in the Treaty of Sevres, has not been able to be carried out; that there is still a chance of readjusting the relations between East and West upon that footing of mutual respect and tolerance which alone can give us an enduring peace. The Arabs hardly less than the Turks themselves have reason to applaud the Turkish victory. Forgetting all our grievances in face of actual and very glorious achievements the whole Muslim world to-day must cry: "God guide and guard and bless the Turkish Nation. Long live the Treaty of Lausanne! Long life to Mustafa Kemal!"

## ANGLO-RUSSIAN CONFERENCE.

The English Press comments on the Anglo-Russian Conference afford a fair indication of the mixed atmosphere of goodwill and suspicion in which it is being held. The capitalistic interests served by the Conservative Press wish both well and ill of the Conference. They are eager for the success of the Conference in so far as it would facilitate the acknowledgment by the Soviet Government of its obligations in respect of debts and other financial liabilities incurred by the Czarist Government and the commercial, industrial and other concessions secured by British businessmen, but they fear that the Russian politicians will prove too clever for them and will go away securing more concessions than they have parted with. In addition, they thoroughly dislike Soviet politics, which are very disturbing to their digestions. It is no wonder, therefore, that these interests should be disquieted by the frank and undiplomatic speech of M. Rakovsky which they are pleased to call "tactless." Truth and fairplay have been so long at discount in the diplomatic circles of Europe that any attempt to reintroduce them is viewed as tactlessness by those breathing the old vitiated atmosphere. But the present British Premier has been asking for the utmost frankness and one may be sure that he at least will not complain of the "tactlessness" of the Russian delegate.

M. Rakovsky has been frank enough. Mr. MacDonald is anxious to arrive at a complete understanding with Russia regarding the commercial and political questions which affect both countries. The Russian delegate declares that his Government is no less anxious for such an understanding and that the same can be arrived at by comprehending carefully each other's view-points. M. Rakovsky lays all the cards of his Government on the table and calls upon Mr. MacDonald, too, to do the same. He says that his Government is committed to the freedom of nations all the world over and has abjured for ever the Czarist policy of conquest. A necessary corollary of this policy would be that the Soviet Government will not countenance the exploitation of weaker nations by stronger ones, though the latter may be friendly disposed towards Russia. M. Rakovsky thus plainly hints that Soviet "propaganda" will not cease until the principle of freedom of nations, small and big, is acknowledged in deed as well as word by all European Governments. Unless the Labour Government repudiates the principle, one does not see how it can object to Russian "propaganda" so long as the same is conducted on general lines and does not take the shape of active interference in the internal affairs of other countries or is not directed towards the violent overthrow of the Governments of those countries. M. Rakovsky also declares his Government's readiness to join the League of Nations, provided it excludes measures of coercion and reprisal and provided all Governments enter it of their own free will and on a footing of equality. Above all he insists on a revision of the Treaty of Versailles and other treaties connected with it, which have been the cause of so much misery all the world over. Alarmed at the prospect of the British Government taking any steps, jointly with Russia, calculated to upset the Versailles Treaty, M. Poincare has uttered a veiled threat that France will not permit of such a course. The attitude of France is petulantly selfish. She refuses to take part in the work of salving European civilisation from the shipwreck of the last War.

## INDIA'S "SERVANTS"

The special cable from London which we publish elsewhere sheds instructive sidelight on the so-called Indian debate in the Commons on Tuesday night. It fills up some important gaps characteristically left in the perfunctory and incomplete report of Reuter's agency. The importance attached to India by the Labour Government and the leading figures in Parliament was evidenced by the deserted front benches and particularly by the absence of the Prime Minister. A Royal Commission would, of course, not satisfy India, but the special cable unravels the mystery of the failure to move the Liberal amendment for its appointment. The explanation is found in the active canvassing by Sir Alfred Mond and Sir Malcolm Hailey. That Sir Malcolm Hailey is an uncompromising enemy of India's freedom, of course, did not require this additional proof. Sir Alfred Mond, it will be remembered, was, for a considerable time, a guest at the Viceregal Lodge and was a frequent visitor to the Legislative Assembly during its last session. His visit to India evidently was not inspired only by domestic considerations. That he should have repaid the hospitality he enjoyed at the Viceregal Lodge at the expense of the tax-payer in the manner in which he is reported to have done, is not surprising and his activities lend sinister significance to the rumour that Lord Reading is proceeding to England next month on leave to confer with the Labour Government with regard to the Indian situation. We have seen how Sir Malcolm Hailey is serving the country whose salt he has eaten and it is not difficult to realize how Lord Reading, the arch-reactionary, will "serve" her when he proceeds "Home" on leave under the legislation just passed.

# Notes of the Day.

### "Et Tu Brute!"

Poor Sir Maurice Hayward! Even Mr. J. B. Petit, whose opinions he had quoted in justification of the Government's opposition to the removal of the ban on Mr. Horniman's return to India, has sadly failed him! Nay, Mr. Petit has proceeded to criticise Sir Maurice in terms which must make the latter wince and exclaim, "Et tu Brute!" Mr. Petit, like some members of the Government, had his differences with Mr. Horniman, but, unlike the officials, he has not allowed these differences to pervert his sense of fairplay and blind him to the public services of Mr. Horniman. Rightly has Mr. Petit asked what have Mr. Horniman's differences with his employers or his personal shortcomings to do with the question of his return to India. "The entire attitude of the Government in this matter from the very beginning of this drama," Mr. Petit said, "is one long story of personal rule, exposing the worst phases of autocracy and an utter disregard of the wishes and sentiments of the people."

### Unworthy of Englishmen.

Neither Mr. Petit, nor Messrs. Azad, Jamnadas and Trivedi, who spoke at the public meeting held under the auspices of the Parsi Rajakiya Sabha, let it be noted, are Non-co-operators, but they felt no hesitation in declaring that the attitude taken up by the Government of Bombay towards Mr. Horniman was unworthy of a great Government and unworthy of a nation which had given shelter to foreign revolutionaries like Mazzini and Garibaldi. The verdict of the local Council has shown that the majority of non-officials are decidedly in favour of the removal of the ban. In these circumstances, it would be a travesty of the truth to say that not merely the official world but the public of the Presidency also are in favour of refusing a passport to Mr. Horniman.

### The Calcutta Corporation.

Looking to the composition of the newly-elected Corporation of Calcutta, it was a foregone conclusion that Deshbandhu Das would be elected Lord Mayor—we wish an appropriate Indian word for the post had been selected—should he declare his willingness to accept the post. But his election is no less appropriate on that account. Too long have positions of honour and privilege in this country been monopolised by Europeans and the nominees of Government and Indians kept in the background. But the latter are now coming to their own, despite all obstacles placed in their way. The ward has seen through the camouflage of "trusteeship" and is determined to possess himself of the heritage of his forefathers. The last elections of the Calcutta Corporation have shown that it is not the masses who are unprepared to enjoy the widened franchise, but it is those who "grant" the franchise who are suspicious and halting. The Congressmen swept the board in the elections under the brilliant leadership of Deshbandhu Das and it is but fitting that they should instal their generalissimo at the head of the Corporation. Calcutta, Bombay, Allahabad, Ahmedabad, Poona, Patna, Benares and Nagpur—to name only a few of the leading Municipalities of India—are thus presided over by Congressmen. In his speech, Deshbandhu Das while ridiculing the suggestion that a Corporation dominated by Congressmen would be either anti-European or anti-Government, made it quite clear that the only policy which would be recognised by him and his fellow-Congressmen in future would be that of "fair-play and no favour" to all communities and classes of citizens, whether they be Europeans or otherwise. The Corporation would be "anti-European," if Europeans strive to subordinate the interests of the city as a whole to their own interests, and "anti-Government," if Government oppose the interests of the children of the soil. The Deshbandhu may be congratulated on the richly-deserved honour done to him as well as on his courageous declaration of the future policy of the Corporation.

### The Railway Gratuity.

We publish elsewhere an article by Mr. C. F. Andrews which speaks for itself. As Mr. Andrews points out, the British Parliament acting through the Secretary of State for India declared in July 1922 that no gratuity could be forfeited owing to participation in a Railway strike unless that strike had already been declared illegal and the answer given by Sir Charles Innes in the last session of the Assembly makes it quite clear that no strike in 1921 and 1922 was declared illegal. The forfeiture of gratuity for participation in strikes of these years is, therefore, indefensible, but evidently the Railway authorities concerned have no respect for the decision of Parliament. The hard case of Mr. Abdul Kasim is not an isolated one and we trust that other fellow-victims of his will communicate with Mr. Andrews. In this connection the Government of Bombay owe it to the dismissed employees of the G. I. P. Railway Matunga Workshops, at least, to see that their gratuities are paid to them, if they are not able to intervene, as they ought to, and secure the cancelling of the notices of their dismissal.

### Municipal Commissioner's Defiance.

We are amazed at the attitude adopted by the Municipal Commissioner in the Standing Committee on Wednesday on the question of recovering the cost of a damaged street lamp post from one Mr W. S. Reid, and his utter disregard of the tax-payer's interests. Throughout the discussion he adopted a dogmatic tone and seemed determined not to be amenable to reason. The question was very simple. All that the Standing Committee wanted was that the amount of damage should be recovered from the owner of the motor car, but the Commissioner shifted his position from time to time and wanted to consult counsel and a solicitor. Where was the objection in filing a suit, when the Committee wanted it? The Committee is appointed by the Corporation and it is responsible to the tax-payers of the city, and if any expenditure is incurred needlessly there is the Corporation to take the Committee to task. Has the Commissioner committed himself to a particular line of action as far as Mr. Reid is concerned? Why else does he refuse to take any action in spite of the orders of the Standing Committee to file a suit? We await with interest further developments in this matter. The Committee, if it has any self-respect, should not take the matter lying down, but must justify itself in the eyes of the public. The Commissioner, too, must realize that there are members in the Committee who will not put up with defiance.

### Flouting the Corporation.

The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, again, continues to disobey the resolution of the Corporation against purchasing Empire-made goods. At the last meeting of the Standing Committee, had it not been for the vigilance of Mr. Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee, the whole matter would have been passed over, as of no consequence, and the Commissioner would have ridden roughshod over the wishes of the citizens roughshod over the wishes of the citizens of Bombay. The question was the purchase of hospital bandage and the Commissioner wanted the Standing Committee to believe that even this article is not made in this country! This is not the only instance when he has purchased British goods in preference to those made in this country, in spite of the Corporation's resolution to the contrary, and we think it is essential that the whole question should again be raised in the Corporation and a definite decision arrived at whether the Commissioner should be allowed to do as he likes in such important matters, or must be compelled to obey the mandate of the Corporation whose servant he is.

## THE INDIAN DEBATE

### A COMPLETE FIASCO.

### DIEHARD INTRIGUE AGAINST PROTECTION,

LONDON, April 17.

Last night's Indian debate was a complete fiasco. There was an air of pretence and futility all over the speeches. The front benches were deserted; the Prime Minister was absent which was adversely commented upon by Mr. Hope Simpson. The Liberal amendment asking for a commission of inquiry was not moved, as a result of active canvassing by the father-in-law of the Viceroy's son, Sir Alfred Mond and Sir Malcolm Hailey. Mr. Richards' handling of the debate as Government spokesman was most inane and it was doubted whether from the Indian standpoint he makes a better Under-Secretary than the reactionary, die-hards, Winterton. The present lively interest in India here is solely due to what the Assembly and the Councils have done during the last three months and if they unhesitatingly develop their present line of action undeterred by official and un-official propaganda, they will surely win the day. It is futile to expect any political party to help them unless they have proved the present system unworkable, as they have lately done. If all parties in the Assembly work together Swaraj will be theirs sooner than is thought. They must ignore equally all official approaches and threats.

The Labour Party is being worked up against the proposed tariff protection to Indian steel industry under the pretext of free trade and this attempt to ruin an Indian industry will succeed if the Assembly meeting in Simla next month does not unanimously pass the tariff proposals protecting the steel industry. India cannot forget that the free trade principles of the Liberal Party did not prevent them in 1894 from imposing Indian cotton excise duties.

## THE AIR RACE.

### PREMIER'S ASSURANCE

LONDON, April 16.

The question of disarmament was raised in the House of Commons, to-day, by Brigadier-General Seely who referred to France's great air force. He did not believe it was directed against us, but others were joining the air race. Mr. Macdonald replied that he intended, immediately some of the present difficulties in Europe were removed, to face seriously the question of armaments. Not merely was it most important that there should be no reason for misunderstanding between France and Britain but other Powers were participating in the unfortunate air race and it would be far better if we would get some sort of Washington agreement so that France, Italy, ourselves and everybody else would feel some measure of security.—Reuter.

## "A DISAPPOINTING SPEECH."

### RUSSIAN PRESS ON MACDONALD'S SPEECH.

LONDON, April 17.

Moscow.—Disappointment is expressed here at Mr. Macdonald's speech at the Anglo-Russian Conference.

The "izvestia" says under the cloak of a Sunday sermon appear hard demands of the British bankers' the acceptance of which will change the whole socialistic Soviet system.—Reuter.

## IMMIGRATION TO U. S. A.

### PROHIBITED FOR FIVE YEARS.

LONDON, April 17.

Washington.—The Senate voted down today an amendment to the Immigration Bill prohibiting immigration for five years.—Reuter.

## SENATE REAPPROVES JAPANESE EXCLUSION.

LONDON, April 16.

Washington.—Certain amendments meeting the latter's position formally rejected by the Senate by 71 votes to 4 reapproved the Japanese exclusion amendment to the Immigration Bill.—Reuter.

## COAL INDUSTRY DISPUTE.

LONDON, April 16.

A joint meeting of the representatives of coal-owners and miners have agreed to the terms on which operations will continue pending the report of the Court of Inquiry.—Reuter.

## PROSPECT OF UNDERSTANDING

LONDON, April 16.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Shaw stated that there was every prospect of an understanding in the coal mining dispute by which it was hoped to bring about peace in the mining industry for a very considerable time.—Reuter.

A Gas Geyser gives a supply of boiling water for a bath in a few minutes, a gas circulator keeps water constantly hot and available any hour of the day or night: there is no tedious wait for hot water.

18521

## INSTALLATION OF NEW MAYOR.

### MR. DAS ON AIMS OF CORPORATION.

### NOT ANTI-EUROPEAN OR ANTI-GOVERNMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 16.

Mr. C. R. Das was elected and installed Mayor of Calcutta to-day amid scenes of considerable enthusiasm. The election took place after the Councillors and Aldermen had taken their oath of allegiance. At the first business meeting of the Corporation, only two candidates were proposed for the Mayoralty. They were Messrs. Das and W. S. J. Wilson. Mr. Preonath Mullick, the oldest member of the Corporation stated that though he was a candidate for the Mayoralty he withdrew in favour of Mr. Das who was his preceptor in politics. Mr. Wilson had only thirteen supporters, while 59 councillors supported Mr. Das's election.

Mr. H. S. Suharwardy, being the only name proposed for the Deputy Mayor's post, he was also declared elected.

The installation of Mr. Das as Mayor was carried on amidst deafening shouts of "Bande Mataram" and Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai." Flowers were showered on Mr. Das who was also garlanded.

Mr. Wilson, the defeated candidate, was the first to congratulate Mr. Das. Mr. Wilson said that he had not the slightest doubt that Mr. Das would discharge the duties of his office as the President as efficiently and fairly as his predecessors had done, and that he would worthily maintain the dignity and traditions of the Corporation.

The representatives of the Indian Christian, Mahomedan, Gujarati and Marwari communities congratulated Mr. Das and paid a tribute to his great abilities and his interest in all classes in the city. Mr. Das was also congratulated on behalf of the Aldermen.

AIMS OF NEW CORPORATION.

Mr. Das in returning thanks, said that he considered the honour which the councillors had conferred on him was more on account of the cause which he represented than as a personal matter. The object of that cause for which he had worked for the past fifteen years was the building up of the pan-Indian nationality consisting of diverse classes and communities. He assured them that they would not find the Corporation sacrificing the interests of any community unless it were compelled to do so for the common good of all other communities.

It has been said that the Corporation was going to be anti-Government. The programme of work which he would place before them would show what their schemes would be, and if, in any way, that carrying out of their progrmme went against the Government, then that fact could only be considered as a censure on Government. Mr. Das emphasised that the policy of the Corporation, if it accepted his advice, would be not that of obstruction. His policy was not to destroy but to carry out the constructive programme.

They were not there to enter into conflict with Government, but if they were driven to that stage then they would not fail to take up the challenge. It has been said that the Corporation would henceforth be anti-European. He asked, whether it was necessary to be anti-European if they were pro-Indian. It has been said that the Corporation would neglect the European quarter of the city. He was sure the Europeans in the Corporation did not share that view. (cies of "No"). If one part of the City only was to be improved at the cost of the other parts then he might say that the Corporation would be anti-European.

Mr. Das outlined the programme of work in the Corporation which would include free and primary education, free medical relief for the poor, pure and cheaper milk, supplying of housing accommodation for the poor, better sanitation, an increased and better water supply, development of the suburban areas and a better and more efficient administration of the Corporation at a cheaper cost. He did not suggest that they would be able to accomplish all these objects within the next three years, but he assured the Corporation that they would sincerely try to carry them out, and he appealed to all to co-operate in the task.

## MORE JATHAS FOR JAITO

### EXPECTED ARREST OF FOURTH JATHA

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, April 17.

The local Akali newspaper is responsible for the news that the Parbandhak Committee contemplates sending a sixth Shahidi Jatha of 500 strong from Amritsar to Jaito. This Jatha will traverse Gurdaspore countryside area through which the other Jathas have not passed so far.

The fourth Shahidi Jatha that reaches Jaito to-morrow will, it is understood, be arrested in the same manner as previous ones.

## MCKENNA DUTIES TO LAPSE.

LONDON, April 17.

Mr. Snowden has decided to allow the McKenna duties to lapse. This 33 per cent. *ad valorem* duty on imported films, timepieces, motor cars and musical instruments will be dropped. The Cabinet is likely to endorse his decision.—Reuter.

## COMMONS ADJOURN TO APRIL 29

LONDON, April 16.

The House of Commons has adjourned to April 29th.—Reuter.

London.—The House of Commons on Wednesday passed the third reading of the Trade Facilities Bill.—Reuter.

# THE JAITO FIRING.

## PEACEFUL AND UNARMED CROWD.

## FIREARMS STORY CONTRADICTED.

## AN AMERICAN JOURNALIST'S LETTER TO MAHATMA.

Mr. Zimand, the American journalist, who, it will be remembered, was served with an order not to enter the Nabha territory along with Dr. Kitchlew and Mr. Gidwani, on the occasion of the Jaito firing has sent the following letter to Mahatma Gandhi about the firing at Jaito:—

c/o Brown Shipley and Co.,
122-123 Pall Mall,
London,
9—4—24.

Mahatma Gandhi,
Andheri,
Bombay Presidency.

Dear Mr. Gandhi,

On the eve of my departure from India I want to tell you again how fortunate I consider myself to have had the opportunity of visiting your land. I want to use this opportunity of thanking through you, your innumerable friends and countrymen for their gracious hospitality, unfailing courtesy and generous help they have rendered to me during my whole stay in India.

At my interview with you at Juhu, Bombay, you asked me a few questions about the occurrences at Jaito on February 21st of this year. I feel that in my anxiety to find out your views on the different political and social problems, I monopolised the long time which you kindly grave me and neglected to give a coherent description of what actually occurred at Jaito. I shall therefore try to tell you now as truthfully as I know how about the incident at Jaito. I am especially anxious to send you my version of the incident because my name has repeatedly been mentioned in this connection by the press.

On the morning of February 20th I arrived in Amritsar. According to my previous arrangements I was to leave on the morning of the next day for Peshawar. A few hours after my arrival I decided to proceed to Jaito. I started from Amritsar by motor with Mr. Gidwani, Dr. Kitchlew and a Sikh gentleman whose name I cannot re-call at present. We motored the whole day and after dusk we reached Bargari village where the Jatha was encamped. It was in Faridkot State territory.

After the evening meal in a tent which was put at our disposal, I visited the different tents where the Jatha was resting. All was very peaceful orderly. I went back to my tent and about 10 p.m. I walked out again. I noticed that a religious service was being held and that about 2,000 villagers (from near-by places and also from Bargari village) were listening to the recitation of the Sikh scripture. I passed the night together with Mr. Gidwani and Dr. Kitchlew. These two gentlemen were with me all the time. They did not address the crowd and as I followed them step by step I can say that they held no conferences whatever with the Jatha. All three of us retired at the same time.

NO FIREARMS.

On the morning of February 21st we went out to see the village. I saw a number of policemen and officers near the camp. I went back to the place where the Jatha was encamped and looked very carefully over the whole body of men, Jatha and Sangat, assembled there. *I had the opportunity of observing practically the entire Jatha and the crowds accompanying the Jatha. I did not see anyone carrying fire-arms or any other weapons.*

The recitation of what the Sikhs call 'Ars-Ki-Var' was over a little after 9 a.m. No speeches were delivered. By 11 o'clock the Jatha and Sangat took their morning meals at the nearby Gurdwara. About the same time I took another look around the open place where the Jatha was encamped and went into the interior of the village. Near the open space groups of good-humoured people were amusing themselves.

About twelve noon the Jatha started for Jaito. I suggested to Mr. Gidwani and Dr. Kitchlew that we might proceed in our motor ahead of the procession. First we walked for a mile and the car went ahead. On the way I noticed crowds of people waiting for the Jatha with refreshment and others were clearing the roads from branches and leaves. We entered the motor again and drove for nearly two miles. I again asked that the car be stopped that I may again observe the Jatha in their marching order and also those who were accompanying the Jatha.

I would estimate the crowd following the Jatha at about 7,000, men and women of all ages and children. Those following the Jatha and the people who were waiting for the arrival of the Jatha were shouting "Sat Shri Akal". There was no element of disturbance anywhere.

As soon as the Jatha got near we got into the car again and drove ahead near the Nabha frontier. As yet none of us had entered the Nabha State. At the frontier there were a number of uniformed officers and one in plain clothes on horseback. One of them approached and asked us to stop the car. This request was immediately complied with. Then the officer handed over to Dr. Kitchlew a paper which Dr. Kitchlew read. It was an order from the Administrator for the Jatha. Dr. Kitchlew and Mr. Gidwani said that the paper was not meant for them because they did not belong to the Jatha. I stood up in the car and said, 'I am here merely as an observer.' The officer in plain clothes asked my name and galloped towards Jaito. That was the last I saw of him.

While there had been no direct order stopping any of us from entering I said that I should await the answer of the authorities, thinking all the time that the officer who had galloped towards Nabha would bring back some word.

At 1-50 p.m. the Jatha passed into the Nabha State. No official presented to them the paper from the Administrator which was handed over to Dr. Kitchlew. In fact by this time there were no officials at the frontier. The Jatha moved closely. The crowds were moving mostly in the rear and on the right of the Jatha. There were only a few people in front. Five Nishan Sahibs were in front and Guru Grouth Sahib was in the middle of the Jatha. The crowds were shouting "Sat Sri Akal". *The whole procession passed in front of me and again I saw no one carrying fire arms or weapons of any kind.* I saw the usual Sikh Kirpan and about 500 in the crowd had sticks. The latter were of the usual sort carried by farmers.

We waited for some time on the Nabha frontier and then Mr. Gidwani sent a joint note to the Administrator asking him if we might proceed to Jaito. No answer came to this note.

THE FIRING.

At 2-45 p.m. the first firing started. *The firing was in regular volley and there were no desultory shots.* This lasted for fully two minutes, i.e., from 2-45—2-47 p.m. At 2-55 p.m., I heard the second firing. It sounded like the first. It lasted till 2-58 p.m. That was all the firing I heard. None after and none before.

A short time after the second firing a young chap brought the news that there were many deaths and casualties and said that no arrangements had been made to take care of the wounded. It was at this juncture that Dr. Kitchlew and Mr. Gidwani decided to motor to Jaito in order that they might take care of the wounded. Up to this time Mr. Gidwani had been saying to me that he would not enter the Nabha State without permission from the authorities. Only after the bad news came of the wounded left uncared for he felt that it was his duty to go to help to make adequate arrangements. I am convinced that had it not been for the news which aroused his concern for the wounded people Mr. Gidwani would not have entered the State.

I did not enter Nabha territory because while there was yet no order stopping me from entering I was waiting to hear what the authorities had to say.

At about 3-30 p.m. a mounted officer who told me that his name was Sardar Fateh Singh of Faridkot, accompanied by six or seven policemen approached me at the boundary line of the Nabha and Faridkot territory where I was waiting. Sardar Fateh Singh enquired my name and asked me "whether I still intended to enter Jaito." I replied that I wanted to enter Jaito and waited to hear from the authorities.

ORDERED TO LEAVE.

He replied that I "was ordered to leave the State territory at once."

"But," said I, "I have not entered Nabha territory at all."

"You are asked," said he in reply, "to leave both Faridkot and Nabha territories at once."

I then told Mr. Fateh Singh that I was waiting for the car.

"That is just it," said he, "I did not want to let you wait indefinitely because the car will not return."

I was then led by the officer in the direction of the Jaito railway station. We had walked only a few steps when I sighted the motor in which I had come. I said that I preferred to go back by car. The officer assented to this and asked me to sign a paper saying that I was leaving the State territory at once. This I did.

I asked the Sardar if he would tell me who was responsible for the order. He gave me no direct reply to this question.

"But," said he, "if you want to explain your position you had better write a letter to Colonel Minchin, Agent of the Governor-General for the Punjab States." I wrote the letter on the spot and handed it over to him.

In connection with this letter I read in a statement printed in the "Bombay Chronicle" of March 28th that the Administrator of Nabha told Dr. Kitchlew "that Mr. Zimand had apologised." What I did in the very hurriedly written letter was to explain my position, and I ended up with the words: "If in my ignorance I have committed any offence I wish to apologise." The authorities knew very well that I had committed no offence and that this last phrase was a mere sign of courtesy. If there were to be any apology the apology

(Continued on page 10.)

## ALL ACQUITTED.

### ALIPUR CONSPIRACY TRIAL.

### JUDGE'S REMARKS ON POLICE METHODS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 17.

Agreeing with the unanimous verdict of the jury, who found two accused 'not guilty' and gave five others benefit of doubt, the Additional Sessions Judge of Alipur to-day acquitted all the seven accused in what is known as the Alipur Conspiracy case. In the course of his judgment the Additional Sessions Judge remarked that the approver's evidence was full of discrepancies and prevarications and lacked corroboration in many respects.

Regarding the conduct of the police, he observed that there was no justification for holding that it was entirely a false case got up by the police. On the contrary circumstances showed that it was possible for the police to procure corroborative evidence by tutoring witnesses, but they did not do so. But in his opinion the mistake which the police made was in relying too much on the statements and too little on extraneous corroborative evidence.

JUDGE'S OBSERVATIONS.

The Judge expressed his strong disapproval of the fact that confessing prisoners were kept in police custody for a fortnight before being produced before the magistrate to have their confessions recorded. He considered that detention was made in lawful exercise of magisterial powers of Deputy Commissioners of Police and the reason for detention appeared to have been that prisoners were being closely examined by the police officers. The statements of Sindhu Bhusan Ghose and the approver were recorded on different dates August 7th and August 11th. They were not produced before the magistrate till 21st August and 20th August respectively. That might have been a valuable aid to investigation. But, if it was intended to use confession as evidence, it was a most unwise thing to do. Long detention in police custody had always been regarded as not ensuring voluntary confession and in the present case recording of confession appeared to have been regarded as a mere formality to be complied with in the course of investigation. If it was thought that was justified by magisterial powers of Deputy Commissioners, he disagreed with that view entirely. Another difficulty was created by the manner in which confessions had been recorded. The reasons for recording confessions in jail and not in court were not mentioned. But enquiries as to the detention in police custody, warning and caution addressed to prisoners was not sufficiently explicit and in the case of Sindhu Bhusan Ghose the fact that hours' time was given for reflection was not noted.

RE-ARRESTED!

Immediately after release four of the accused Santhosh, Subodh, Naren and Dhiren were re-arrested under section 54 of the criminal procedure code (suspected to be implicated in cognizable offence.)

## TWO REARRESTED.

### UNDER SECTION 54 C. P. C.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 17.

There was a sequel to the Alipur Conspiracy case in the High Court this evening. In this case seven accused were charged with conspiracy to commit murder and dacoity and over acts alleged to have been committed by them in the recent political crimes committed in Calcutta and suburbs including the Sankaritolla Post master murder. Kona dacoity in which two zemindars were shot read, robbery at Uttangidi post office and three other robberies committed in Calcutta.

After all the accused had been acquitted by the Sessions Judge, the police arrested four of them and in connection with these arrests application was made by Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta before Justices Greaves and Duval for issue of "Habeas corpus" writ. Mr. Sen Gupta said that when arrests were made police officers said they were being arrested under Regulation Three. Being asked to produce warrants or order police officers said that arrests were made under section 54 of Criminal Procedure Code, but they could not produce any warrant. Counsel said that on the face of it it was a subterfuge on the part of the police to make use of section 54 and detain the prisoners until they could persuade Government to issue orders under Regulation Three.

Their lordships issued rule on the Commissioner of Police to produce the prisoners at 4-30 p.m. and to show cause why they should not be released.

WARRANTS FROM GOVT. OF INDIA.

Just before the rising of the court the Standing Counsel appeared on behalf of the Commissioner of Police and said that four warrants from the Government of India for detention of these persons under Regulation Three were issued addressed to the Superintendent of the Presidency Jail. These warrants came to the Police Commissioner, who deputed four officers, each with a warrant. The men were arrested and taken to the jail superintendent, to whom warrants were made over.

Their lordships discharged the rule.

## LT. MACLAREN REACHES ATHENS

LONDON, April 16.

Athens.—Lt. Maclaren arrived here today.—Reuter.

## COMMISSION NOT WANTED.

### THE MINIMUM DEMAND.

### MR. PATEL ON PROF. RECHARD'S SPEECH.

Mr. V. J. Patel, the leader of the Swaraj Party in Bombay, interviewed by the representative of "The Chronicle" said:

"I am not satisfied at all with the statement of Professor Richards. I am glad a Royal Commission is refused, because it would have been very difficult to keep the National Party together. We never wanted a Royal Commission. What we want is a Round Table Conference. The idea of a Royal Commission is really based on the existing provisions of the Government of India Act, the preamble of which we have never accepted. We claim the right to determine the time and measure of each advance, and as a representative of the Congress when I gave evidence before the Joint Parliamentary Committee, I, speaking on behalf of the Congress, repudiated the suggestion that the British Government were the judges of the time and measure of each advance. We have called this claim the right of determining our own destinies. Prof. Richards in concluding his speech observes that His Majesty's Government views with grave concern the estrangement between Britain and the elected representatives of the Indian people and therefore desires to establish a contact with them hoping a way might be found by a full, frank interchange of views to establish a lasting peace and enduring co-operation for the well-being of both India and the whole Empire. A similar statement was made by Lord Olivier in the House of Lords a couple of months ago. I do not know when and how they propose to find out the methods for so doing. I am afraid the British Government is not serious in this matter for, according to Prof. Richards, the Swarajists are to be excluded from giving evidence before the Government of India Committee or otherwise helping them. Is this really the method by which Prof. Richards and Lord Olivier propose to establish a contact with the Swarajists? As for the Swarajists, I am perfectly certain that they will have nothing to do with the Government of India Committee. As a matter of fact, if I understand the mind of the Swarajists, they will boycott that Committee. Nothing short of a full acceptance of the resolution adopted by the Assembly regarding the Round Table Conference for framing a constitution for India can and will satisfy the Swarajists and establish that contact necessary both in the interests of India and the whole Empire. Till then we will go on agitating, realising that if agitation ceases death supervenes."

## LABOUR GOVT.'S GREATEST MISTAKE.

### MR. M. A. JINNAH INTERVIEWED.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah was interviewed yesterday by our representative regarding the speech delivered by Prof. Richards in the Commons on India. Mr. Jinnah expressed himself deeply disappointed with it, and said it was likely to alienate even people like himself, who really wished to reform the Reforms.

Q:—What do you think of Prof. Richards' speech in the Commons?

Answer.—I think the Labour Government have made the greatest mistake in taking up the attitude which is indicated in Prof. Richards' speech.

Q:—Do you think such attitude on the part of the Labour Government will conciliate the Swarajists?

Answer:—No, certainly not! Well, it will alienate even that section of public opinion to which I belong, who sincerely desire that the Reforms should be reformed, unless the Government concede without further delay that the Government of India Act should be amended. And for that purpose investigation should be taken in hand at once. The country will otherwise lose all faith even in the Labour Government.

Q:—Are you satisfied with the departmental enquiry with which the Government of India are proceeding, and to which Prof. Richards refers?

Answer:—No! But in his speech there is one bright thing which appears to me to be satisfactory, because he gives an assurance that in connection with that enquiry the representatives of the people will be consulted and given an opportunity to put forward their views. How that is going to be done is a thought about remains to be seen. But if before any proposals are formulated the representatives of the Assembly are consulted, the result of that enquiry may bear some fruit. But, what I want to make clear is that the enquiry is confined only, as it was definitely announced by Sir Malcolm Hailey, to the discovery of the defects in the working of the Act and limited to such advance as is possible within the rule-making powers given under the Act. That enquiry does not commit the Government to amend the Act, or the constitution, for the purpose of making further advance in the constitution, such as doing away with diarchy altogether, or introducing any responsibility in the Central Government. The real issue, as I have said before, is that the Act must be amended, and unless the Act is amended no responsibility can be introduced in the Central Government under the provisions of the Act, as at present it exists. It is a pity that the British Parliament never makes a move, unless it brings about a terrible crisis, and if this question is allowed to drag on for any one

(Continued on next page.)

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated to a nicety impossible with solid fuel.

18520

# NATIONAL DEMAND.

## WORK IN ASSEMBLY.

## PT. MOTILAL'S SPEECH.

The following is the full text of the speech delivered by Pandit Motilal Nehru in the Marwari Vidyalaya on the 15th April.

Brothers and Friends:—The fact that I am staying in a seaside house, in the vicinity of the residence of Mthatma Gandhi at Juhu, has given rise to a good deal of speculation in the press and among friends. We are supposed to be engaged on interminable discussions on the question of Council Entry, and many an intelligent anticipation has been made as to the results of these discussions. We are pictured by enterprising copy hunters as fighting and embracing each other by turns, and the reports published from time to time represent the particular attitude which seizes the fancy of our journalist friends for the moment. I have a shrewd suspicion that many of you have come here to-night in the expectation of hearing some authoritative pronouncement from one of the principal parties concerned. I am happy to say that I shall not disappoint you altogether. The authoritative announcement I have to make is that we have neither fought, nor embraced each other yet. I hope this will satisfy you. (Laughter.)

### PRESS COMPLIMENTS.

Now to turn to what is actually happening. For my part, I am living a sort of animal life, spending more time on my bodily health than on the political movements of the day. It is true that I have not entirely ceased to be human, and continue to be a bit interested in politics. It is true also that Mahatmaji and I meet very frequently and that our talk traverses a wide range of public questions, including Council Entry. But so far there has only been a general exchange of views, which I hope you will not expect me to disclose. As for compromises and understandings, we have not yet seen them even in draft, much less discussed them. Indeed it is not my business to-night to enter into the ethics of Council Entry, nor to indulge in comparative study of the respective points of view of the pro-changers and the No-changers. We have had enough of this in the past. The occasion to enter into these again has not arisen. It may or may not arise. After the Delhi and Cocanada resolutions of the Congress it ought not to arise at least during the life of the present Councils. But if it does arise, it will be time then, to discuss it. For the present, it is enough to say that I have advocated Council Entry and have myself entered the Assembly after a most careful consideration of the whole question: after spending many a sleepless night and many a restless day over it. And every moment of time that has elapsed since has confirmed and reconfirmed the opinion I then formed. I claim that the result so far achieved has fully justified that opinion. The future lies in the lap of the gods. It is not given to me to pierce the veil of futurity with anything like prophetic vision. The position I take is, a simpler and humbler one. I appear before you to-night as a plain Swarajist member of the Assembly to discharge what I conceive to be a solemn duty. I know of no duty more solemn than that undertaken by one who seeks the suffrage of his countrymen, and is chosen by them as their representative. Whatever the electorate that chooses him, his duty according to my conception extends to the public at large. This is more specially the case with a member of the Legislative Assembly who has to deal with all-India problems, and is therefore accountable to the people of India as a whole and not merely to his own constituents. That being so, I stand before you to-night, not as a casual visitor to your great city, but as your humble servant bound to you by the same obligations of faithful service as those I owe to my own constituents. It is both an honour and a pleasure to occupy tha tposition. The only embarrassing part of it is, that one has to speak about his own work. I freely confess that I have had my share of this embarrassment. But two things have happened since my arrival in Bombay, which have in a great measure, eased the situation for me. The first was the advent of my friend Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, who was already treated you to one of those sumptuous feasts of eloquence, for which he is so well-known. You have so recently enjoyed that feast to your hearts' content that I can hope to make the much simpler fare that I can provide, more or less acceptable to you. The other thing which has happened is, that I have had time to read some of the more important Press comments on the proceedings of the Assembly. I have found no end of personal compliments paid to me, both by friendly and adverse critics. Some of these compliments are distinctly flattering, others extremely doubtful, but compliments all the same. These Press comments have revealed to me the comforting fact that I am the happy possessor of certain qualities which I was not aware of, before I read those comments. For instance, I am supposed to be not only a good party manager, but also a sort of a black magician who can, by a wave of his hand, get honest Nationalists, Liberals and Moderates to follow him into the lobby in spite of themselves and their own better judgment. I don't mind telling you that compliments like these have made me blush profusely. It was a good thing that I was all alone when I read them. I have now outlived those blushes in the delightful breezes of the Juhu sands and appear before you to-day not only freed from all embarrassment on that score but with a distinct advantage: for I find that instead of having to take pains to impress you with my own part of the work done in the Assembly during the last session, it is my plain duty to disillusion your mind of much that has been put to my credit. Believe me when I say, that my own part has been very small, and that whatever success has been achieved is mainly due to my colleagues, Swarajists and other Nationalists. And before I proceed further on this occasion of my first appearance in the public platform after the labours of the last session, I desire to publicly to acknowledge not only the deep debt of gratitude I owe to the members of the Nationalist Party as a whole for their loyal and ungrudging support, but also for the signal service to the country rendered by them in the respective spheres of work which fell to their lot. What I call signal service to the country is no doubt described in certain quarters as a distinct disservice. But of that later on.

### SWARAJISTS' WORK.

The Swarajists worked splendidly shoulder to shoulder unflinchingly advancing from victory to victory with a courage, zeal and determination which have deservedly earned for them a world wide reputation. There are some, of course, who would say that it is a most unenviable reputation, but I value it and I know that you value it too. It was a high honour and a mark of the entire country's confidence to be unanimously selected as their leader, by such a devoted band of patriots coming from all parts of India. Almost all of them were tried soldiers of the invincible Non-Cooperation Army and many of them bore the scars of battle fought in other and more difficult fields under the leadership of that great leader of leaders, Mahatma Gandhi. It required no unusual skill to lead such a gallant and disciplined force to victory. Those of you who know Persian, will remember the proverb. *(Peeran na mi parand muridan mi parana,nd*, which means "saints have no wings and cannot fly, their disciples give them wings and make them fly." If therefore, I flew at all, it was truly a case of flying with the wings of my colleagues. Then there were the other Nationalists. It is but a truism to say that without them the Swarajists would have accomplished nothing, and *vice versa*, without the Swarajists the other Nationalists would have been nowhere. The two combined have carried everything before them. The whole credit, therefore, belongs to the happy combination of the two, and all honours must be divided among them. It is a libel against the Non-Swarajist members of the Nationalist Party, to say that they, at any time, failed in their duty to the Party. There were no doubt occasional differences of opinion in our private consultations, a swas only natural, in a party of 76. but when it came to action, the whole Party stood firm as a rock, and carried out faithfully and honourably the behest of the majority.

### THE WORK DONE.

After this humble tribute to my colleagues, I will now refer briefly to the work done. Full details have been published from time to time, and our worthy Chairman has to-day dealt with the salient features of the proceedings. It is only necessary for me to show that we have strictly adhered to the programme we laid before our electors. Nagpur easily carries the palm in having fulfilled the programme, not only in spirit but also in the letter. All honour to the Swarajists of the Central Provinces. The next place of honour belongs to the Assembly, where it became possible to convert a minority into a solid mtjority by the help of some other Nationalists. There were supposed differences in principles and in methods, but on closer examination it was found that these differences were merely those of detail. The central factors were common and around these clustered a number of divergent theories. There was perfect accord on the common factors which were:—

(1) A common National demand:

(2) Refusal of supplies, if there was no satisfactory response to the national demand.

These were the only two things that mattered. Both Parties were prepared to resort to the well-known mehod of refusing supplies as the only right thing to do if there was no satisfactory response on the part of the Government. The object in view of each Party was, no doubt, different. While by such refusal the Swarajists aimed at making Government through the Assembly impossible, the other Nationalists merely wanted to draw pointed attention to the seriousness of our grievances. The act from which these different results were contemplated being one and the same, it became possible to reach complete unanimity by the simple expedient of omitting from the programme all reference to the object in view. All controversy was thus set at rest, and what was the Swarajists' minority of about one-third of the total strength of the Assembly was at once converted into a majority. You know what followed. A National demand in complete accordance with the Swarajists' programme was formulated and presented by way of an amendment to a resolution asking for the establishment of full responsible Government in India. That amendment was carried by the overwhelming majority of 76 to 48. We then waited for the response. It came at last, but turned out to be highly unsatisfactory. All was now ready for the first attack, and it was delivered when the first four demands for grants came up for discussion. These as you know were rejected one after the other. Let us for the moment pause here and consider the effect of the refusal of these four grants. They related to customs, income tax, salt and opium. The money demanded was to run these departments which raised revenue on these heads. The meaning of the refusal to grant money to run these departments, was that there would be no agency to realise the revenues when it is borne in mind that it is the revenue from these four sources which supplies the sinews of war to the Government of India, it will be easily understood that the vote of the Assembly was tantamount to paralysing the Government of India. That would of course be so, only if the Government of India were bound by the vote of the Assembly, which is not the case in this country. The actual result therefore, was simply this. From the Swarajist point of view the Government was driven to carry on by the exercise of its tutocratic powers, and not by the vote of the Assembly, and from the point of view of other Nationalists, it was the most emphatic protest that could be lodged against the action of the Government. Both objects were thus fully achieved. Under the rules governing free representative institutions if applicable to this country the Government would have lain prostrate at the feet of the Assembly. It was saved only by its autocratic powers.

(To be concluded).

# THE JAITO FIRING.

(Continued from page 9.)

should have come from the other side. But it never came.

Before I departed my chauffeur said to the Sardar that he had in the car Dr. Kitchlew's luggage and asked if he (the Sardar) would be good enough to have it handed over to Dr. Kitchlew, because the latter had nothing with him. The Sardar turned and said to me "I am sorry; I cannot take back with me Dr. Kitchlew's luggage."

In connection with this incident a Punjab Government press communique issued at Lahore on March 3rd to contradict certain false (sic) statements with regard to the Jaito affair said that "Dr. Kitchlew's luggage was accidentally carried off in the car in which he and Mr. Gidwani had arrived and which took Mr. Zimand back to Amritsar." (quoted in the "Leader" of Allahabad March 5th 1924.)

A few days later while visiting Lahore I received the following note from Mr. Senior, the Assistant Superintendent of Police of Lahore.

25/2/24—4 p.m.

"Would you be good enough to proceed to Nabha State and report to the Administrator who requires your evidence in the enquiry re: the recent affair at Nabha. For any further particulars would you ring up either Mr. Clarke Asstt. Supdt. Police No. 588 of Mr. Stead S.S. Police No. 375.

(Signed) SENIOR.

A. S. Police."

As I did not go to Nabha State the Deputy Commissioner of Lahore Mr. Emerson asked me to testify before him concerning this. I did so under oath and the salient points mentioned in this letter are to be found in my testimony before the Deputy Commissioner of Lahore.

I have tried to tell you in this letter as truthfully as I can the history of the Jaito incident. The letter is rather a long one and there might be some danger of the main point being obscured. I want therefore to repeat again that I observed carefully the Jatha and the crowds following the Jatha from February 20th 7 p.m. till February 21st 2 p.m. when they entered Nabha territory and that to the best of my knowledge *the Jatha and the crowds following the Jatha were not armed, and behaved in a peaceful and orderly manner.*

Again I want to tell you how sad I feel to leave India and how much I rejoice that I had an occasion of meeting you and being here.

With best wishes.

Yours faithfully.

S. ZIMAND.

# EXPERTS' REPORTS.

## GERMAN GOVT.'S APPROVAL

LONDON, April 16.

Paris.—A note handed to the Reparations Commission says that the German Government considers that the Experts' Reports offer a practical basis for a rapid solution of the Reparations problems. Government, therefore, declares its willingness to collaborate in the execution of the Experts' plans.—Reuter.

## ITALY'S ACQUIESCENCE.

LONDON, April 16.

Rome.—It is semi-officially intimated that at a meeting of Sgr. Mussolini and Italian experts it was decided that the Experts' Reports constituted a suitable basis for a solution of the Reparation Question. —Reuter.

## SHIPBUILDING EMPLOYERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

LONDON, April 17.

The Shipbuilding Employers' Federation announce that in view of the General resumption of work by the Transport and General Workers' Union of Southampton, lockout notices will be withdrawn. This is the first union involved in a lockout whose members have resumed work.—Reuter.

## BYRON CENTENARY FETES IN ATHENS.

LONDON, April 16.

Athens.—The commencement of the Byron centenary fetes included conferring the name of Byronia on the refugee settlement at Pangrati, opening of an exhibition of Byron relics, reception of British guests at the Town Hall, an official dinner to which the Premier was invited and a nocturnal fete in Acropolis.—Reuter.

## GERMAN ELECTIONS.

LONDON, April 16.

Berlin.—It is officially stated that elections are being held on May 4th as originally arranged.—Reuter.

Washington.—A destroyer announces by wireless that she has rescued Martin and his companions at Portage Bay. Alaska. All are well.—Reuter.

London.—Lists for the Madras Tramways Loan closed at eleven on Wednesday morning.—Reuter.

London.—The cost of living fell five points in March to 73 above the pre-war level.—Reuter.

# SMUTS-GANDHI SETTLEMENT.

## MR. DUNCAN'S INTERPRETATION OF "VESTED RIGHTS."

## MR. ANDREWS' VERSION OF WHAT TOOK PLACE,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BOMBAY, April 16

Mr. C. F. Andrews has communicated the following statement to the Associated Press for publication:—

In view of Mr. Duncan's new interpretation of the words 'vested rights' in the Smuts-Gandhi settlement, Mr. Gandhi has requested me to go through all the correspondence, and re-study the original documents. I have also gone through, at his request, the provisional agreement of January 21, 1914, at the signing of which I was personally present. Such a scrutiny leaves no doubt whatever in my mind that the phrases 'just administration of existing laws' and 'due regard to vested rights' which were constantly used during the conversations and in the correspondence and signed documents were meant to imply that not a single one of the meagre rights of the Indian community would be any further curtailed. An example may make this evident. A very few Indians domiciled in Natal and the Transvaal had been by a change in the regulations, regarding what was technically known as the 'Cape entry.' Though the practical effect would be small, yet Mr. Gandhi made the replacement of this vested right of the Indian community a main clause in the settlement. He did this because even the slightest flaw in the just administration of the existing laws might lead to some major infringement, such as would seriously threaten Indian status itself. I can well remember the discussion on this very point. General Smuts gave way, as a practical man, because he saw that it was more a matter of sentiment, as he called it, than anything else. Therefore, looking back, I do not think that there could be any doubt left in the mind of any one in 1914 that a settlement had been reached agreeing on the one side that all existing Indian rights would be maintained, and on the other side that Indian immigration was to be restricted. It was at the same time made perfectly clear by Mr. Gandhi, in the settlement itself, that the Indian community were at liberty in the future to seek for the removal of any further disabilities under which they suffered. The settlement took the form of the passing of the Indian Relief Act, and the interchange of two letters on June 30th 1914 between General Smuts' Secretary and Mr. Gandhi. The portion of the former letter which bears on the point at issue reads as follows:—

"With regard to the administration of existing laws, the Minister desires me to say that it has always been and will continue to be the desire of the Government to see that they are administered in a just manner and with due regard to vested rights.

"In conclusion General Smuts desires me to say, that it is, of course, understood, and he wishes no doubts on the subject to remain, that the placing of the Indians' Relief Bill on the statute book of the Union, coupled with the fulfilment of the assurances he is giving in this letter in regard to the other matters referred to herein, touched upon at the recent interviews, will constitute a complete and final settlement of the controversy which has unfortunately existed for so long, and will be unreservedly accepted as such by the Indian community."

Mr. Gandhi made the following reply:—

"I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of even date herewith setting forth the substance of the interview that General Smuts was pleased, notwithstanding many other pressing calls upon his time, to grant me on Saturday last. I feel deeply grateful for the patience and courtesy which the Minister showed during the discussion of the several points submitted by me.

"The passing of the Indians' Relief Bill and this correspondence finally close the passive resistance struggle which commenced in the September of 1906 and which to the Indian community cost much physical suffering and pecuniary loss and to the Government much anxious thought and consideration.

"As the Minister is aware, some of my countrymen have wished me to go further. They are dissatisfied that the Trade Licences Laws of the different provinces, the Transvaal Gold Law, the Transvaal Townships Act, the Transvaal Law 3 of 1885 have not been altered so as to give them full rights of residence, trade and ownership of land. Some of them are dissatisfied that full inter-provincial migration is not permitted, and some are dissatisfied that on the marriage question the Relief Bill goes no further than it does. They have asked me that all the above matters might be included in the passive resistance struggle. I have been unable to comply with their wishes. Whilst, therefore, they have not been included in the programme of passive resistance, it will not be denied that some day or other these matters will require further and sympathetic consideration by the Government. Complete satisfaction cannot be expected until full civic rights have been conceded to the resident Indian population.

"I have told my countrymen that they will have to exercise patience and by all honourable means at their disposal educate public opinion so as to enable the Government of the day to go further than the present correspondence does. I shall hope that when the Europeans of South Africa fully appreciate the fact that now, as the importation of indentured labour from India is prohibited and as the Immigrants' Regulation Act of last year has in practice all but stopped further free Indian immigration and that my countrymen do not aspire to any political ambition, they, the Europeans, will see the justice and indeed the necessity of my countrymen being granted the rights I have just referred to.

"Meanwhile, if the generous spirit that the Government have applied to the treatment of the problem during the last few months continues to be applied, as promised in your letter, in the administration of the existing laws, I am quite certain that the Indian community throughout the Union will be able to enjoy some measure of peace and never be a source of trouble to the Government."

It will be seen that in this final correspondence the words 'vested rights' are general and include all the vested rights of the Indian community.

# VAIKOM MOVEMENT.

## CASTE HINDUS' OPPOSITION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

COCHIN, April 17.

Yesterday morning usual reports of volunteers were sent into various roads.

In the afternoon Mr. Pitt, the Commissioner of Police went to the Congress Camp and inquired of the prominent workers as to the circumstances under which they were assaulted the previous evening. The workers gave the time of the incident and expressed inability to identify the assailants. The Commissioner promised an enquiry into the allegations and promised to issue instructions to the police not to resort to any ill-treatment.

The caste Hindus held a meeting yesterday evening at which speeches were made advocating the continuance of the existing order of things and protesting against the move of the Congress Committee to secure the right of passage to the untouchables.

Mr. S. Sreenivasa Iyengar, ex-Advocate general, arrived at Vaikom this morning and is studying the situation in all its aspects. He interviews His Highness the Maharaja at Trivandrum on Sunday morning to discuss the situation.

# COMMISSION NOT WANTED.

(Continued from previous page.)

siderable length I am afraid, it will bring about a very serious crisis in India.

### ROYAL COMMISSION.

Q:—If a Royal Commission is appointed, will it satisfy any one if there is no Swarajist member sitting on it?

Answer:—I understand the Swarajists refuse to serve on any body which is created by Government. But, if the Swarajists will make it clear that they are willing to serve on a Royal Commission, if they are appointed, I should certainly expect the Government to have a representative of theirs amongst the 'personnel' of that Commission. Because, after all, it is not merely a question of appointing a Commission, but the 'personnel' of that must be such as would command the confidence and respect of the people generally.

### SWARAJISTS' ATTITUDE.

Q:—Mr. Richards says that he will only cooperate with such people as will cooperate with him, meaning the Swarajists are out of question.

Answer:—As far as I can understand the meaning of that is that the Swarajists maintain that they are non-cooperators and they refuse to cooperate with Government unless their demands are conceded, and, therefore, perhaps, Prof. Richards says that he is not willing to consult those representatives who are unwilling to offer their advice.

Q:—Do you not think that it is a very charitable construction on that part of his speech?

Answer:—Do you suggest that the Swarajists are willing to serve on the Commission if one of them is appointed? Then what Prof. Richards says is that they also will be consulted.

Q:—What do you think the Swarajists should do now?

Answer:—It will be presumption on my part to advise the Swarajists. All I can say is that they cannot maintain the principle of N.C.O. and yet make a grievance if they are not consulted, or if their advice is not sought.

## DESHBANDHU DAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 17.

In view of the present unsatisfactory condition of his health it is doubtful whether Mr. C. R. Das will be able to be present at the political discussions which are to take place there next week. He is, however, expected to proceed there if his health shows any signs of improvement after the termination of the period of medical treatment which he is at present undergoing.

## CRISIS IN BUILDING TRADE

LONDON, April 16.

A crisis in the building trade, affecting 700,000 workers is threatened by the men's demand for an increase in wages by two pence per hour. Employers offer an advance of half a penny per hour. A conference of the Building Trade Unions of London has decided to submit the employers' offer to a ballot.—Reuter.

# GREEK REPUBLIC.

## FRANCE'S DE JURE RECOGNITION.

LONDON, April 16.

Paris.—France has granted the Republican Government of Greece a *de jure* recognition.—Reuter.

(Continued from column 6.)

Corporation were prepared to combat with them. (Laughter.)

Mr. J. B. Petit said he was a member of the Corporation for the last 22 years and no protest was made to the Corporation against the kutchra depot at the Bapty Road from any mosque or temple authorities.

Mr. M. M. Chotani at this stage moved an amendment that the subject matter be referred to the Sanitary Measure Committee for report and in the meantime the Commissioner be requested not to invite tenders for the incinerator.

Mr. R. A. Gole seconded the amendment and it was put to vote and carried by 33 votes against 22.

The Corporation then adjourned till Wednesday at 3

# DISPOSAL OF REFUSE.

## QUESTION OF ERECTING INCINERATOR.

## DISCUSSION IN CORPORATION.

At a special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Thursday a resolution was moved by Dr. Dinshaw B. Master that the Corporation are of opinion that the Bapty Road site at which it has been proposed to erect an incinerator is not suitable and therefore, no tenders be invited until another suitable site is selected for the purpose.

The Corporation spent nearly two hours in discussing the question of erection of an incinerator at Bapty Road and after a heated debate on the motion of Mr. M. M. Chotani referred the matter to the Sanitary Measure Committee for report. Some members supported the Commissioner in having an incinerator on sanitary grounds while others opposed it as the proposed erection was in close proximity of a mosque, a dargа and a temple.

Dr. Master said by erecting a destructor at Bapty Road instead of 200 cart loads of refuse, as it prevailed now, 600 carts of refuse will be brought there for incineration purposes. He said so long as a large area of land at Deonar for the disposal of refuse was available there was not the slightest necessity of wasting public money on erecting an incinerator at Bapty Road which would cost nearly Rs. 13 lakhs. Besides this locality was already insanitary and an incinerator with a Kutchra depot with a string of 600 refuse carts would be a greater and more abominable nuisance. The incinerator would inflict hardship on the ignorant and voiceless people living at Bapty Road and the nuisance of passing carts of refuse would be intolerable to the public. There was no incinerator, he said, which would destroy refuse without causing some nuisance. The Commissioner had admitted that the method of emptying refuse carts was not quite satisfactory which meant that the Kutchra depot did cause nuisance and a kutchra depot with incinerator would be still a greater nuisance.

Mr. S. L. Silam, said the existing kutchra carts were an eyesore to the public and a string of 200 refuse carts would be a great nuisance not only to the public but also to the residents of Bapty Road locality. If the incinerator with a depot are however constructed at Bapty Road, he gave a warning to the Corporation, that the people residing in that locality would start a no-tax campaign. He could not say whether it was a right step or wrong, but he knew that the residents were determined to resort to such a campaign if an incinerator was erected there.

The Commissioner said this was the sixth or seventh occasion that the question of disposing refuse was considered and the same question was discussed that day. In his opinion it was a waste of time for it was not a question of money but sanity and sanitation.

If they turned to their records they would find that their late Health Officer, Dr. Turner who was an expert on sanitation was anxious that an incinerator should be erected at Bapty Road. Dr. Sandiland their present Health Officer too was of the same opinion and therefore, it was not a question of economy but one of sanitation. Besides, what happened at Bapty Road, also happened at Phalton Road and at Colaba where there were kutchra depots and refuse carts were loaded and reloaded. Experience showed that it created no nuisance. He then cited the case of Glasgow where incinerator worked very satisfactorily. History and knowledge of the world, he said, showed that an incinerator could be put up at Bapty Road or even on the maidan opposite the Municipal Offices without causing annoyance to any one. He hoped therefore, in the interests of public health the incinerator would be allowed at Bapty Road. Besides the incinerator was not going to be put up immediately as it involved a financial question for which he would have to come to the Corporation again.

Mr. P. G. Sahashrabudhe said Bombay remained without an incinerator for so many years and it could remain so without any inconvenience for some years more. Besides if erection of an incinerator was approved the machinery would come from England and that would stultify the resolution of the Corporation in regard to the purchase of British Empire goods.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta said Dr. Master had not proposed before the House that the Bapty Road Kutchra depot should be abolished. If such a proposal was brought the question would have been considered on its merits whether a kutchra depot was necessary or, an incinerator. He thought an incinerator was lesser of the two evils and it was far better than the present system.

Mr. F. G. Ginwala said erection of an incinerator at Bapty Road involved the question of religion as there was a mosque, a dargа and a temple at Bapty Road.

### SIMPLY PLAYING TO THE GALLERY.

Dr. N. H. L. Sukia appealed the House to decide the question on its merits. The class of people who lived at Bapty Road were such, as he had seen them by a personal visit that they would not feel smell at all. He then gave statistics of the general mortality of the city and said in 1921 the general mortality was 59 per 1,000 against 56 in Kamatipura where a kutchra depot was situated. In the following year the rate of mortality in Kamatipura was 30 against 62 in the city. The people who talked of sanitation did not really know anything about it and were simply playing to the gallery. He asked who was not going to pay the taxes if an incinerator was erected?

A voice:—Messrs. Ginwala and Co. (laughter.)

Dr. Sukhia:—Let them not pay and the

(Continued in column 5.)

# THE RAILWAY GRATUITY

BY C. F. ANDREWS.

Some time ago letters were sent to me from different parts of India which appeared to show that many persons who were entitled to the Railway Gratuity had not received their gratuity owing to the Railway authorities regarding them as having taken part in the different strikes of 1921 and 1922. A special case was brought before me from the B. B. and C. I. Railway. Another was from the G. I. P. Railway, and quite recently a case was brought up to me in person from the O. and R. Railway. This last case appeared to me to be possibly due to victimisation. Abdul Kasim, a Mahomedan clerk in the Controller of Stores Department, O. and R. Railway, Lucknow, came to me in Allahabad and told me that he had not only been discharged from service with a month's notice though his pay-sheet was a clean one and there were no complaints against him, but also that, although he had served 18 years in the Railway, he had been dismissed without gratuity. He was entitled to about seven to eight hundred rupees under the Gratuity Rule. He believed that the gratuity had been refused on the ground that he had taken part in the O. and R. Railway strike of May 1921, but he could not get any written record to that effect. In the light of these various complaints and because I had personally been connected with all the different Railway strikes and had endeavoured at each strike to get the forfeiture of the gratuity removed, I felt it my duty to get a definite question asked by Mr. Devaki Prasad Sinha in the Legislative Assembly.

It must be remembered that, owing to the efforts made by many people, the British Parliament, acting through the Secretary of State for India, declared in July 1922 that no gratuity could be forfeited owing to participation in a Railway strike unless that strike had already been declared illegal. Since that time the Railway authorities appear to have been doubtful regarding the last clause as to whether the strikes of 1921 and 1922 were illegal or not. The answer of Sir Charles Innes has now quite definitely solved that question. No strike in 1921 and 1922 was illegal. I am publishing in full the answers to Mr. Devaki Prasad's questions and am dealing directly with the O. and R. Railway authorities with regard to Abdul Kasim. If, after this declaration by Sir Charles Innes, there are still any cases of gratuity being forfeited on account of participation in the strikes of 1921-1922, I would venture to ask the different Secretaries of the Railway Unions to write to me immediately about them, and if there is any individual personal grievance of this kind similar to that of Abdul Kasim. I shall be glad if such a person will write a personal letter to me on the subject. My present address is Andheri P. O., Bombay, but after May 15th, letters should be addressed to Santiniketan, P. O., Bengal.

The following are the questions and answers referred to above:—

Mr. D. P. Sinha:—(a) Can the Government inform me whether any railway strike between the years 1918 and 1922 has been declared illegal by the Government of India? If so, what strike, and on what railway and in which years? What was the reason for declaring such strikes illegal in each case?

(b) Has any railway gratuity been subject to forfeiture on account of any part taken in any strike during that period?

(c) Why was Abdul Kasim in the Controller of Stores Department, O. and R. Railway, Lucknow, refused gratuity after 18 years' service and dismissed with only a month's pay?

(d) Are Government aware that in the strike on the O. and R. Railway in 1922, Mr. Andrews obtained from the Agent the terms of "no victimisation"?

The Hon. Sir Charles Innes:—(a) No legislation under which a strike could be declared illegal has yet been passed in India. The question of the legality or otherwise of any strike has not therefore arison.

(b) Before July 1922 the rule was that participation in a strike *ipso factor* cancelled previous service for purposes of gratuity. The rule was amended and is now to the effect that participation in strike other than a strike declared to be illegal under law does not constitute a break in service for the purposes of gratuity.

The revisdd rule is applied to all employees in service on or after the 12th July 1922. No such employee has, as far as Government is aware, forfeited the gratuity merely because he participated in a strike prior to July 1922. Employees who had ceased service before the 12th July 1922, were dealt with under the old rules.

(c) The information is not available. The power of deciding whether an employee's service satisfies the conditions of the rules lies primarily with the head of his Department and the Agent of the Railway, and Government do not propose to question the case or call for particulars.

(d) Government are not aware that there has been any "victimisation."

Mr. Chaman Lal:—Will the Hon. Member take steps to discover the information on this subject under head (c) and inform the House?

The Hon. Sir Charles Innes: No, if the man has any grievance it is always open to him to appeal.

Mr. Chaman Lal:—Is the Hon. Member prepared to restore to the workers on the N. W. Railway the gratuities which they forfeited?

The Hon. Sir Charles Innes:—We are not prepared to make the order retrospective.

Mr. D. P. Sinha:—Do Government in the exercise of their powers of supervision propose to revise the decision arrived at by the local authorities forfeiting the security?

The Hon. Sir Charles Innes: As I said Sir, people have a right of appeal to the Railway Board.

Mr. D. P. Sinha:—Are Government aware that the gentleman whose name is referred to in part (c) has appealed to Government?

The Hon. Sir Charles Innes:—I am not aware of it.

# BRITISH GUIANA COLONISATION.

## CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN MR. PILLAI AND DR. NUNAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, April 16.

The following correspondence passed between Dewan Bahadur P. Kesava Pillai, President of the Government of India deputation to British Guiana and the Hon'ble Sir Joseph Nunan, K. C., President of the British Guiana deputation:—

Dewan Bahadur P. Kesava Pillai was invited by the Government of India to be in Delhi on the 17th or 18th March as the standing committee on emigration wanted to hear him before they decided upon a reply to the deputation from British Guiana. As Mr. Pillai could not reach Delhi on that date, on 14th instant Mr. Pillai received the following message from the Hon'ble Sir Joseph Nunan, the Chairman of the deputation:—"Very much regret that you cannot attend. As a decision this session vital in the interest of Guiana and advisable in interests of Kenya and Dominion questions. Much appreciate and grateful for your letter 9th instant. We will repatriate Indians desirous of returning by first steamer of the new regular line at rates not higher than Trinidad, possibly much lower. Conditions have so much improved that they are now very few, but we are willing to make immediate repatriation a condition precedent for adoption of scheme. Quite agree that past neglect of this question is deplorable. We accept your views and Keatinge's on this question. Indian Government has published for use of the committee following statement from Keatinge dated the 30th January referring to our scheme. So far as I can judge the scheme is a very liberal offer, and India would do well to accept it.

(Note:—Dr. Nunan of British Guiana informs me that the Government of British Guiana is prepared to put in force the offers made in the scheme for Indian colonisation in British Guiana made some three years ago and put before a committee of the Inditn Legislature at Delhi by Dr. Nunan and Mr. Luckhoo) This scheme is a more favourable one than that put before us by H. E. the Governor while we were in British Guiana and as I was able to express a limited approval of the latter scheme, subject to certain safeguards, I am able to express a far stronger opinion that the Unnan-Luckhoo scheme would offer favourable opportunities to Indian emigrants. I understand from Dr. Nunan that the Government of British Guiana are prepared to purchase empoldered lands in Essquibo country and on the Quarantine coast and make them available for Indian settlers. I do not know the actual lands in either case. But I know the localities which are situated on the rich alluvium and if the lands are empoldered lands, formerly part of sugar estates, they ought to be very suitable for Indian settlement. I also understand that the scheme is to develop suitable tracts in the north-west province is to be taken in hand. So far as I understand the scheme now put forward I consider that it offers very advantageous terms to Indian emigrants and that with sympathetic handling, it offers very good prospects of happiness and prosperity to such Indians as may care to accept."

If you would wire to Education Department an expression of your opinions as to the possibilities of our scheme as contrasted with Collect's scheme which your report rejected in view of the schemes of irrigation, drainage, sanitary and education now being carried out, you would be doing Guiana Indians good service and believe you contribute to the solution of the present complex problems of Indians overseas. If our scheme is rejected or postponed, the general conditions will make its revival impossible and the connection between India and Guiana will grow less and less. I mentioned to the Legal Department to-day that if our treaty constitution is preserved the transfer of the present Colonial Office control to India would in a short time be practicable if scheme successful. We expect a unanimous committee and Pt. Motilal Nehru is arranging a Swarajist meeting for Wednesday to receive us. In any event it will not be treated on party lines and I expect unanimity. The Socialist Party also supporting should you be kind enough to wire statement to the department as questioned. Please have it duplicated to me, telegrams prepaid.

Association's delegates wire me that they arrived Bombay to-day and are seeing the "Chronicle," "Mail," Mr. Petit and Mahatma Gandhi. Mr. Andrews in the "Servant of India" 6th instant advocates colonisation evidently reprinting the Guiana articles after removing the actual documents. Am writing Mahatma Gandhi to-day fully.—Nunan.

MR. PILLAI'S REPLY.

Mr. Pillai replied sending copies to the Education Department, Sir B. N. Sarma, Hon'ble Mr. Natesan and Hon'ble Mr. Karandikar "Any step taken will have far-reaching consequences. The committee should examine me and Tyary and in their presence I should ascertain particulars from the delegation before agreeing to reopen emigration even under your land colonisation scheme which is so tantalising. I have been noticing the conflict and opinions in British Guiana and the thorough distrust of a large section of East Indians as to the practicability, if not the sincerity, of executing rapid improvements of prevailing conditions and redress of grievances noted in our report to make Guiana fit and safe for emigrants. Repatriation of people referred to in our report has been painfully neglected. Very thankful for the assurance that there will be repatriation according to agreements and on easy terms to be within reach of those longing to come back. There are grave and reasonable apprehensions that what the planting interests once did with your original scheme might do it again with perfect nonchalance or circumvent it. Promise to the ear and breaking it to the heart has been the rule with proclamations and pledges. Any precipitate action will rouse deep wide-spread dissatisfaction and shatter your high aims and hopes. Planters' plots, real or feint, to introduce cheaper Chinese labour to displace resident East Indians, as well as threats to prohibit and disable Indians as elsewhere, are deplorable."

On the 17th March the following telegram was received from the delegates of the Associations in Guiana:—

"Arrived yesterday. Seen telegrams sent to Sir Joseph. Assure you no conflict of opinion. Only misunderstanding which has been cleared up. Brought mandates from Hindu and Moslem communities. Besides the Association supports the scheme. Rapid improvements being done. No fear scheme will be altered. Planters in minority. Indian representative will visit Guiana, examine conditions in light of your report, sanitation, wages, settlement of areas before recommending a single colonist leave India. Scheme will be in contract form between Government of India and Guiana Government. Council disperse 25th. Sorry you cannot attend. But respectfully request you to send opinion and any conditions. You may impose conditions precedent. Rejection scheme will damage progress of Indians in Guiana. Return passages present residents Trinidad rate or lower being arranged.—Pandy Mukudam.

The following telegram was received from Dr. Nunan:—

"Just learned of telegrams to Sarma, Natesan. If Indians are not satisfied with offer to make emigration depend upon report of Indian representation that all guarantees are being carried out in Guiana, the matter ends. As far as I am concerned I have done my best and even undertook at great health risk to return to Guiana to carry scheme into effect. Officials consider that your telegrams will cause its rejection. I do not think you intended this. If you think scheme should be carried out subject to adoption of your proposals and report of Indian representation you ought to wire to Sarma and Natesan in fairness to countrymen in Guiana. My Indian colleagues are greatly disappointed at this unexpected misunderstanding. Committee meets three o'clock Tuesday, if it adjourns matter indefinitely I leave India and abandon scheme as hopeless. —Nunan.

Mr. Pillai wired in reply as follows:—

"Would gladly recommend your scheme after our recommendations are carried out. Your promises must be honoured by others. Past history makes us sceptical. While lands not yet ready and conditions not substantially improved and repatriation neglected reopening emigration will not benefit resident or emigrating Indians. Personally feel keen sorrow causing disappointment to good and stalwart a champion of East Indians like you."

# HINDU-MUSLIM FRACAS AT MEERUT.

## MAGISTRATE ORDERS FIRING

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, April 17.

A Meerut message says that there was a communal fracas on the evening of the 16th at Hapur. The dispute arose over the Hindu Rankha procession passing beside the mosque. The Muslims, it is said, resented that permission was granted and are reported to have gathered in large numbers but the procession passed off quietly from there. The mob, however, intercepted the procession at another point and refused to disperse, the result of which was that the Sub-Divisional Officer had to order firing. The Magistrate himself was struck by a brickbat. The mob then dispersed after doing a little damage. The Hindus are observing hartal in consequence. Enquiry is proceeding.

# SUIT AGAINST MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS.

## ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SURAT, April 16.

The leaders of "The Unpaidness" will probably remember that about two years ago a suit was instituted by the Secretary of State for India against the President and 30 other non-co-operating members of the Suspended Municipality, to recover from them Rs. 40,000 which it is alleged, were spent in contravention of the Municipal rules. The hearing of this famous case which had been long postponed is at present going on in the Court of the District Judge of Surat. The first week was mainly taken up with the examination of witnesses on the side of the plaintiff and that of Dr. M. A. Dixit, the President of the Suspended Municipality. Evidence of three more defence witnesses was recorded during the second week, after which the Government Pleader, Dewan Bahadur Thakorram, who represented the Secretary of State for India, proceeded with his arguments in favour of the plaintiff which took up more than three days and ended only yesterday.

BREACH OF MUNICIPAL RULES.

In arguing the case, th Government Pleader recounted all the instances of breach of municipal rules by the defendants and urged that the defendants were members of a previously organized conspiracy to work against law and they did break the "Steel framework" of Municipal laws and regulations. The Government Pleader further stated that the theory of mandate from the people could not be supported; for, the members entered the Municipality as trustees of the people and accordingly they were bound to carry on their contract with the Municipality and to maintain compulsory primary education. But instead of that they discarded Government control and handed over the Municipal Schools to an unrecognised and unregistered body like the Rashtriya Kelavani Mandal.

GRANT OF RS. 40,000.

Proceeding further Diwan Bahadur Thakorram stated that the grant of Rs. 40,000 to the Rashtriya Kelavani Mandal was illegal and unconstitutional, and there was no guarantee taken from the Rashtriya Kelavani Mandal for spending the said amount upon municipal primary education, and the payment of the cheque for the same amount was connived at by the President of the Municipality which showed an intention of misapplying Municipal funds. Concluding the Diwan Bahadur said that the membrs derived heir power from the provisions of law and under the circumstances they could neither act against them, nor could they abdicate or delegate their function of giving primary education. Consequently the whole action of the Councillors was a breach of Municipal rules and so, he pleaded, that the defendants were not only guilty of misapplication of Municipal funds, but also of breach of trust.

Mr. G. N. Thakore of Bombay appeared on behalf of some of the principal defendants. The hearing of the case is proceeding.

# "INDIA'S WORST ENEMIES"

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It must cause intense shame and acute mental and moral grief to all patriotic and progressive Indians to read of the struggle going on in Kerala and Southern India, and the attitude the Brahmins and the Government in those places have adopted towards their "low-caste" and "depressed" Hindoo brethren and co-religionists. Perhaps a Brahmin may consider it an unpardonable sin to look upon a "low-caste" or "depressed" Hindoo as his brother, if the system of religion he professes does not recognise God as the "Father of Mankind" and mankind as the highest creation of God. The West has been described as materialistic as compared to the East, and Easterners insist that all great religions originate in the East. And with such an age-long monopoly of spirituality, the hereditary priests of an ancient civilisation and culture, armed with the authority of religion, can condemn their lowly born co-religionists and their offspring, through eternity, to a life of moral and spiritual degradation. We are told that the Hindoo's is the most humtnitarian religion; they hold animal life sacred, almost divine; their conception of God and pollution must be very imperfect if they hope to obtain 'salvation' by treating His creatures with such cruel inhumanity.

But let us hope the enlightened and educated Hindoos, in this 20th century, who have realised "Satya Dharma," the Higher and Moral Law, will actively encourage and help this movement for the social, moral and spiritual elevation of their "low-caste" co-religionists, in the name of humanity and religion. The 'Class Areas Bill' and the disabilities of Indians abroad—even the lot of the indentured Indian coolies—are nothing compared to the moral and spiritual death under the Hindoo Caste system, if only Indian leaders will give up 'false ideas,' and 'false gods,' in religion and politics. Will the leaders of Mulshi Petha Satyagraha and the Nagpore Flag Satyagraha lead in this noble cause, in the service of humanity and Satya Dharma? Many leaders, during the last three years' apprenticeship under India's greatest leader, are supposed to have gone through a process of spiritual purification. Will they form an "Army of Hindoo Emancipation," dressed in pure white Khaddar uniform, for the reclamation of their own 'depressed' co-religionists, after the model of the "Salvation Army?" Let them proclaim the "Fatherhood of God and Brotherhood of Man," and denounce untouchability and unapproachability; and receive these children of God into their temples and schools and dharmasalas. This is the test and touch stone of the sincerity of the 'Khaddar Clad Army' of N.C.Os, and Satyagrahis. Without it Hindoo-Muslim, Parsi, Christian, Jew, Sikh or any other unity is merely a political fraud, however disguised.

"Bhesh badala kya hua, dil ka badalna chahiye,
"Ek do baten nahin, hargiz badalna chahiye."

Has the process of purification really and truly changed the heart of our Hindoo brethren?—Yours, etc.,

"KERALA SATYAGRAHA."

Bombay, April 15.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Under the heading of "India's Worst Enemies," you have published a letter in your issue of the 15th instant. I shall feel obliged if you will place this letter also before the public. I must clearly say that my remarks do not apply to the whole community of Brahmins. I know a number of them personally and have the highest regard for them.

While the Mahatma and the Congress are endeavouring to turn the Indian multitude into a nation and claim for them the right of self-government some Brahmins are trying to establish their supremacy over other communities. At Tinnevelly some of them object to a public road being constructed by members of the depressed classes. By this action they seem to object to their very right of existence in this world by honest living.

Others in Poona District object to the establishment of a Mahomedan school in Naga on the grounds that the site comes within their holy area, which they call the "Panchkroshi." This claim is hardly tenable considering that the Panchkroshi includes Poona and Kirkee where thousands of Muslims, Christians, Jews and Parsees have been residing for centuries.—Yours, etc.,

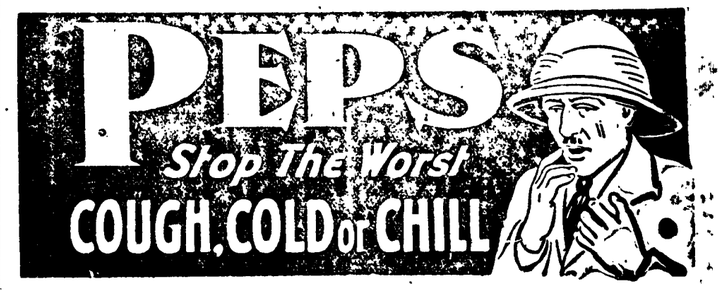
ASOOM.


Reduced rates for the season 1924.
Telegrams: "TANKHA" Mussoorie.
Telephone: 113.

HOTEL KASHMIR
MUSSOORIE

*Apply for*
Tariff to the Proprietor.





*Progress is Nature's Way*

The growth and healthy development of the child shows this in so many ways; at first he is so helpless—soon he learns to crawl—then to walk—and later to run. In like way at the same time his mental powers and other faculties develop. Nature demands that the child's feeding too, should be progressive, adequate to build him up, and to keep pace with his increasing digestive capacity.

'Allenburys'

Progressive System of Infant Feeding

Modelled on Nature, supplies the foods specially adapted to baby's needs and powers of digestion. This system is not an experiment; its merits have been proved every day for the last forty years. To-day more than ever it is recognised by those who know from experience to be the highest standard of Infant Feeding.

Milk Food No. 1 — Birth to 3 months
Milk Food No. 2 — 3 to 6 months
Malted Food No. 3 — 6 months and onwards

*Write for the 'Allenburys' Book, sent post free, a mine of useful information on the hundred and one points which arise from day to day affecting baby.*

*Post this Coupon To-day to*
Allen & Hanburys Ltd.,
*Special Representatives for India:*
Block E,
Clive Buildings, Calcutta

COUPON
Mrs. .....
.....
.....
will be pleased to receive, free of charge, the 'Allenburys' booklet on Infant Feeding and Management.



MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

The prevention of stomach and liver troubles can be attained only by the toning up and strengthening of the organs of digestion. There is no other way! Mother Seigel's Syrup really does tone up and strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver, and regulate the action of the bowels in a marvellous manner. It is still, after fifty years' testing, the ideal remedy for pains after eating, flatulence, acidity, biliousness and constipation.

FOR INDIGESTION

Mother Seigel's Syrup is a world-famous herbal remedy containing an unique combination of the medicinal extracts of roots, barks and leaves. Test it yourself! It is also sold in Tablet form.



Blood Poisoning
Yet Another Grand Recovery

Our Portrait is of Mr. WILLIAM HARBORNE, of 6, Railway Road, Ferry Bar, Birmingham, England, who writes:

"About two years ago I met with rather a bad accident. My arm was cut severely, and I had to have it stitched at the hospital. This caused me six weeks' absence from work, and after resuming my duties for one week I broke out all over my body with huge Boils. Again I went to the Hospital, and was treated for Blood Poisoning; this happened on three successive occasions, until I began to think I should never be cured. Then I gave Clarke's Blood Mixture a trial, and the first bottle or two seemed to be driving out the poison, so I persevered, and after taking ten bottles I was cured. It is now over twelve months since I left off taking your Clarke's Blood Mixture, and I have seen no signs of any further blood disorder."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE, by reason of its remarkable blood purifying properties, can be relied upon to give speedy relief and lasting benefit in cases of Eczema, Bad Legs, Abscesses, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, Eruptions, Piles, Chicken Pox, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Gout. Pleasant to take and free from anything injurious.

*Of all Dealers. Ask for and see you get*
Clarke's Blood Mixture
*Sole Wholesale Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon:—*
*Messrs. G. ATHERTON & CO., Calcutta and Rangoon.*

The Two Great Fox-Trot Hits

"FELIX KEPT ON WALKING"

AND

"WHY ROBINSON CRUSOE GOT THE BLUES."

"His Master's Voice"

Record No. B1758—Rs. 3-8.

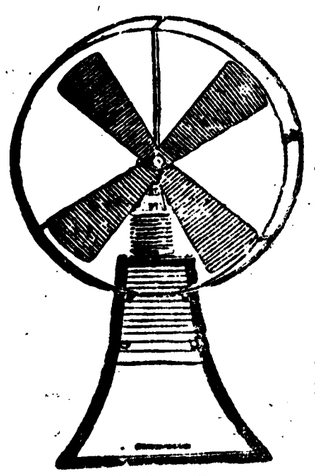
Hear it at any authorised dealers.

No. 329.



# USE IS THE TEST

Put this fan beside any other oil Fan on the market and mark the difference.



NO { SMOKE SMELL NOISE HOT AIR

The Ky-Ko Fan working on kerosene oil dispenses entirely with the need for a Mosquito net. Weight only 12 lbs. complete.

Many people have thrown away all other types of oil fans and bought this Fan. Price Rs. 140/-

Fan 20 inches diameter.

EASTERN ELECTRIC & TRADING CO.,

*ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, CONTRACTORS AND DEALERS IN EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL.*

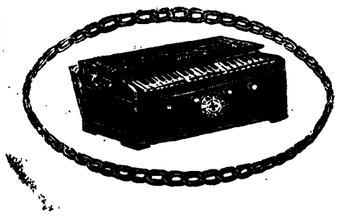
173, Hornby Road, Post Box No. 459. Fort, BOMBAY.

Telegrams: "EASLEKTRIK." Telephone No: 24963.

*ALSO AT:—*

KARACHI :: LAHORE :: & :: AMRITSAR.





FOR BARGAIN OF

HIGH CLASS HARMONIUMS

AT

Comparatively cheap rates

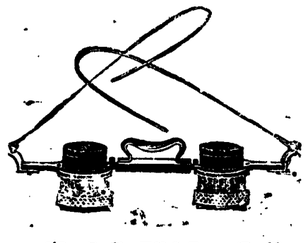
Please consult with our illustrated catalogue.

Telegrams: "Musicians"

National Harmonium Co.,

10-3xLower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.





THE THEATROSCOPE

A wonderfully compact binocular of good magnification which stays in front of your eyes, like ordinary spectacles, without holding it. Very light, neat and compact.

BALIWALLA & HOMI

(Opticians)

279, Hornby Road, (Opp. Whiteaway) & 219, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

Makers Of Distinctive Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

Awarded Several Gold Medal.


## TRADE AND FINANCE.

### WEEKLY REVIEW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BOMBAY, April 17.

### MONEY.

It is still not possible to report any appreciable ease of conditions in the money market, and it now seems probable that there will be no further lowering of the Bank rate for several weeks to come. There has been no free return of money from up-country as yet and the demand for financing exports both here and in Calcutta still continues. The maintenance of a high level of rates in the gold market has precluded the influx of money for the purchase of this metal which relieved monetary conditions during the stringent season last year. This year there is, moreover, the impediment of a severe outbreak of plague in the Punjab. Call money is quoted at not less than 8 per cent and the rates for fixed deposits for the three and four months period are quoted at about 7 to 7½ per cent. There has been a notable decrease in the cash balance of the Imperial Bank this week. The Bank has made a repayment to the extent of Rs 2crores only towards the total of 12 crores of rupees taken under the Paper Currency Act.

From the weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of India, Government deposits show a decrease of Rs. 115.92 lakhs while the other deposits have also decreased by Rs. .68 lakhs. The cash balance is reduced by Rs. 306.11 lakhs and now stands at Rs. 14,41,97,000; the percentage being 13.61 as compared with 16.04 of last week. The Bank rate remains unchanged at 8 per cent.

In the gilt-edged market conditions have been quiet; buyers are less prominent this week on account of the delay in the expected relief in monetary conditions. 3½ per cent. paper is quoted at about Rs. 67/9. 5 per cent Loans due 1933 and 1945-55 are quoted at Rs. 97/9 and Rs. 98/10. 5½ per cent Bonds due 1925 and 1928 were placed at Rs. 102/14 and Rs. 104/2. Business was done in 6 per cent Bonds due 1926 at Rs. 101/6 and 1927 at Rs. 101/10; 1930 are quoted at Rs. 103 and 1932 at Rs. 104/2. 6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan was placed at Rs. 106/4.

### EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange has remained a firm market with T T on London improving to 1s. 4-13/16d for ready. A notable feature is the steadiness of the forward rates which are at a discount of about 3/32d. only for one month, while the difference between May and June rates is about 1/16d. It would seem that those who predicted a weakening of exchange towards the close of the present season have now revised their opinions. A fair number of bills were placed both in our market and in Calcutta while the enquiry for bullion remittances continued on a limited scale.

The estimated purchases by the Imperial Bank of India for Government account during the period under report were about £1 million at rates between 1s. 4-25/32d. and 1s. 4-13/16d.

The dollar quotation has shown a further improvement, the quotation advancing from dol. 4.33½ to dol. 4.35-1/8, closing at dol. 4.34 7/8. Among the principal Continental exchanges the improvement in French francs has been carried from 74.40 to 69.70, Belgian francs from 85.20 to 80.70 and the Italian lira from 98 to 97.40.

### GOLD.

There has been no check as yet to the downward trend of prices in the gold market, and during the period under review there was a further drop in sympathy with the decline in the price of the metal in London and the firmness of sterling exchange. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 85s. 3d. and 84s 11d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 25/15/6 and Rs. 25/10/6 for ready, Rs. 26 and Rs. 25/11 for 21st April settlement and Rs. 26/1 and Rs. 25/12 for 19th May settlement. The rate for sovereign has declined from Rs. 16/6/0 to Rs. 16/4/6 for ready and forward. The off-take remains at an average of about 20,000 tolas a day and the stock is estimated at about 3 lakhs tolas excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring in about £3,70,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £5,35,000. The total import of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 17,43,830 in bar and coin.

### SILVER.

Similarly in the silver market there has been a further depression of rates in spite of the small improvement recorded in the London market. Large arrivals, including heavy imports from America, have mainly influenced the position of the market. It is estimated that the total visible supply from America at the moment is about 7,000 bars. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 33-5/16d. and 33-1/16d for ready and 33-5/16d. and 33d. for forward. In Shanghai the rate for T T on London advanced from 3s. 2-5/8d. to 3s 2 3/4d. but closes at 3s 2-11/16d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 81/5 and Rs. 80/13 for ready, Rs. 81/6 and Rs. 81 for 24th April settlement and Rs. 81/9 and Rs. 81/4 for 23rd May settlement. The off-take averaged about 150 bars a day and the stock is estimated at about 5,500 bars excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring in about £70,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £1,95,500. The total import of silver during the week amounted to 2,074 bars and Rs. 28,320 in coins.

### SHARES.

There were four working days on the Stock Exchange during the period under review. Cotton mill shares, from firmness over last week-end showed a somewhat weakening tendency later but developed steady towards the close. There was no considerable outside buying interest in the market. Following are the fluctuations in some of the principal cotton mill shares:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 722/6—686/4-700; Century Rs 381/4-361/4; Central India Rs. 491/4—453/12—462/8; Crescent Rs. 238/12—230—232/8; Kohinoor Rs. 1070; New Great Rs. 366/4—365—371/4—366/12; Pearls Rs. 527/8—511/4—515; Shapurji Rs. 385—330—340 and Swadeshi Rs. 516/4—430—496/4.

The miscellaneous section still remains dull with hardly any business passing. Alcocks were quoted at Rs. 193/12; Bombay Burma Rs. 286, Bombay Tramway Rs. 98/2 and Tata deferreds at Rs. 90. Cement and Manganese shares are quiet, Bundits quoting Rs. 9/4, Katni Ordinary Rs. 67/8 with deferreds at Rs. 170 and Shivrajpurs at Rs. 32/12. Railway shares are quiet but steady, Ahmedabad Prantij quoting Rs. 775; Central Provinces Rs. 100; Gujarat Rs. 76; Sindh Light Rs. 144 and Tapti Valley Rs. 590.

Bank shares are steady, Imperial Bank shares quoting Rs. 1395, with Contributories at Rs. 355. Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 81 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 25/2.

### PIECEGOODS.

There has not been much activity in the Cloth Market during the past week. Values of most of the standard cloths have been steady. The demand has been moderate and the offtake fairly satisfactory. In Grey Shirtings there has not been much change, and the only style that has been easier is the 44 inches by 38 yards in finish similar to Japanese cloths. This is due to fresh arrivals of these goods, and as further lots are expected shortly the prices may recede still further later on. Grey Drills have been steady. Grey Jaconets No. 18, No. 128 and No. 636 are out of stock, but a few pieces that are left over here and there have been quoted at exorbitant prices. Fresh shipments of No. 18 are due to arrive within a fortnight and these have been offered for sale at Rs. 8-12 per piece. The demand for tinted Grey Jaconets has been satisfactory. Calcutta merchants are said to be working business in these styles at a very bare margin of profit. Lilpman's White Shirtings have gone down to Rs. 29-12-0. In White Mulls, scarcity has been felt in 45 and 50 inches by 20 yards Green End styles worth Rs. 6 to Rs. 8 per piece, as also in Sacharilla Heading qualities in 19 yards of the same values. 58 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have declined in value by one anna per piece. 36 inches by 20 yards Gold End Mulls have been in better request at higher rates. 52 inches by 20 yards Thick quality Mulls suitable for Madras have not been in favour and the price has gone down by four annas per piece. White Nainsooks have remained steady. Stocks of 34 and 38 inches by 18 yards styles worth Rs. 6 to Rs. 10 per piece have been scarce, but narrow widths can be had in fair quantities.

The Manchester Market has been steady and most of the quotations received have been quite out of reach of buyers. It was reported at a meeting of the Directors of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce held on 14th instant that as a result of negotiations it had been generally agreed to increase the freight rates for Manchester piecegoods to Bombay and Karachi by half a crown to 52-12-6, which shall operate from July 1st to the end of the year. The rate last fixed was 42-10 per ton for a period of six months and the present increase of 2 shillings 6 pence, would mean an advance of about eight annas per package, which would hardly have any effect on the price per piece.

The market for Local Mill Cloths has been steady. The demand has been satisfactory. The E. D. Sassoon United Mills are reported to have sold 3,000 bales of Grey Shillings of X and M qualities at Rs. 1-8 per lb.

The Cloth Markets will be closed on Friday the 18th instant on account of the anniversary of the late Seth Damoder Master and also on Saturday the 19th instant owing to a Jain Holiday. The offices of the Importing Firms as well as the Banks will be closed from Friday to Monday on account of Easter Holidays and consequently business will be at a standstill for these few days.

**The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under:—**

| | Ins. | Yds. | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **GREY SHIRTINGS—** | | | | | |
| Ralli's Fari No. 2000 | 39 | ×37 1/2/8 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| „ 100,000 | 45 | × „ | 15 | 12 | 0 |
| „ No. 33,000 | 45 | × „ | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| „ No. 2800 | 37 | × „ | 12 | 8 | 0 |
| „ No. 4544 | 38 | ×38 | 13 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 15000 | 44 | ×38 | 16 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 16000 | | „ | 16 | 12 | 0 |
| „ No. 17000 | | „ | 17 | 4 | 0 |
| Graham's No. 2730 | 39 | × „ | 13 | 14 | 0 |
| „ No. 2750 | 45 | × „ | 15 | 8 | 0 |
| „ Yellow Horse | 43 | ×39 | | | |
| „ No. 2310 | 44 | ×38 1/2 | | | |
| Dewhurste BBB | 38 | ×38 1/2 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| „ BB | 38 | ×38 1/2 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| „ Rupee No. 5 | 38 | ×38 1/2 | 16 | 8 | 0 |
| Ritchie's No. 510 | 39 | ×37 1/2/38 | 13 | 14 | 0 |
| „ No. 4462 | 41 | × „ | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Lyon's Shunker | 39 | × „ | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Fleming's 1904/1906 | 45,48, | 51×38 Avg. | 19 | 4 | 0 |
| **GREY DRILLS—** | | | | | |
| Pepperell's Dragon | 29 | ×40 Net | 31 | 0 | 0 |
| Ralli's Musjid No. 425 | 36 | ×40 | 16 | 8 | 0 |
| Mitsui's Elephant | 29 | ×40 Net | 23 | 0 | |
| **GREY JACONETS—** | | | | | |
| Ralli's No 18 | 45 | ×22 | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 128 | 40 | ×22 | 7 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 636 | 44 | ×22 | 8 | 4 | 0 |
| **WHITE SHIRTINGS—** | | | | | |
| Liepman's No. 1500 | 32 | ×42 | 29 | 12 | 0 |
| H. B. T. C. 40000 | 36 | ×40 | 30 | 6 | 0 |
| Ralli's No 9689 | 32 | ×40 | 18 | 12 | 0 |
| Forbes's K. B. 100 | 32 | ×40 | | | |
| **WHITE MULLS—** | | | | | |
| Ralli's No. 6 | 41 | ×19 | 8 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 60 | 40 | ×19 | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| „ [illegible] | [illegible] | ×19 | 10 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 6000 | 56 | ×19 | 11 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 88 | 58 | ×20 | 7 | 15 | 0 |
| „ No. 1270 | 27 | ×18 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 815 | 39 | ×20 | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| „ No. 1440 | 36 | ×20 | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 5352 | 42 | ×20 Net | 10 | 8 | 0 |
| „ No. 2755 | 42 | ×20 Net | 11 | 8 | 0 |
| „ No. 1703 | 52 | ×20Net | 14 | 12 | 0 |
| Ritchie's No. 1260 | 27 | ×18 | 3 | 14 | 0 |
| „ No. 119 | 37 | ×18 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| „ No. 229 | 42 | ×18 | 5 | 10 | 0 |
| „ No. 339 | 47 | ×18 | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| „ 1K/4K38",43"48"53 | | ×18 Avg. | | | |
| „ No. 95 | 58 | ×20 | 7 | 15 | 0 |
| „ No. 66999 | 40 | ×18 | 5 | 10 | 0 |
| „ No. 86999 | 40 | ×18 | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| „ No. 775 | 40 | ×18 | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 875 | 45 | ×18 | 6 | 12 | 0 |
| „ No. 975 | 50 | ×18 | 7 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 615 | 50 | ×18 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| Graham's Baleen | 58 | ×20 | 7 | 15 | 0 |
| Greaves' No. 5060 | 27 | ×18 | | | |
| **WHITE NAINSOOKS—** | | | | | |
| Ralli's No. 7070/9090 | 27 | ×18 | 4 | 14 | 0 |
| No. 61/81 | | „ | 4 | 9 | 0 |
| No. 1850 | | „ | 3 | 14 | 0 |
| „ No. 1900 | | „ | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| „ No. 2600 | | „ | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| „ No. 21021 | | „ | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| „ No. 29930 T. B. | 38 | ×22 | 7 | 4 | 0 |
| Graham's Nos. 88/8888 | 28 | ×18 | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| „ No. 95950/97970 Saraswati | 33 | ×18 | | | |
| „ Tipoo W/WWW | 34 | ×18 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| „ No. 50000 | | „ | 6 | 14 | 0 |
| „ No. 33340/33350/33360 | | „ | 7 | 6 | 0 |
| Lyon's No. 454 5/5656 6767 | 26 | ×18 | | | |
| Greaves' No. 30000/50000 „ No. 8000 T. B. | 38 | ×22 | | | |
| Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510 5520 | 26 | ×18 | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| S. W. Co's. Nos. 5800/ 5820 "Motor Car" | | | 4 | 10 | 0 |

**The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.**

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

### SIR A. MONDS VIEW

A "Times of Ceylon" cable, dated London, April 11, states:—Sir Alfred Mond, interviewed on his return from India, said he was struck by the rapidity with which the members of the Assembly had assimilated an entirely strange procedure. In fact, they had become quite good Parliamentarians. He expressed the opinion that the real problems of India were much more economic than political, and what they wanted was to raise the standard of living. The serious problem in India, as in many other countries, was how to increase and improve the agricultural output and a great deal wanted doing in the way of agricultural research. People, he added, ought not to be too much impressed by all the statements of the Swarajists, because, like all political parties they had to put their opinions rather higher than they themselves put them.—"Madras Mail."


# ACCORDIONS OR MELODIONS

—:o:—

S. ROSE & Co. Ltd. have a large and varied assortment of these very popular Instruments. Below are a few:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. YXR | VIENNA PATTERN. Size 10×10,10 keys, 3 Basses 2 Sets of Reeds | Rs. | 25 0 |
| „ YXY | „ „ „ „ „ 4 „ „ | „ | 28 0 |
| „ YGX | „ „ „ 11×12, 21 „ 8 „ 4 „ „ | „ | 65 0 |
| „ HGR | HOHNER MEDIUM ACCORDEON. Size 10×10 2 Rows of Reeds, 2 Stops, 8 fold Bellows | „ | 28 0 |
| „ HEX | „ „ Size 11½×12, 3 Stops, 3 Rows of Reeds, 9 fold Bellows | „ | 35 0 |
| „ UHR | „ CHROMATIC ACCORDEON, 9×12, 19keys 4 Basses, 2 Stops 2 Rows of Reeds, 9 fold Bellows | „ | 45 0 |
| „ YLH | „ VIENNA CHROMATIC, 12×11, 21keys 12 Basses, 4 Sets of Reeds, 14 fold Bellows. | „ | 75 0 |

## MOUTH HARMONICAS

Only Best Grades in Stock

| | | Rs. As. | | | Rs. As. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boy Scouts | 10 Single Holes 20 Reeds | 1 0 | Brass Band | 10D/Holes 40 Reeds | 3 12 |
| Marine Band | „ „ | 1 8 | Double Anchor | 28 „ | 1 12 |
| Trumpet Call | „ „ | 1 8 | Regulation | 1x 28 „ | 1 8 |
| Star Vamper | „ „ | 0 14 | Echo | 14 28 „ | 1 12 |
| Virtuoso | „ „ | 1 8 | Diapason | 16 32 „ | 2 0 |
| Drum Major | „ „ | 1 0 | „ „ | 20 40 „ | 2 12 |
| Hohner Band | „ „ | 1 8 | GOLIATH | Rs. 3/12, 5/8 and 6/8 | |

# AUTOHARPS

The "POPULAR" MODEL 6 Chords 25 Strings 17 8
"LA MARGUERITE" „ 20 0
"EXCELSIOR" 9 Cords 32 „ 32 8
"W..GNER" Chromatic 37 „ 52 8

*FULL LIST POST FREE ON APPLICATION.*

S. ROSE & Co., Ltd.

RAMPART ROW, FORT, .. .. BOMBAY.

Telegrams:— "ROSEBUD," BOMBAY.



Austin

TWELVE 2-4 Seater

The advantage of the Austin Two-Four Seater is its ingenious seating arrangements. Behind the main seats are two detachable auxiliaries, which also are covered by the hood when raised. This protects the outside passengers from the glaring sun.

You can motor wherever you please whether the roads are rough or smooth and if you want to know what real motoring comfort is take a demonstration in the "Austin Twelve."

BUY AN AUSTIN AND BANISH CARE.

*SOLE AGENTS:—*

The Automobile Co. Ltd.

5-12, QUEEN'S ROAD, BOMBAY.

Telephone: No 22180. Telegrams: Aeroplane. Bombay



# TILES

RED HEXAGONAL

*from the*

Best and Well-known Italian Manufacturers for

FLOORING

RESIDENCES, SCHOOLS, CHURCHES.

SHOWROOMS, etc., etc.

(Used by the P. W. D.)

Always in Stock. Send your Inquiries

MOTILAL MOOLCHAND & CO.,

12, Bank Street, Fort.



No. 8, Waterloo Mansions. Opp. Museum West, BOMBAY.

THE ONLY PLACE in India where

HYDROCELE

Is Cured by Qualified Experts

CENT PER CENT

by painless methods not necessitating confinement to bed. Patients attend to their daily avocations while under treatment.

*Apply:*—ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIST

*N.B.*—If you hesitate in the least degree to secure the benefit of this treatment before undergoing it, why not bring your family Doctor with you to whom convincing proof will be adduced?

If You Require The Body Of

YOUR MOTOR CAR

REPAIRED

TO YOUR SATISFACTION

SEND IT TO

BARKER & HOOPER

(Coachbuilders, India) Ltd.

R. H. PARKER, General Manager.

FRENCH BRIDGE, BOMBAY. 'PHONE 41774.

KASHMIR GATE, DELHI. 'PHONE 1362.

Telegrams:—"COACHWORK".

Dr. DE JONGH'S

LIGHT-BROWN

COD LIVER OIL

Has for upwards of 70 years been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of **Consumption, Diseases** of the **Throat** and **Chest, Bronchitis, Asthma, Ailments** of **Children, Chronic Coughs** and **Colds,** and **all Wasting Diseases,** because it has the well-earned reputation of being **The Purest, Most Palatable, Most Easily Digested,** and **Most Speedily Efficacious.**

DR. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL is a Pure Natural Oil obtained only from fish caught in the region of the Lofoden Isles off the coast of Norway, and the greatest care has always been taken to ensure that no process in its preparation can conduce to the destruction either partial or total of the **Vitamines,** the abundance of which in Cod Liver Oil is responsible for the remarkable results achieved with it therapeutically. It is confidently thought that this is the sole reason why Dr. De Jongh's Oil has always been amongst the most highly recommended and the most highly valued preparation of this description.

Representatives in India: *Calcutta*: B. K. PAUL & CO. *Bombay*: LEVETUS LTD. *Madras*: WILSON & CO.

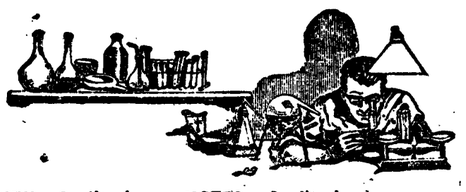
*Sole Proprietors:*

ANSAR HARFORD & CO. LTD

182 GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON, W.C.1

BEWARE OF FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS.

Reliable Preparations of Powell's Laboratories.



QUALITY: Quality is our MOTTO. Quality is the cream of milk of HUMAN KINDNESS essence of human service.

SYRUP HYPOPHOSPHITES COMP.

SYRUP HYPOPHOSPHITES COMPOUND: For clergymen, students, professional and Business men and all Brain workers.

It is a brain tonic, strengths the appetite, supplies Physical strength.

Powell's Syrup Hypophosphites Compound contains in an active and palatable form the Hypophosphate of Soda, Lime, Iron, Manganese, Quinine and Strychnia.

DR. EASTON'S SYRUP.

DR. EASTON'S SYRUP: This syrup is made from the best chemicals according to Dr. Easton's Formula.

It is a capital remedy and known throughout the world as a specific for General Debility, Mental and Physical Pressure of weakness.

CHEMICAL FOOD.

CHEMICAL FOOD: (Syrup of Phosphates of Iron, Lime Potash and Soda.) This preparation is largely prescribed for children; It is a valuable Tonic, pleasant to the taste, enri hes the blood thus assisting in the formation of bones and muscles.

Guaranteed to be prepared from the Purest Drugs only, and in strict accordance with the formula of the British Pharmacopœia.

Powell's Standard Preparations can be had at all Well-known Chemists and Stores.

N. POWELL & Co.

Manufacturing Chemists,

Lamington Road, BOMBAY.

## G. I. P. PUNJAB MAIL

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I crave your indulgence for a very small space in one of your valued columns in the interest of general travelling public.

The G.I.P. Punjab Mail—the name sounds very grand. The Royal Route to the North—it is so. The most accelerated and comfortable service—no one can deny this. Grand scenery en route—It is certainly Nature's gift. But all these for whom? For a very few business magnates on week-ends. For on week days this train carries mostly railway servants going on and off duty or availing themselves of the half-yearly passes or a few Military Officers or privates travelling at concession rates. The present financial stringency has taught many a passenger to pinch his comforts and hence the number of I and II class passengers is fast dwindling down and automatically raising the number of Inter and III class passengers. I have lately very carefully watched this train on its up and down journeys as a passenger as well as an onlooker and have come to the conclusion that to allow this train to run as hithertofore, viz., carrying I and II class passengers only would mean nothing but financial loss to the railway company.

If statistics are taken for a few days or a few weeks showing the ticket numbers of the passengers travelling either in the I class or in the II class, it will reveal that the whole number will not be even one-fourth of the full complement of passengers supposed to be carried by this train. The restaurant car bills showing the luncheons and dinners served during a day will, I am sure, corroborate the facts enumerated above.

It is, therefore, in the interest generally of the railway and particularly of the travelling public, suggested that a composite bogie, with an accommodation for Inter and III class passengers be attached to this train and in order to make up the loss in running time caused by the attached bogie, one of the two luggage vans be detached. This arrangement will not in any way hamper the smooth running of this premier train of the G. I. P. I hope that the railway authorities concerned will look into this matter and act up to the changed times.—Yours, etc.

S. S. S.

## AMENDMENT OF KARACHI PORT TRUST ACT, 1886.

### SELECT COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The following report of the Select Committee of the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay on the Bill further to amend the Karachi Port Trust Act, 1886, and the Bill as amended by the Select Committee, are, in accordance with Standing Order VIII, 7 (4) of the Bombay Legislative Council is published for general information in the Bombay Government Gazette:—

"We, the undersigned members of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. V of 1924 (A Bill further to amend the Karachi Port Trust Act, 1886), have the honour to report as follows:—

We have met four times and have considered the provisions of the Bill relating to (1) the number of trustees which should constitute the new Board, (2) the adequacy of the representation of Indian interests thereon, (3) the propriety of naming the Indian mercantile bodies to be given representation, and (4) the probability of some of the now existing mercantile bodies continuing to do so in the future.

We think that the Board should consist of 14 members, and that Indian interests are sufficiently represented by the provisions made to that end in the Bill. We have therefore made no fresh proposals on these two points. It was suggested that one of the trustees to be nominated by Government should be a representative of labour, but we have thought it best not to incorporate such a provision in the Bill.

We believe it is better to leave the selection of the Indian mercantile bodies which are to be given representation on the Board to Government: for the number and importance of these bodies has varied from time to time. Government will then be in a position to give such representation as may be necessary to the most important of them.

It has further been represented to us that these mercantile bodies are voluntary associations with no definite legal status, although facilities for registering such associations, at a nominal cost, already exist. We feel that it is fair to require that registration as a company or association should be necessary precedent to such bodies being given the right to elect a trustee or trustees to the Board, and have made provision to this effect in the new sub-section (2) to section 7 in clause 4 of the Bill.

The Act makes no definite provision for the following contingencies:—

(1) a trustee ceasing to be a member of the body by which he has been elected; and (2) the vacation of the seat of a trustee, in the event of the dissolution of the body which has elected him, during his term of office.

We think that both these cases should be provided for, and have proposed amendments to Section 15A of the Act to this effect, in a new clause 7.

We recommend that the Bill, as amended, should be translated into Marathi, Gujarati, Urdu and Sindhi, and should be published with the translations in the 'Bombay Government Gazette'"

(Signed) Cowasji Jehangir (Jr.), G. A. Thomas, V. A. Grantham, B. G. Pahaljani (subject to a minute of dissent), Lalji Naranji (subject to a minute of dissent), R. D. Shinde (subject to a minute of dissent), K. E. Dadachanji (subject to a minute of dissent), W. F. Hudson, Haji Abdoola Haroon (subject to a minute of dissent).

## JUBBULPORE HINDI MANDIR

(From a Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, April 14.

The well-known partriot of the Punjab Bhai Parmanand, the President-elect of the 4th Anniversary of the Rashtriya Hindi Mandir, Jubbulpore arrived here on the morning of the 11th instant. He was received on the plaform by prominent citizens of the town. He was taken in procession to Raja Gokuldas Palace where he is putting up during his stay. The anniversary began on 12th instant in Gopalniwas which was overcrowded by people. The audience mostly consisted of the intelligentia of the town. The proceedings began with songs by ladies and an address of welcome by the Chairman of the Reception Committee. Pundit Mankharkrishna Golwalker M.L.C. After the formal election of the President, Sjt. Baboo Govind Das, President of the institution read the report for the year.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

After the reading of the Report Bhai Parmanand rose to speak amidst deafening cheers. In his learned and eloquent style he dwelt upon the essentials of Nationalism and the place of Hindi in the evolution of the same. He ascribed the present state of the country to the doctrines of Buddhism which laid special stress in *vyakti* dharma, as opposed to the teachings of the ancient Aryan religion, which stood for national life and discouraged extreme asceticism culminating in national unmanliness. He drew graphic picture of the times when there were thousands of Hindus leading saintly lives preaching non-violence, giving food to fishes, milk to serpents but who could not save their mothers and sisters from the hordes of nomads who came down the Khaibar Pass and devastated their country. The speech lasted for an hour and was listened to with rapt attention.

Bhai Parmanand is to address a mass meeting on Hindu Sangathan in the evening. He will leave for Allahabad to-night.

## UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

### RESULTS OF ENGINEERING EXAMS.

I. F. E. EXAMINATION.

CLASS I (IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

V V Sathe, C R Desai.

CLASS II.

P S Abhyankar, P S Advani, Sattramdas D Advani, Shewak D Advani, V D Agashe, G V Apte, P J Bablani, G P Bhatt, H S Bhatt, P K Bhatt, D P Borkar, K B Carnac, S B Dalal, D P Dave, H M Engineer, D C Farasman, W A Ferrandee, G N Godse, J M Gupte, C L Jethani, N C Jhaveri, D J Joglekar, P K Joshi, C K Kansara, J V Karandikar, D B Katwala, C K Keswani, T P Keswani, T K Madhav, A N Magikar, C S Maikan, G K Manolikar, B K Mansheta, K C Mehta, W C A Moniz, I R Murjani, L V Parekh, T N Parekh, M L Parmar, R S Patankar, D V Patel, R J Patel, S P Patel, J B Sanjana, O T Shah, D P Shah, G P Shah, C M Shahani, K S Talvalkar, S G Telang, H S Tolani, G S Vaze.

PASS.

G M Apte, J T Asnani, W B Athavale, K Jhangiani, B S Jhasingani, J M U Mutilbani, S S Sathe, D S Shah, M J Shah, V J Shah, L T Sipahimalani, L P Solanki, G M Talati, B M Wadhwani, C G Wadhwani.

V V Sathe wins the Colonel Patrick French Scholarship.

C R Desai wins the Kahandas Mancharam Scholarship.

S. E. (CIVIL) EXAM.

CLASS I (IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

J M Rijwani, V N Adavi, J C Fernandes, B M Kamdar.

CLASS II.

G M Apté, J T Asnani, W B Athavale, K H Bana, D C R Baxter, N V Bhatlekar, T P Bolakani, B T Chhugani, A K Deshpande, B S Dholakia, A G Doshi, N S Gupchup, A B Haval, K R Irani, N L Itchhaporia, P G Joglekar, L V Joshi, J C Kakalia, L W Kale, S G Karmarkar, D T Kripalani, N B Kadalkar, V R Kulkarni, M L Lohe, M A Lokhande, R W Movlankar, A G Maydev, R G Mehendale, J P Parekh, R Reis, S S Sathe, H M Shahani, P N Soman, M K Vora, D W Watve.

PASS.

V P Limaye, N V Mody.

The following are entitled to keep terms for B. E. (Civil) Exam.:—

V H Dhamdhere, U N Mahida, S M Mehta, J M Mutilbani.

S. E. MECHANICAL.

CLASS II.

F A D'Souza, V R Marathe, J J Over, I M Patel, B V Thombre.

PASS.

K V Sahasrebudhi.

V V Sathe is entitled to keep terms for B. E. (Mech.) Exam.

B. E. (CIVIL.)

CLASS I.

S K Karandikar.

CLASS II.

H M Antani, N T Bhojwani, M B Chablani, P S Deo, C H Desai, E W S Duckett, D A Gadkari, M V Joshi, H V Katakkar, L N Kikeri, R H Kothari, V B Kudalkar, A G Naik, P P Parikh, R C Parikh, P O Patankar, R P Poojara, D G Rajadna, N R Ramchandani, D Y Rege, S R Risbud, B R Sant, J G Shah, K L Sheth, J H Talati.

PASS.

V N Bendre, K N Daruwala, R E Engineer, N M Khan, K A Noorani, B P Oka, A I Sher.

S. K. Karandikar wins the James Berkley Gold Medal and Prize.

A. G. Naik wins the Jamshedji Dorabji Naegamvala Prize.

B. E. (MECHANICAL).

CLASS II.

H P Chitari, G K Pradhan, M H Shah.

M H Shah wins the Merwanji Framji Panday Scholarship.

## ALL-INDIA AYURVEDIC CONFERENCE AT COLOMBO.

The General Secretary, All-India Ayurveda Mahamamdal, Madras writes:—

Vaidyaratha, Kaviraj Jogindranath Sen, M.A., Vidyabhushan of Calcutta, the President-elect of the above Conference will start from Calcutta on the 18th inst. and after halting at Madras and Madura will reach Colombo on the 24th inst. For the sake of the convenience of the delegates and other visitors intending to proceed to Colombo, I suggest that all of them can start from Madras Egmore on the 21st inst and arrangments will be made on that day by me in the Boat-Mail and the 2nd, Inter (available up to Dhanushkoti) and the 3rd Class if they inform me immediately remitting the charges (2nd class Rs. 46/1/3, Inter, up to Dhanushkoti, Rs. 17/14/6, and 3rd class Rs. 16/5/10) to get tickets to Colombo directly. The communication and the money should reach me on or before the 16th inst.

To meet Mr. Justice Rankin and the members of the Civil Justice Committee now sitting in Lahore, Mr. Bakshi Tek Chand, a leading Advocate of Lahore High Court, gave a garden party on Wednesday evening at his residence on Jail Road, Lahore, when a large number of guests responded to the invitation. Among those present were His Excellency the Governor, Chief Justice Sir Shadi Lal, Judges of the High Court, leading members of the Bar and prominent citizens of Lahore.—A. P.

*"Every Picture tells a Story."*

Many men and women with kidney complaint, do not know that their kidneys are diseased. This is serious, because the trouble is apt to be neglected until it reaches dangerous, and even incurable, stages.

Are you in doubt about yourself? Do you get a dull, burning pain in the back after slight exertion, or a sharp pain when straightening yourself or rising from a chair? Does every slight cold affect your kidneys, causing urinary disorders, chilly sensations and backache? Are you subject to rheumatic pains, neuralgia, headache, or dizzy spells? Do dropsical swellings come under your eyes, or affect your wrists and ankles? Does the heart act strangely?

Kidney trouble affects different people differently, but if you have any of these symptoms, do not risk another day's delay. Use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills to strengthen, tone and stimulate the kidneys and the bladder. No medicine has won more lasting success than Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

Glaxo
THE SAFEST FORM OF MILK FOR BABY
Glaxo is packed in a parchment bag inside a sealed, double-lidded tin. Untouched by hand, never exposed to the air, it is kept entirely free from contamination.

Use Glaxo for Cooking

With Glaxo in the house you are never without a supply of pure, fresh milk, milk that "keeps" in its tin, ready for use in any quantity at any time. Glaxo makes delicious coffee, cocoa and chocolate, milk-puddings, custards, blanc-manges, ice-cream, soups, sauces, and hundreds of appetising, nourishing dishes.

A lady from MHOW says: "I find that Glaxo and the many dishes made up from it are invaluable in a country like India where it is often difficult to get milk which one can accept as pure."

Everything you can do with ordinary milk you can do better with Glaxo, which is prepared in an instant by the addition of hot, boiled water.

Glaxo

*The Super-Milk*

For Infants, Growing Children, Invalids the Aged, and General Household Use

Tins of Glaxo specially packed for the Indian Market always bear the "Glaxo Baby" on the centre panel and the wording "for consumption in the tropics." The food contained in tins so marked is guaranteed fresh by the makers. To insure purchase any tins which do not bear the above trade mark and wording.

*Proprietors: Joseph Nathan & Co., Ltd. London & New Zealand.*

The latest Music can be heard month by month on

"His Master's Voice"

RECORDS

Be sure you have a Gramophone bearing the World famous Trademark

*Write for lists and name of nearest dealer.*

THE GRAMOPHONE COMPANY, LTD.

CALCUTTA 6, Post Box 48 No. 330 BOMBAY 28, Rampart Row

ELECTRIC MACHINERY

BAKUBHAI AMBALAL & Co.,

Examiner Press Building, Dalal Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

*Sole Agents for India of*

Messrs. Heemaf Mfg. Co.,

Holland.

Motors, Generators, Switchboards, Transformers.

SPARE PARTS in Stock Good Service

CABLES all Voltages, Copperwire

British Standards,

Watt Bulb Lamps.

*Please favour us with enquiries.*

Low prices, Best quality.

SUB-AGENTS WANTED

## HAIR BEAUTY

A pleasant, refreshing Tonic for the Hair of Women and Children.

FRENCH

**REGINA HAIR OIL**

is an excellent toilet preparation for those who desire to give their Hair careful attention and treatment. When the Hair begins to get thin or fall

(ASSORTED PERFUMED) REGINA HAIR OIL is needed.

It tends to cleanse the Scalp of dandruff to check the falling out of the Hair and to stimulate the growth of New hair. Keeps the Hair soft, smooth and lustrous, and exerts a beneficial influence on disorders of the scalp.

M. T. MADON & CO.,

(Corner Shop) Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

Renew Your STRENGTH and VIGOUR—to both BODY and MIND by taking

## Dr. (ADAM'S) BRAIN & NERVE TONIC PILLS

Speedy Cure for NERVOUS and FUNCTIONAL DEBILITY, PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION, ANAEMIA, LOSS of MEMORY BRAIN FAG, LOW SPIRITS, CONFUSION of IDEAS, LOSS of VIGOUR, NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, MUSCULAR and LOCAL WEAKNESS, PALPITATION NEURASTHENIA, PREMATURE DECAY, SLEEPLESSNESS and all other NERVOUS COMPLAINTS.

It thoroughly invigorates the BRAIN, NERVES and MUSCLES—communicates a healthy tone to the system and gives vigour to every organ excites appetite and prompts digestion of food, also increases the flow of generating secretions. Rs. 3-8-0 per bottle.

## Dr. ADAM'S AGUE SPECIFIC SURE RADICAL CURE FOR MALARIA, INFLUENZA, INTERMITTENT AND ALL SORTS OF FEVERS.

Sold by all well-known Chemists or Add. "THOUGHTS." **M. T. MADON & CO.** Crawford Market, (Corner Shop) BOMBAY. Phone No. 2232.

## BEAUTY HINTS.

Wash the Skin with good Skin-soap and warm water, dry thoroughly and apply the

PEROXIDE

**REGINA FACE CREAM**

with gentle massage. Every woman should know that "Regina Peroxide Cream" is a natural

BEAUTIFIER.

It is a delightfully perfumed Vanishing Cream of NON-GREASY TYPE.

It is a mild and soothing emollient for toning up the skin, keeping it smooth and free from blemish.

The Cream imparts to the complexion those desirable qualities so much sought by women of refinement, making the Skin clear, smooth and beautiful. It is highly recommended for sallowness, Roughness of the Skin, Pimples, freckles, etc.

Can be had only from:

CRAWFORD MARKET (Corner Shop)

M. T. MADON & CO., Bombay.

The Latest Vocal Hit

***"Sing along, Sambo"***

and

**"When you and I were dancing"**

on

**"His Master's Voice"**

Record, No. B 1755, Rs. 3-8

*Can be procured from any authorised dealer*



# Wonderful Discoveries.

**The following are the wonderful discoveries of Kavi Vinod, Vaidya Bhushan, Pandit Thakur Datta Sharma Vaidya, the well known Ayurvedic Physician of Northern India, the editor of three medical journals and author of 40 medical books.**

:o:

**AMRITDHARA.**

A cure-all household preparation, a boon to humanity. Price Rs. 2-8 sample Annas 8.

**ASUGARI.**

The only radical cure for Diabetes of all forms. Price Rs. 4, sample Re. 1.

**PHOOLO-PHALO.**

When the child is rickety and growing weak and weak every day, the medicine is rubbed on its back, some worms come out of the back and the child is cured. Price Rs. 5; from the poor Re. 1, but Rs. 100 from wealthy people, sample is given Rs. 2.

**AKSIR NO. 50.**

Not one of the best but the best of all Tonic preparations yet known to the world. Price Rs. 7, for 15 Pills.

**SHAPCHACH.**

Cures fistula and internal ulcers by use through mouth only. Price Rs. 2 per phial.

**BRAMHAPUTRA RAS.**

Ladies whose children die after certain age must take this medicine during pregnancy and by the Grace of God the child will survives. Price Rs. 10 for the whole course.

**MADHAT.**

This is a medicine which knowingly or unknowingly given in the Liquor produces dislike and hatred for the same and the user gives it up. Price Rs. 2, only for public good.

**BALA-DOOR.**

By the use of this medicine the habit of opium is totally given up without any inconvenience. Price Rs. 1-8 per Phial.

POSTAL & TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: **"Amritdhara"** 13, Lahore.

BOMBAY AGENTS: Gulam Hussain V. Devji, Hirji Mansion, Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY 4.

THE MANAGER, **Amritdhara Pharmacy.** Amritdhara Building, Amritdhara Road. Amritdhara Post Office } **LAHORE.**


## KHADI DEVELOPMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The more I think of unemployment in Bombay, even amongst the lower middle class of people trained to the labour of the desk, the more I think of the Productive system of Khadi movement, and how it could give relief to thousand's of Educated people who are thrown out of employment, and also give work to hundreds of workmen who are used to Industrial labour. What is wanted now, is practical work, by starting the non-official Co-operative Development Trust and under its auspices, to start a Non-official Industrial Co-operative Society, a Bombay Clerical Welfare Society, and an Orphans' Relief Society, for promoting "Non-credit Organisation." May I therefore appeal to patriotic people give timely aid enabling us to convene and meet cost of meetings to place before the public the immense advantages to be derived from "Co-operative Philanthropic movement", as distinct from the existing system of co-operative credit movement. Enthusiastic workers are not lacking for the propaganda work. Lectures may be delivered in English, Marathi, Gujarathi, Hindi, Urdu, Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Kanarese and Konkani by men who are prepared to serve wtihout receiving any monthly payment in order to spread Khadi and get rid of unemployment.—Yours, etc.,

NARAYEN RAO KULKARNY.

## B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY ADVISORY BOARD.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As a result of the recommendations of the Railway Commission, the B. B. & C. I. Railway has set up an Advisory Board to help them relieve the hardships experienced by the public in the Railway traffic. The Board consists of one representative each from the Bombay Legislative Council, the Bombay Municipal Corporation, the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, and Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Bombay Mill-Owners' Association, with the Railway Agent as the Chairman of that Board. The above representatives will have to co-opt three more persons to the Board. Accordingly, the Indian Passengers' and Traffic Relief Association made a representation to the authorities to co-opt one of their representatives to the Board, but though the Agent agreed with the proposal he has explained away the absence of the Association's representative stating that since Mr. J. G. Nensey, the Secretary of the Association is already sitting in the Board as a representative of the Corporation the purpose of the Association has already been served and hence there is now no need for another direct representative from the Association. But, Sir, supposing to-morrow Mr. Nensey resigns his secretaryship in the Association or say the Corporation sends another person to the Board, then where is the force in the Agents' contention? Is it right for the Agent to lay a general rule out of a stray and accidental incidents? Is it not an injustice if the Agent, when he agrees in principle of the representation of the Association, refuses to act upto it in practice? May we not hope that the Agent will soon set right this injustice.—Yours, etc.,

C. V. P. SHIVAM.

## WOES OF THIRD CLASS PASSENGERS

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—On the 6th April, I happened to travel from Poona to Bombay by the three o'clock express. There was a tremendous rush of third class passengers at the Poona Booking Office. There were hardly five miutes for the departure of the train and yet as many as 20 passengers were waiting for tickets. The Booking clerk was giving tickets at his convenience and was making full use of his authority. There was so much pressing that one passenger actually fainted and lost all the money he had in his hand for buying the ticket; with great difficulty the crowd was broken and the unfortunate passenger dragged to a breezy place. There was no police nor any body to render any help to the passenger. Really it is a disgrace that occurrences like this should happen on a Station like Poona. Cannot the authorities open two Booking offices on crowded days? Will the authorities make proper and adequate arrangements for the convenience of the passengers who are men like themselves and not beasts. It has been brought more than once to the notice of the G.I.P. authorities that the treatment meted by them and their staff to the passengers was really deserving censure. They cannot ignore the fact that a large portion of their gross earnings are from the fares paid by the IIIrd class passengers.

Will some Councillor plead the cause of the suffering IIIrd class passengers and get them better treatment?

If the G.I.P. authorities do not heed the grievances, I wish a campaign is soon started to bring them to their senses.—Yours, etc.

PUBLIC RIGHT.


# SAVED FROM THE GRAVE.

I am neither an advertising physician nor a doctor of medicines but an ordinary clerk. In the prime of youth I unfortunately suffered a breakdown. I secretly sent for medicine from all the famous physicians whose grandiloquent advertisements resounded in the newspaper world. To my ill-luck, despair and disappointment stared me in the face wherever I looked until I began to prefer death to life. The wheel of fortune, however, took a new revolution and I was suddenly called upon in July, 1901, to undertake in connection with my employment a very dreary journey to Nepal which, dotted over with short breaks in the way, took me thirteen days to reach Khatmandoo, where I put in a Caravan serai. Ad joining to my room there had sojurned a day or two previously an angel-looking hermit who enquired from me the nature of my illness in such a loving tone that I was coaxed into a reluctant exposure of my long-hidden secret.

Taking pity upon me he scratched out two prescriptions and in accordance with his directions I prepared from herbs and vegetables some tonic pills and a liniment for massage.

## God the Witness.

Only a week's treatment cured me of all the complaints that had made my life so burdensome that I looked upon suicide as the only avenue of escape from this "living death." Although by virtue of this short treatment I could find it too hard to restrain myself, yet in consequence of the strict surveillance that my benefactor so very kindly exercised over me I was obliged to observe the necessary prevention and to undergo the full course of treatment for 21 days which gave such a manly vigour to my deranged nervous system. After the completion of my mission there I reached home and experimented the remaining medicine upon some other hopeless cases and found it infallible remedy for all sorts of nervine diseases and every kind of general physical debility. On the persistent demands of some of my prudent and philanthropic friends and with a view to public weal I advertised this medicine. The price advertised hardly covers the expenses of its preparation and of enormously vast advertising operation.

| PRICE | Rs. |
|---|---|
| 1 Phial of liniment | 2-8 } excluding Postal |
| 1 box of Pills | 1-8 } expenses, i. e., As. 5. |

Price 1 full box containing 1 phial of liniment and three boxes of pills Rs. 7/- and Rs. 9/- for foreign including transit expenses.

Nervous weakness can be cured by one full box containing 3 boxes of pills and 1 phial of liniment but an ordinary debility can be rectified by 1 phial of liniment and 2 boxes of pills which contain 28 doses for 14 days.

The medicine is absolutely free from all Poisonous or Mercurial elements and will cause no skin eruption to appear on the place massaged.

**TESTIMONIALS.**

Dear Sir,

Your medicine has given me a complete cure, so kindly send the same for this friend of mine by V. P. P. at your earliest convenience and oblige.

B. CHIMROO LAL,
Moghal Sarai.

Dear Sir,

I sincerely appreciate your medicine. It has no doubt given me good result.

JSIPUT USD GEORGE MEHRA,
Madura District, South India.

Dear Sheikh Sahib,

Your medicine has proved me a panacea and no other medicine stands its equal. Kindly send me 6 phials more by V. P. P. and oblige.

MOHD ABDUL KARIM,
Ufzalganj.

Dear Ghulam Ahmed Sahib,

Your meicine did me untold benefit.

SYED HUSSAIN ZAFFERIEN,
Persian Trading Coy,
Sg. Tnser Street, Rangoon.

Dear Sir,

Really your pills have proved beneficial. Please send me three bottles of pills

J. SHAHBAZ KHAN,
Gujranwala.

COMMUNICATIONS TO BE ADDRESSED TO—

**SHEIKH GHULAM AHMED, Pir Gilanian, St. 73,**
LAHORE. 3



# ASTHMA

RADICAL AND SURE CURE.
OF 26 YEARS' FAME ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE NATIONAL ECHO.

Calcutta—Saturday, July 26, 1920. Page 4. from our own correspondent.

A useful remedy for Asthma has been discovered by a local philanthropist. The gentleman is one J.P. Ray who has cured a friend of mine from this fearful malady. His medicine is simple and as it is an improvement upon the existing systems of treatment which afford at least temporary relief it is well worth trying. And I am sure this information if properly utilised will be a blessing to many a desperate soul.

Present address:—
J.P. Ray K.P. Ray, Dept. 5, Benares City. (2)



## COOKSON & Co., Ltd.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE. ENGLAND
(Established 1704.)

MANUFACTURERS OF:—

PIG LEAD —'B F M' Brand guaranteed 99.75% pure. Cookson's Superfine Metallic, guaranteed 99.99% pure.

SHEET LEAD —Chemical installations guaranteed 99.99% pure.

LEAD PIPES —guaranteed 99.99% pure. All sizes Manufactured.

ANTIMONY —'C' Brand, guaranteed 99.6% pure Best in the World

TYPE METALS—Very highest grade. Special metals for Linotype, Stereo Type, and Mono Type Machines.

EVERY OUNCE CARRIES

DEFINITE QUALITY cacc COOKSON'S

THE COOKSON GUARANTEE OF QUALITY.

SOLE SELLING AGENTS:—

**HOARE, MILLER & Co., Ltd.**

COMMERCE HOUSE, CURRIMBHOY RD
BALLARD ESTATE—30M 34Y.
5 FAIRLIE PLACE—CALCUTTA.



## WONDERFUL FORETELLING.

Events for one year with a full character sketch costs Re. 1 only. First part life reading in 10 items (finance, marriage, profession) etc., costs Rs. 10 only. State time and date of either birth or of writing letter. Mr. Placid A. Souis writes from Nuwara Eliya Ceylon, "I have also tried another Astrologer in Holland but I had not in my lifetime experienced a better Astrologer than you. Apply to THE EASTERN ASTROLOGICAL HALL, Vizagapatam.

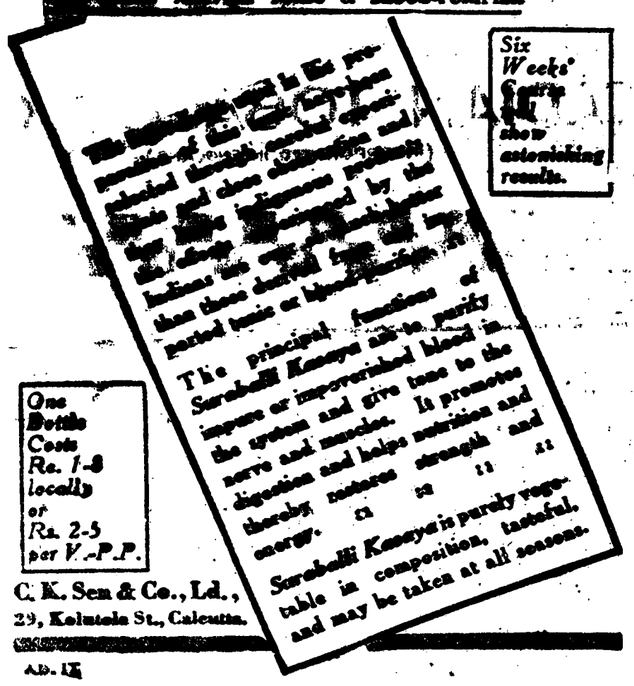
"LATEST INVENTION"
ELECTRIC HEATERS
AND
CIGAR LIGHTERS
Have a Cup of Tea in 2 Minutes.
Light your Cigarette in a Second.
SAFE, RELIABLE
AND
NO TROUBLE.
America-India Export & Import Co.,
Lohar Chaul, BOMBAY.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture.
THE tried specific for Ague, Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price As. 12.
KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY.
Karnik's AGUE Mixture.

NERVINUS
This marvellous Elixir with Gold and other highly valuable and efficacious drugs acts as the best blood purifier and tonic for rundown nerves, sexual or nervous debility, seminal weakness and prostration arising out of youthful abuses or excesses indicated in total or partial impotency; Liver and Kidney troubles; *Female weakness;* and troubles; Anaemia and loss of weight; Convalescence; Constipation and Dyspepsia, Brain-fag of students, lawyers, sportsmen and brain workers. Used in conjunction with *Musk Liniment* for local weakness it produces most desirable and permanent effect. It removes promptly heat lassitude in the summer of the Tropics. Testimonial Booklet sent free. Nervinus with gold for month's use Rs. 5 per bottle. Liniment Rs. 2-8. Both together Rs. 7. V. P. Charges extra.
Behar Chemical Works, Bhagalpur or obtain direct from agents THOMSON & TAYLOR Ltd., Bombay and Poona; & TREACHER & Co., Bombay and Mahabaleshwar; and CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

MORINAGA CONFECTIONARY
DEMAND
MORINAGA
"PEACE"
SPECIALITY
RUN TO
STOCKISTS :—
Messrs. ABDULHUSSEIN NAZARALLY & Co.,
7, [illegible], BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS —
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA LTD.

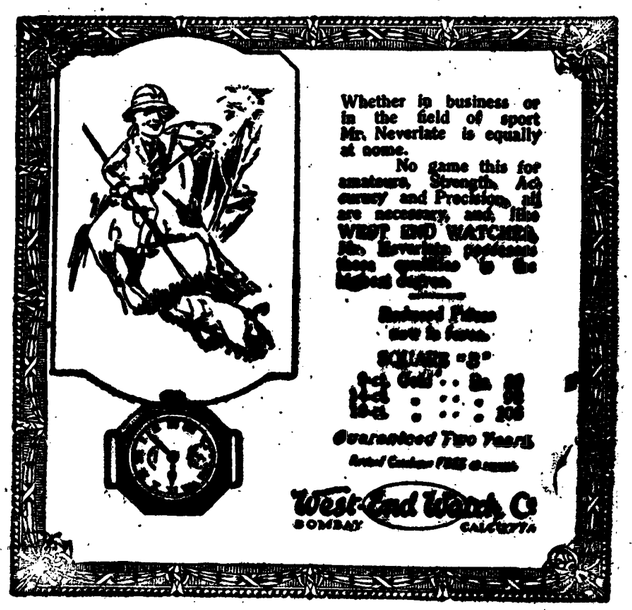
—and our
"AMULET"
Glare - protector
does effectually screen the eyes from the sun's glare. Moreover, it gives a bright and delightful rendering of nature's colours.
LAWRENCE & MAYO, Ltd.
[illegible]

Suraballi Kasaya

The principal functions of Suraballi Kasaya are to purify impure or impoverished blood in the system and give tone to the nerve and muscles. It promotes digestion and helps nutrition and thereby restores strength and energy. It is purely vegetable in composition, tasteful, and may be taken at all seasons.
Six Weeks' Cure
show astonishing results.
One Bottle Costs Re. 1-8 locally or Rs. 2-5 per V.-P.P.
C. K. Sen & Co., Ld.,
29, Kolutola St., Calcutta.
AD. IX

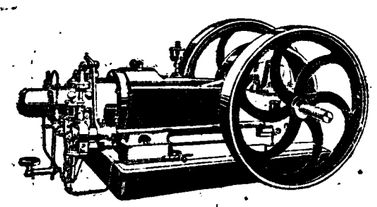
KURWA & KAJIJI,
Shipchandlers, Ironmongers & Contractors.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Engineers' & Contractors'
TOOLS
of every description.
Inquiries and correspondence invited.
OFFICE AND SHOWROOM :
142-44 Abdul Reheman St., BOMBAY.
Telegram : KAYENKAY.
Telephone No. 2063
EARTH AUGER

Bosch

WE ARE AGENTS
EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES
NEW QUEENS ROAD BOMBAY.
PROPRIETORS RANE LTD.
EVERY GENUINE ARTICLE MUST BEAR NAME ROBERT BOSCH & FOLLOWING


Whether in business or in the field of sport Mr. Neverlate is equally at home.
No game this for amateurs. Strength, Accuracy and Precision, all are necessary, and like WEST END WATCHES, Mr. Neverlate replaces [illegible] by the latest improved [illegible]
Reduced Prices now in force.
SQUARE "S"
Guaranteed Two Years.
West End Watch Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

ZANGI Rs. 6-4
Latest Improved Fountain Pen never leakes, blots or stops and always runs smooth on any paper.
Order any style V. P. on 7 days approval Calender Clip annas 8 a doz. ZANGI Inklets As. 8 Pens Repaired and Exchanged ZANGI PEN AND INK MANUFACTURING Co. 19 Nai Sarak, DELHI TESTIMONIALS—ZANGI has faultlessly and faithfully served me for the last 5 or 6 years—Budh Ballah, Accountant, Naini Tal 2. ZANGI bought in 1917 works very satisfactorily even now.' Please send one more ZANGI, Medium Broad—S. G Pillai Munteon, Madras Presidency.
3. The 3 ZANGI pens have proved to be of very good type workmanship. Please send per return 2 more—W. F. 3. Gorse Railway Stores Iraq.

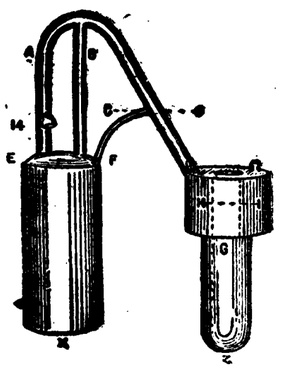
MACHINERY AND STORES
Oil Engines, Lathes, Drilling, Milling and Screwing Machines, Pumps, Electric Lighting and Pumping sets, Grinding, Motor and Oil Mills, Saw Benches, Rolling Mills, Fly Presses, Blowers, Forges, Workshop Tools, Etc., Etc., in Stock.

CLUBWALLA & Co.,
10, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

TAILORS
For the coming season we are showing new stocks, woollen, silk, and cotton.
Cut and Fit Guaranteed.
A. R. ABDURREHMAN & CO.
Gents' Tailors and Outfitters.
44, Churchgate Street, Fort,


Digitized by the Digital Library for Indian History with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

# ICE.

**Pure Ice without Ether or Ammonia, made at home simply with Fire.**



**FIRST COST IS THE ONLY COST.**

APPLY FOR FREE LIST TO

**ALEX. BRAULT.**

(Established at Calcutta since 1886.)
7-1, Wellesley Place, Calcutta,
SOLE AGENT FOR THE EAST FOR MANY NOVELTIES.

**TITO-LANDI LAMPS**

OBTAINED THE GOLD MEDAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1923.

**FLAMME BLEUE**

PETROL AND KEROSINE STOVES OBTAINED THE GOLD MEDAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION 1923.

**PREMIUM BONDS.**

BOOKLET Posted free on Application.

# TATLER

## VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

PER TIN OF 25 EIGHT ANNAS

PER PACKET OF 10 THREE ANNAS

ARCADIAN TOBACCO Co Ltd

# NATIONAL INSURANCE CO LTD

**LIFE**
DHURANDHAR BROS.
RUSTOMJEE BUILDING,
Parsi Bazar Street,
FORT, BOMBAY.
*CHIEF AGENTS.*

**FIRE**
DHURANDHAR BROS.
AGENTS,
A. P. WOUTERSEY & Co.,
12, Tamarind Lane,
FORT, BOMBAY.
*AGENTS.*

## India Equitable Insurance Co., Ltd.

*HEAD OFFICE :—*
1, LALL BAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA.

**UNDOUBTEDLY THE BEST LIFE INSURANCE CO. of about its age.**

The last reversionary bonus declared to its policyholders rises to Rs. 28 per annum for each Rs. 1,000 assured.

Mr. George King, F.F.A., F.I.A., (London)—one of the greatest living Actuaries of London—in congratulating the Policyholders and Shareholders of the Company on the result of the last Valuation says :—
"The very satisfactory position which the Valuation discloses."

WANTED AGENTS on Commission and allowance on guaranteed business.

*For further particulars, proposal forms and terms of Agency, please apply to :*

THE INDIAN PRODUCTS SUPPLYING AGENCY LTD.
*Local Secretaries*—79, Medows Street, Bombay.
[P. CHAUDHURI, Secretary, Head Office, CALCUTTA.

# JUST OUT

## THE LATEST FOX-TROTS

**Played by Famous Dance Orchestras,**

Maggie! Yes Ma'am, Little Butterfly,
Cut yourself a piece of cake,
Tell me a story, Bajadere,
I love you, O! Harold!
When June comes along with a song,

on

## "His Master's Voice" Records

Call at any authorised dealers and hear these and many others.

The Gramophone Company, Ltd.

Post Box 43 CALCUTTA
Post Box 116 BOMBAY
No. 328.

# RIDE A BICYCLE!

but be sure it is fitted with

# DUNLOP TYRES

"A tyre for every purse and purpose"

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL DEALERS.

SWADESHI **SANDAL SOAP** PEERLESS

Made by Mysore Government Soap Factory.
The best for cleaning and beautifying the skin.
Prevents prickly heat, skin eruptions, etc., in hot weather.
Sold by all respectable dealers.

*Agents for :*—Bombay Presidency and Northern India—

**Messrs. RAMJANALLY EBRAHIM AND Co.**
Princess Street, Mangaldas Road, BOMBAY.

**"OMEGA"**

The watch of matchless merit is appreciated in both HEMISPHERES.

**Discount 15 %**

See our New REDUCED PRICE LIST.
*SOLE AGENTS:*—
**ABRECHT & Co.,**
Opp: Whiteaway's, 289 Hornby Road, Bombay.

**SENTA** NON-FOLDING NON-COLLAPSIBLE **VISIBLE**

COMBINED OFFICE AND PORTABLE TYPEWRITER.
Price Rs. 180/- net.
*Sole Agents:* **S. NAVALKAR & SONS,** Bombay 2 & Poona.


Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co. Ltd., by MARMADUKE PICKTHALL (Editor) at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.